



2019 FACT SHEETS

Developed by the Research and Evaluation Unit

For more information, contact:

Leah Bower, Supervisor, Research and Evaluation Unit

leah.bower@co.ramsey.mn.us

Notes: These fact sheets use data from CSTS, S³, Rite Track, RAI, and OMS

Data was retrieved in February 2020

Published April 2020

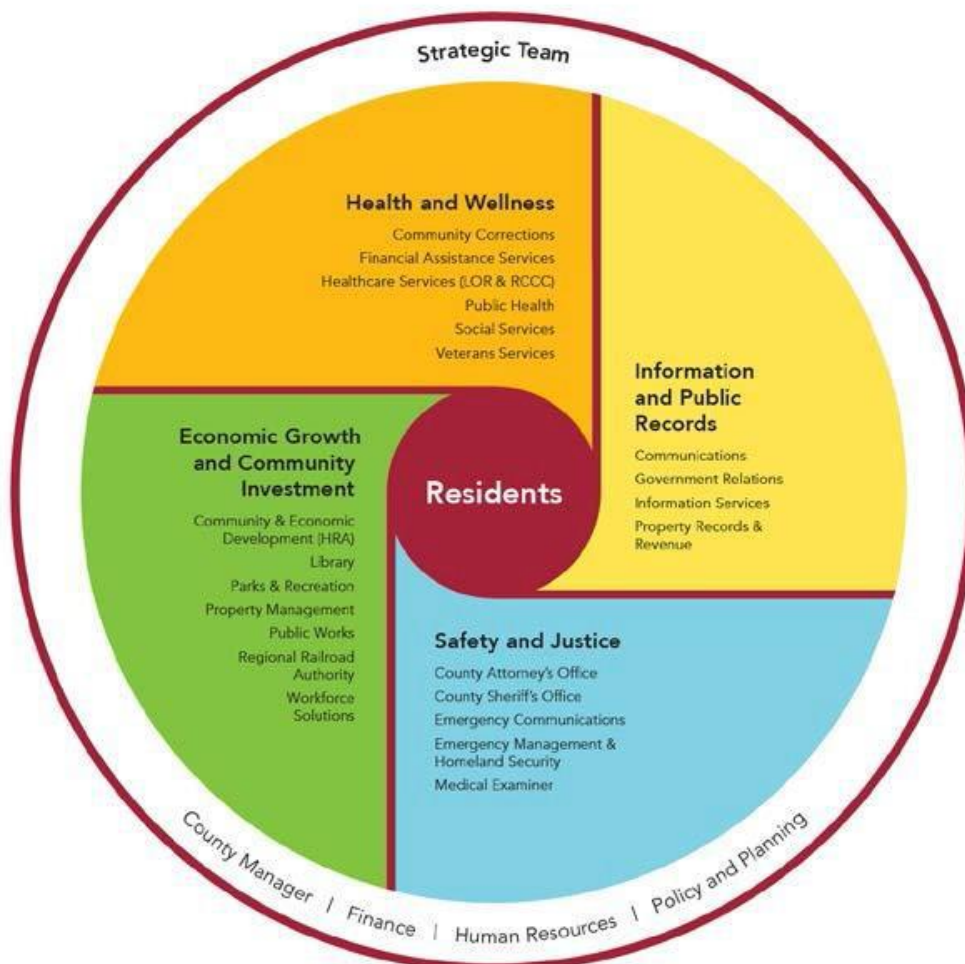
Table of Contents

I. Introduction	1
II. Juvenile Services	3
2.1 Juvenile Detention Center (JDC) Profile	4
2.2 Juvenile Probation Profile	9
2.3 Boys Totem Town (BTT) Profile	17
III. Adult Services	20
IV. Ramsey County Correctional Facility (RCCF)	29

Introduction

Ramsey County Community Corrections (RCCC) provides a core set of functions that support the criminal justice system. RCCC screens and assesses clients, prepares reports for court, provides community supervision and offers short-term custody and programming for those who are court-ordered to serve time.

In 2015, Ramsey County reorganized its departments into four integrated service teams. RCCC is a member of the Health and Wellness Service Team which is Ramsey County's largest service team. RCCC also works closely with the Safety and Justice Service Team, the Second Judicial District and multiple community service providers.



