

Ramsey County and the 2020 Census: Final Update

Ramsey County Board Workshop November 24, 2020



Agenda

- Introduction: Elizabeth Tolzmann, Director of Policy and Planning
- Report on 2020 Census Engagement: Jolie Wood, Senior Policy Analyst
 - Background and Context
 - Key Approaches
 - Outcomes: Self-Response Rates Show Success
 - Next Steps



Purpose of Workshop

- Provide a final update on the 2020 Census work
- Share progress and highlights of this work
- Inform County Board of next steps



Background and Context

- November 2019 board workshop.
- Several factors gave this work new urgency:
 - Citizenship question.
 - High proportions of historically undercounted communities.
 - Minnesota at risk of losing 8th congressional seat.
 - COVID-19 and social unrest → outreach more difficult.



Background and Context, cont.

- March 2020: Mailings, paper questionnaires went out.
- COVID-19 delayed door-knocking from May to August.
- Census Bureau announced extension of count to Oct. 31;
 asked Congress to extend apportionment deadline to April 30.
- Trump Admin initially supported extension, later refused.
- Confusion and court battles have ensued.
- Counting operations ended Oct 15.
 - Bureau has 2.5 months for data processing instead of 5.
- Trump Admin effort to exclude undocumented persons from final apportionment count—court challenges continue.



Shifting Timeline

Activity	Original Timeline	First COVID Timeline	Final COVID Timeline
Self-response	Mar 12 – Jul 31	Mar 12 – Oct 31	Mar 12 – Oct 15
Nonresponse Follow- Up (door-knocking)	May 13 – Jul 31	Aug 11 – Oct 31 (later Sep 30)	Aug – Oct 15
Deliver apportionment count to White House	Dec 31	Apr 31	Dec 31
Amount of time for data processing and tabulation	5 months	6 months	2.5 months



Key Strategies for a Complete Count

- 1. Complete Count Committee as a central coordinating network, in partnership with City of Saint Paul.
- 2. Support community outreach with grant agreements for engagement.
- 3. Early and close coordination with other local governments and others.



Census care-package drop off by FIRM (photo by FIRM)



Canvassers from Restoration for All (photo by REFA)



1. Complete Count Committee (CCC) as a Central Coordinating Network

- Successful co-leadership with Saint Paul.
- 15 meetings since October 2018.
- Participation by community-based organizations, individuals, other local governments and agencies.
- Coordination, communication, and resource-sharing.
- Feedback from final meeting:
 - What went well:
 - · Working through organizations based in undercounted communities.
 - County and city providing resources and coordination.
 - What could be better next time:
 - Need funding and resources earlier, including more language resources.
 - Support for maintaining current network for 2030.



2. Support community outreach with grant agreements for engagement

- For census and voter engagement in historically undercounted/under-represented communities
- 2019: \$50,400 to 10 organizations
- 2020: \$87,000 to 17 organizations (below)
- Asian American Organizing Project
- Center for Hmong Arts and Talent
- Comunidades Organizando el Poder y la Acción Latina
- Concerned Parents CCC
- Filipinx for Immigrant rights & Racial justice Minnesota (FIRM)
- Frogtown Tuned-In (WFNU Radio)
- Hispanic Advocacy and Community Empowerment through Research
- Irreducible Grace Foundation

- Karen Organization of Minnesota
- League of Women Voters St. Paul
- Malone Group LLC
- Minnesota Billboard Project
- MJ Consulting
- Planting People Growing Justice
- Resources, Justice & Management
- Restoration for All Inc.
- The ANIKA Foundation/Black Votes Matter



Census and Voter Engagement





Above: HACER at Burrito Mercado (photo by HACER).

Right: Concerned Parents CCC at Conway Community Center (photo by CPCCC).



Grantees Report Extensive Outreach

Activity	Estimated People Reached
Virtual/community events	37,555
Digital engagement (social media & video)	2,033,776
Tabling or canvassing	20,855
Phone-banking	18,950
Census/voter registration assistance	392
Radio PSAs	20,000
TV/Radio interviews	13,000
Walk-ins	250
Billboards	760,599
Newpaper articles/op-eds	571,000

Languages: English, Spanish, Hmong, Karen, Tagalog, Yoruba, Igbo, Pidgin English, French, Kpelle (Liberia), Swahili, and more.



Grantees Were Critical Partners

Presenters:

- Hta Thi Yu Moo (Karen Organization of Minnesota)
- Monica Jones (MJ Consulting)
- Rodolfo Gutierrez (Hispanic Advocacy and Community Empowerment through Research)



Hta Thi Yu Moo



Monica Jones



Rodolfo Gutierrez



3. Early and Close Coordination with Other Local Governments, etc.

- Began building network early: April 2018
- Regular meetings with St. Paul, Minneapolis, Hennepin, State Demographic Center
- Coordination and resource sharing with Census Bureau's local partnership coordinators
- Quarterly meetings with nonprofit community and broader metro local governments since Dec 2018.
- Resource and information sharing, coordination, commiseration and celebration.

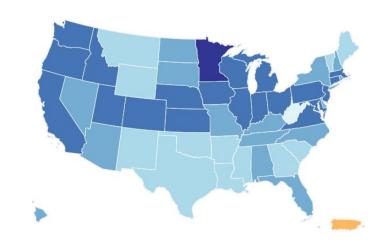


Outcomes: Self-Response Rates Show Success

Self-response rates are the best indicator of our success.