RCCC operates under the HOPE principles. HOPE is acronym that expresses the unique combination of personal change and accountability that the department's correctional professionals strive to enact with the clients under their care. The principles of HOPE encompass the following:



In 2016, Ramsey County Community Corrections began the process of creating and implementing a department wide strategic plan. This plan lays out four major goal areas that are supportive of the Health and Wellness Service Team as well as the County Board's Strategic Plan. The four goals are:

Goal 1 – One Client, One Plan

Provide and coordinate effective client-centered services through targeted case planning.

Goal 2 – We Reflect the Clients and Communities We Serve

Recruit, hire, retain and promote a talented and diverse workforce that reflects the clients and communities we serve.

Goal 3 – We Communicate and Engage

Develop and implement clear and transparent communication and consistent processes that establish trust throughout the department.

Goal 4 – More Community, Less Confinement

Increase use of and success with community supervision strategies and reduce the use of incarceration and out-of-home placements, while maintaining public safety.

Juvenile Services Profile 2019

JUVENILE SERVICES

Deputy Director: Michelle Finstad 651-266-2322

The Juvenile Services Division provides a broad range of services to youth between the ages of 10 and 18, as well as to young adults on extended juvenile jurisdiction through age 21. Juvenile Services uses a racial equity lens and positive juvenile justice framework to protect public safety and reduce the delinquency behaviors of youth on probation by promoting behavioral change and healthy youth development, and by holding young people accountable. Juvenile Services is committed to reducing racial disparities that put youth of color at greater risk of involvement in the criminal justice system.

The division works to limit the confinement of youth by working with families and the community to create programming that allows youth to remain in the community, receive therapeutic and rehabilitative support and work through restorative processes to make amends with their victims. Through the work of division staff, system partners and community stakeholders, there are fewer juveniles at the JDC, fewer juveniles on probation and fewer juveniles held in confinement than there have been in the last two decades. Ramsey County has committed to the principles of the Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative (JDAI) and reducing our reliance on the juvenile justice system's traditional use of confinement to manage the behavior of youth who act out.

In 2019, Juvenile Services operated two institutions, the Juvenile Detention Center (JDC) and Boys Totem Town (BTT). The JDC is a secure facility providing short-term services for youth awaiting court hearings or dispositions. Youth in detention receive education provided by Saint Paul Public Schools, mental health and crisis support services, health care, and various programming opportunities.

As the result of significant juvenile justice reform efforts within Ramsey County, coupled with a decreasing reliance on the use of out-of-home placement, BTT closed after more than 100 years of operations on August 1, 2019. BTT was a residential program serving juvenile males who have been court-ordered to the facility.

JDC Profile 2019

Juvenile Detention Center Superintendent (Acting)

Gwen Rouleau

Assistant Superintendent (Acting)

Cedric Lattimore

The Ramsey County Juvenile Detention Center (JDC) is a 44-bed facility that provides secure detention for youth. The JDC provides a safe, secure and structured setting for males and females aged 10 through 17 who are charged with committing offenses, are arrested on warrants or are in violation of their probation on a previous offense.

Prior to being admitted to the JDC, youth are assessed to see if they meet admission criteria. In 2008, the JDC implemented the Risk Assessment Instrument (RAI) to reduce the number of low risk youth who were needlessly detained at the detention facility. Youth who are determined to be low risk are released to their families or to shelters.

Youth are admitted to detention when there is a reason to believe they:

- Would not appear for their next court hearing
- Are at risk to reoffend
- Are awaiting court or out of home placement.

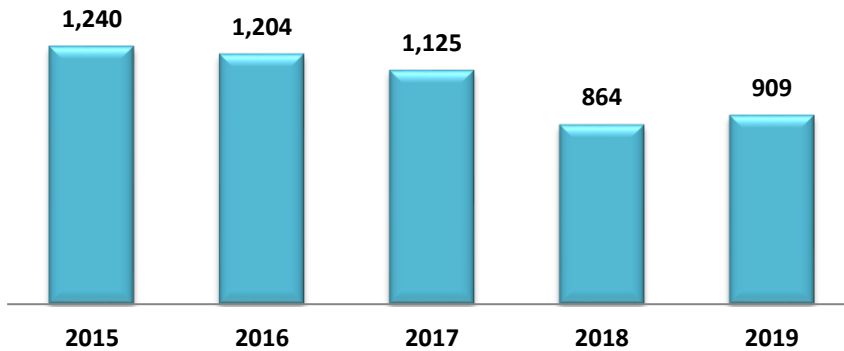
On June 18, 2019, JDC took over the booking process. Previously, youth were booked at the Ramsey County law enforcement center, then transported to JDC to receive a RAI in order to determine if they should be admitted to detention or released. Booking entails fingerprinting and photos to verify the youth's identity.

JDC Profile 2019

Risk Assessment Instrument

Since 2008, JDC has used the Risk Assessment Instrument (RAI) to objectively identify youth who can be appropriately served and monitored in the community, versus those who are at risk of re-offense or failure to appear in court and thus should be held in detention. 909 RAI's were completed in 2019.¹

RAI's Completed : Five Year Trend



In June 2019, JDC took over the juvenile booking process. Previously, youth were booked at the law enforcement center, then transported to JDC to receive a RAI in order to determine if they should be detained or released.

A youth's recommended release decision is based on his/her RAI score (unless there is an override). RAI scores and corresponding release decisions are grouped as follows:

0-9: Released to parent/guardian

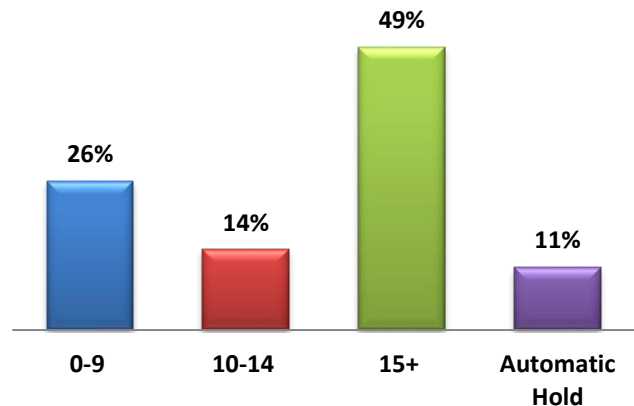
10-14: Released to 36-hour alternative to detention (ATD)

15+: Detained

Automatic Hold: Detained automatically per policy. Reasons for an automatic hold include warrant, failure of placement, certification/ EJJ, and out of state residence.

2019 RAI Scores

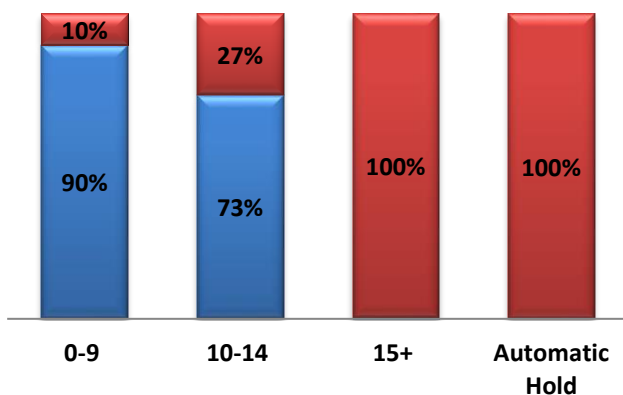
(n= 909)



2019 RAI Scores by Release Decision

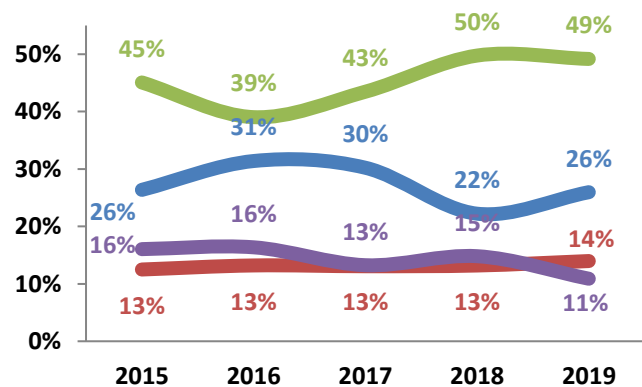
(n= 909)