Self-Response Rates, % households

	2020	2010
Ramsey County	79.1	75.6
Minnesota	75.1	74.1
United States	67.0	66.5

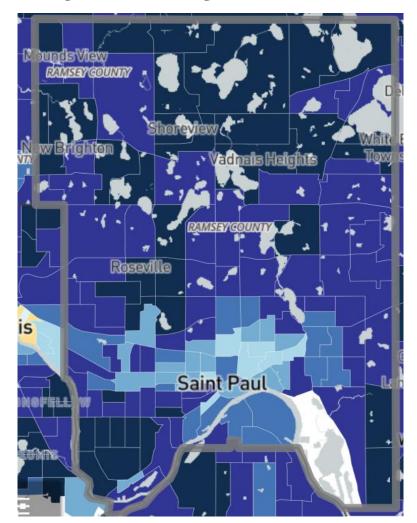


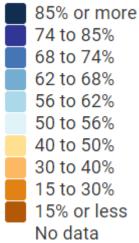
- Census Bureau reports 99.9% "enumerated."
 - Does not mean 99.9% people counted.
 - Includes households reached by census takers, households not reached and counted "administratively," and addresses deemed vacant.



Overall, Ramsey County Did Well

- Self-response: 79.1%
- 9th in US among counties over 500k
- Highest self-response:
 92.8% in tract 407.06
 (north of Turtle Lake)
- Lowest self-response: 57% in tract 337 (near University Ave. and N. Marion St.)





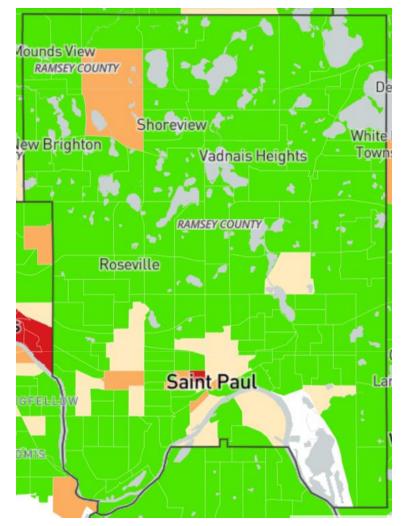
Source: CUNY
Mapping Service
at the Center for
Urban Research,
CUNY Graduate
Center

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Most Census Tracts at or Above 2010 Rate

- 2020 rate is less than 2010 by 10+ points
- 5-10 points below
- Up to 5 points below
- 2020 rate at or above 2010
- No comparable 2010 rate

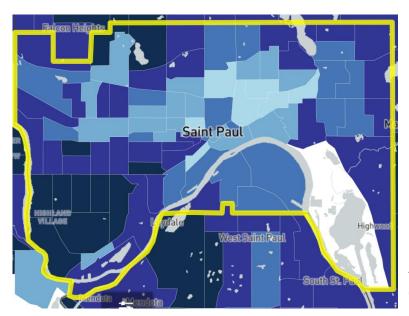


Source: CUNY Mapping Service at the Center for Urban Research, CUNY Graduate Center



St. Paul had Strong Response Overall – and Some Undercounted Areas

- At 75%, 5th highest in US among cities over 300k
- County's lowest self-response tracts were in St. Paul: Summit-University, Frogtown, North End, East Side

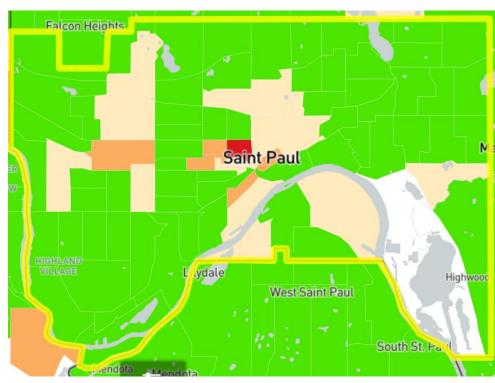


Source: CUNY Mapping Service at the Center for Urban Research, CUNY Graduate Center



Most Saint Paul Census Tracts Did Better, Some Did Worse

- 10+ points below 2010: One tract near University and Marion (57% vs. 69%)
- 5-10 points below: University-Dale, Hamline-Midway
- Up to 5 points below: Hamline corridor, parts of North End, Thomas-Dale, West Side, Battle Creek, Merriam Park
- At or above 2010: Some areas of concern did better, including Dayton's Bluff, most of East Side, Southeast, and Sunray



Source: CUNY Mapping Service at the Center for Urban Research, CUNY Graduate Center



The 2020 Census is Not Over

- Data processing and tabulation are underway.
- On Nov. 30, Supreme Court will review Trump Admin plan to exclude undocumented from apportionment.
- Apportionment count due to White House Dec. 31; SC decision could affect how seats are apportioned.
- Congress unlikely to extend deadline to April 30.
- Less time to process data; widespread concerns re: accuracy.
- Will MN keep its 8th congressional seat? Should know after start of new congressional session.
- Local population data released 120 days after apportionment count—then redistricting begins.



Next Steps

- Continue to analyze feedback from CCC, data from grant reports.
- Document work of last two years.
- Create broad strategy and timeline for 2030.
- Maintain relationships with community groups.