Released (Home or ATD) Detained



RAI Scores: Five Year Trend

0-9 10-14 15+ Automatic Hold



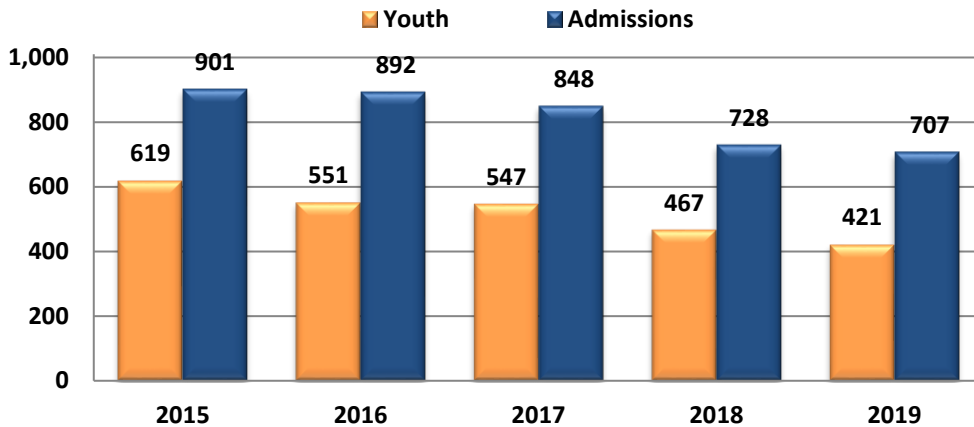
¹ Not all youth who are admitted to detention receive a RAI. Reasons for an automatic hold without RAI completion include court orders to detention and out of county/state warrants.

JDC Profile 2019

Admissions

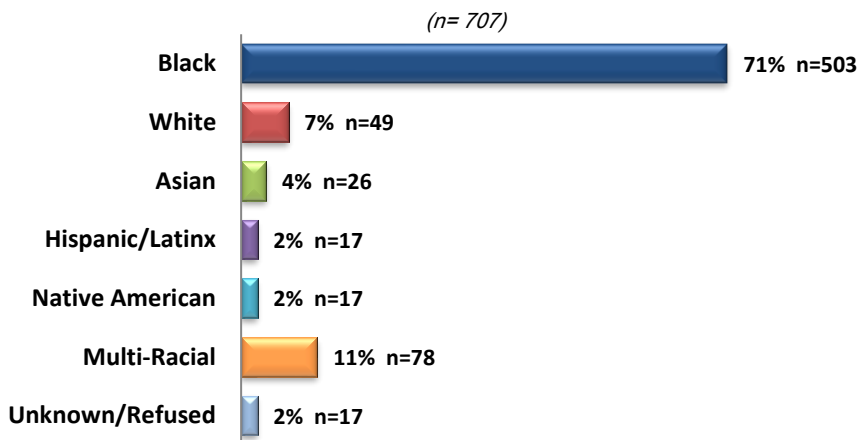
There were **707** admissions to JDC in 2019. This includes both admissions where a RAI was administered, as well as those where no RAI was completed (e.g. out of county/state warrants and court orders to detention). The charts below provide detail on admissions by race, gender, age, and reason for admission.

JDC Admissions: Five Year Trend



Since 2015, there has been a 22% decrease in detention admissions, and a 32% decrease in the number of youth admitted.

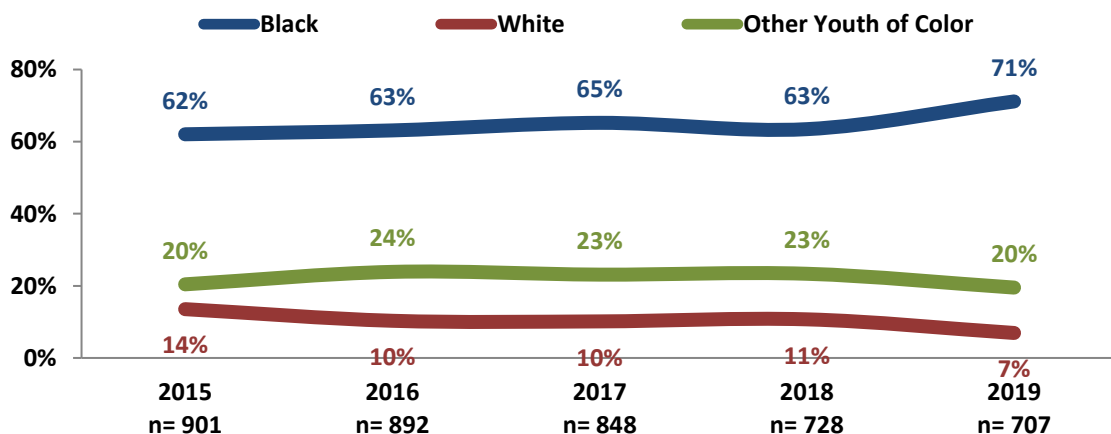
2019 Admissions by Race



Black youth comprise approximately 19% of the Ramsey County youth population (ages 10-17) but accounted for 71% of detention admissions in 2019.

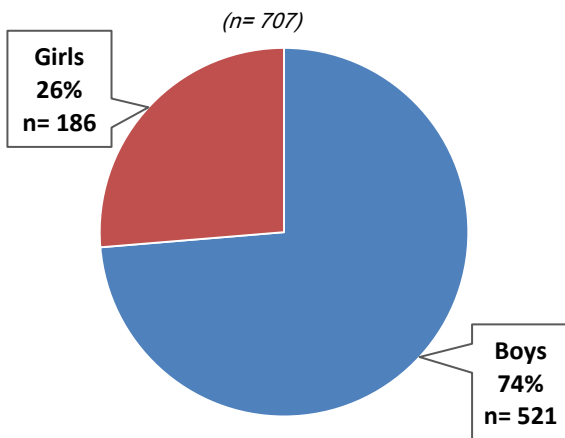
By contrast, White youth comprise about 47% of the youth population but accounted for just 7% of the admissions.

Admissions by Race: Five Year Trend

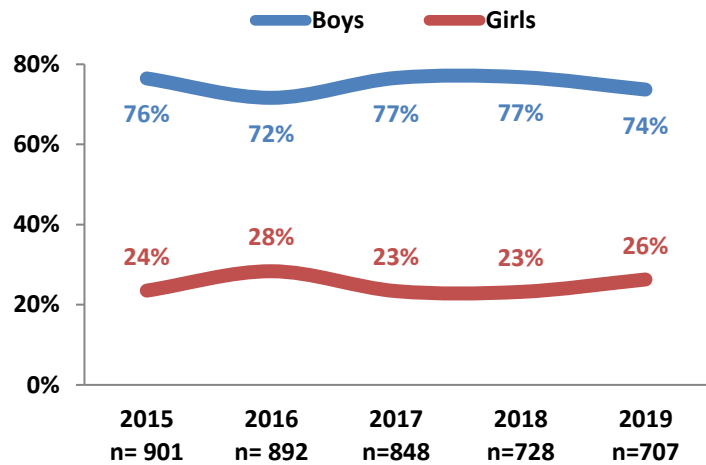


JDC Profile 2019

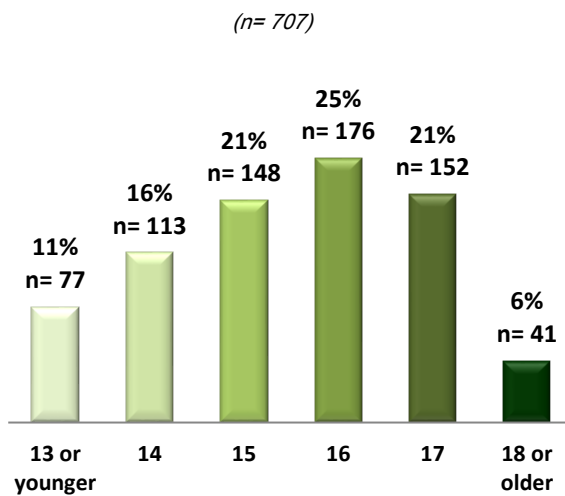
2019 Admissions by Gender



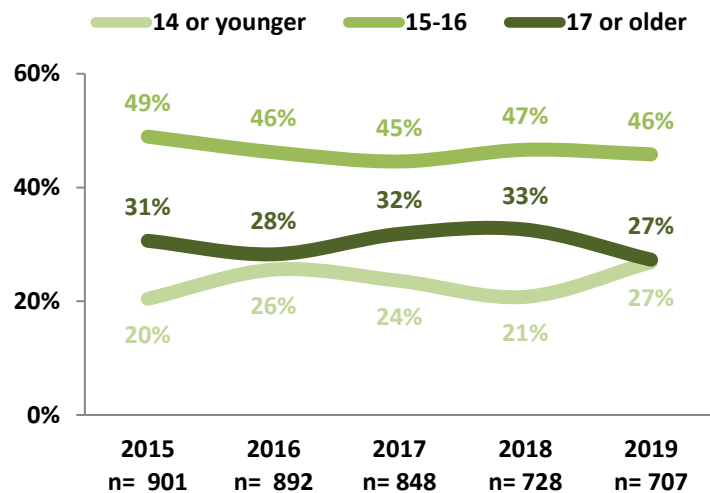
Admissions by Gender: Five Year Trend



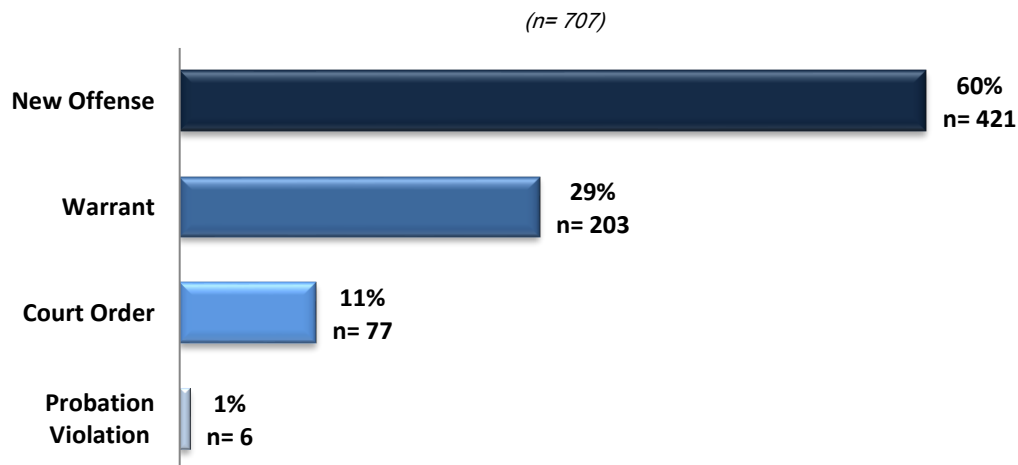
2019 Admissions by Age



Admissions by Age: Five Year Trend



2019 Admissions by Reason



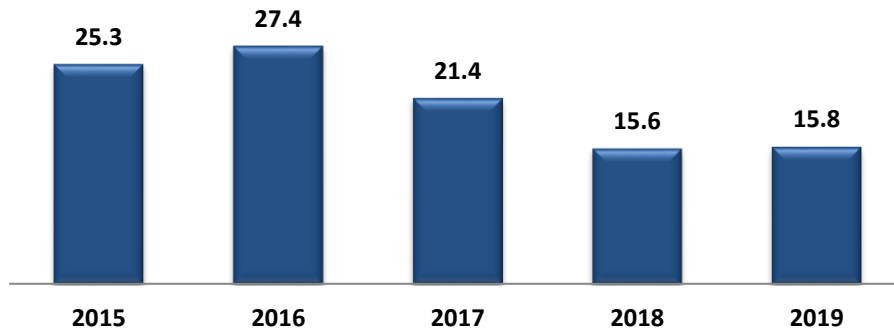
The most common reason for admission to detention in 2019 was a new offense. Of the 421 new offense admissions, 75% were for felony level charges.

JDC Profile 2019

Average Daily Population and Average Length of Stay

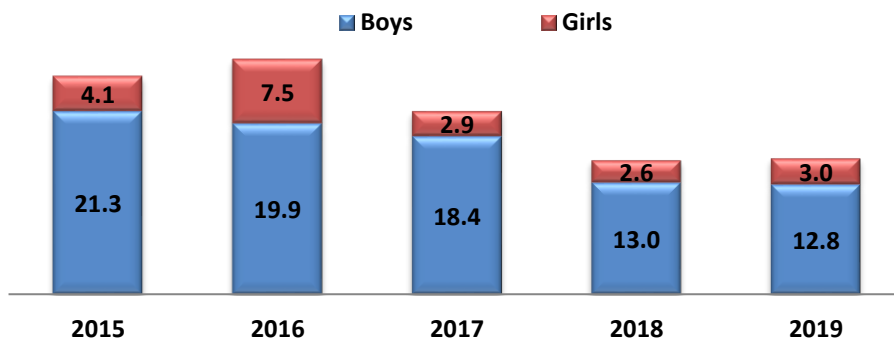
The charts below look at average daily population (ADP) and average length of stay (ALOS) at JDC over the past five years.

Average Daily Population (ADP): Five Year Trend

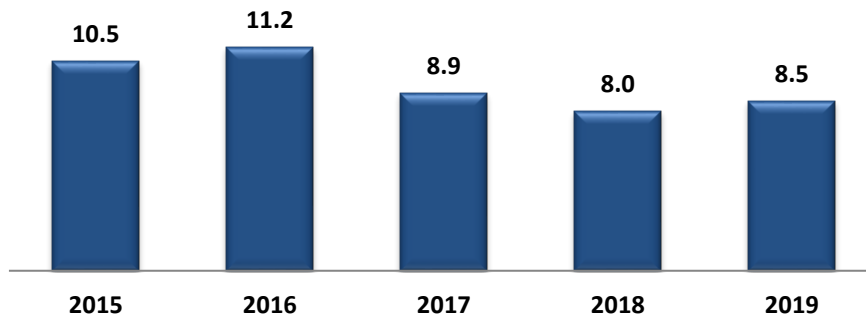


Since 2016, there has been a 42% decrease in the average daily population (ADP) at JDC.

ADP by Gender: Five Year Trend



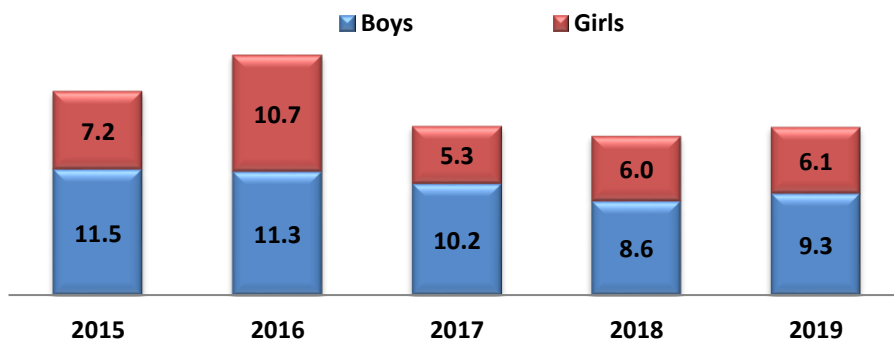
Average Length of Stay (ALOS): Five Year Trend



Over the past five years the ALOS at JDC has been between 8 and 11 days.

The majority of admissions to JDC have a stay of 3 days or less.

ALOS by Gender: Five Year Trend



Juvenile Probation Profile 2019

Assistant Director, Juvenile Probation
Kim Stubblefield

Juvenile Probation is responsible for maintaining public safety by helping rehabilitate youth through behavioral change and healthy development, while providing support and resources to their families.

Taking into account the seriousness of the offense and using information gathered from the assessments and interviews, Juvenile Probation makes recommendations to court that may include community service, restitution, referrals for services, electronic home monitoring, or out of home placement. Juvenile Probation staff work to increase their client's ability to maintain healthy and positive relationships with family and friends, to succeed at school, to find and retain employment and/or to continue on with their education.

Juvenile Probation also partners with community organizations to augment services and respond to the diverse cultural needs of Ramsey County youth. Some of the programs and services that support youth include:

- Educational, life-skills, employment readiness, and vocational training for youth
- Cognitive-behavioral groups
- Functional Family Therapy, a treatment program for juvenile clients and their families
- High-fidelity Wraparound that "wraps" youth and their families with supports and services
- Gender specific groups that are based on restorative justice principles and practices.

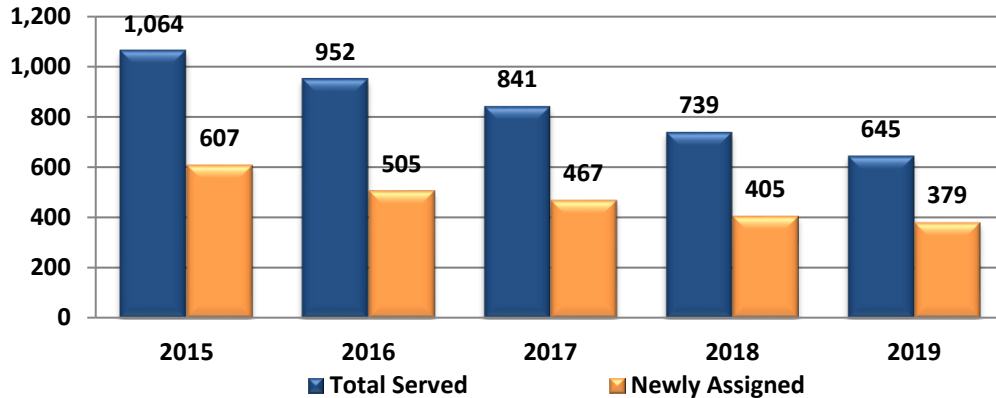
Beginning in the summer of 2019, juvenile probation officers began transitioning from a traditional probation supervision model based upon the conditions of probation ordered from the court and began using a family engagement model of supervision. Probation officers combine a positive juvenile justice framework and their family engagement skills to work in collaboration with their client and their family to develop a case plan that considers the youth's offense, their risk to reoffend and other risks as identified through formal assessment tools. The probation officers involve families as partners and create plans that are agreed upon and understood by each member of the youth's team. Youth receive services through probation such as cognitive programming and probation officers work with the community to develop supports that specifically meet the identified needs of each youth. The goal of this change is to improve outcomes for justice involved youth, especially youth of color and ensure that family voice is integral to the case planning process.

Juvenile Probation Profile 2019

Youth Served

In 2019, Juvenile Probation-Corrections served **645** youth. Of these youth, 379 were newly assigned.

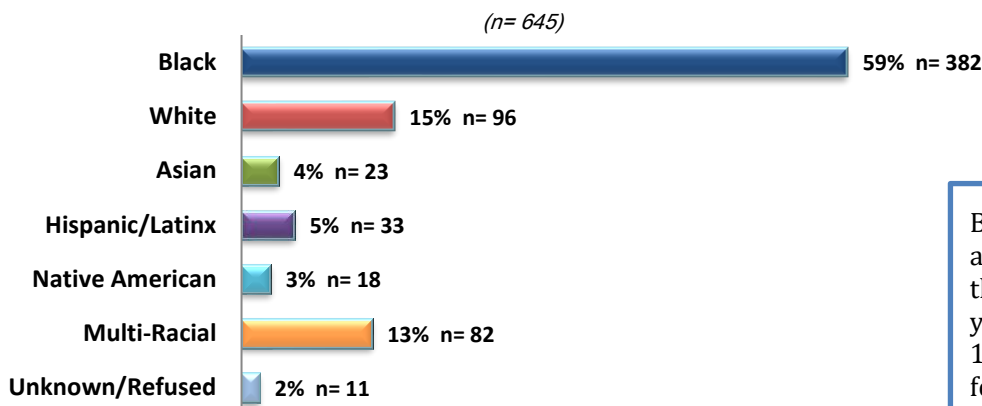
Youth Served by Juvenile Probation: Five Year Trend



Since 2015, the number of youth served by Juvenile Probation has decreased by 39%.

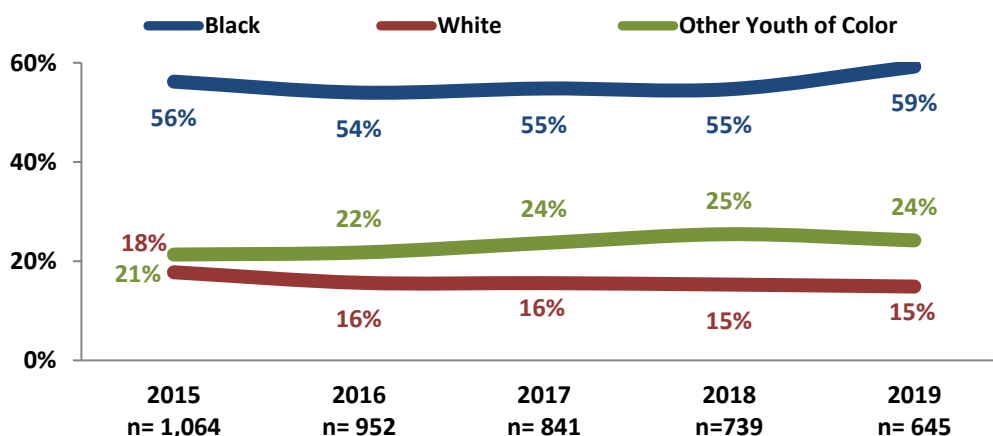
The next series of charts identify the demographic characteristics of youth served, broken out by race, gender, age range, zip code, and system status.

2019 Youth Served by Race



Black youth comprise approximately 19% of the Ramsey County youth population (ages 10-17) but accounted for 59% of the youth served by Juvenile Probation in 2019.

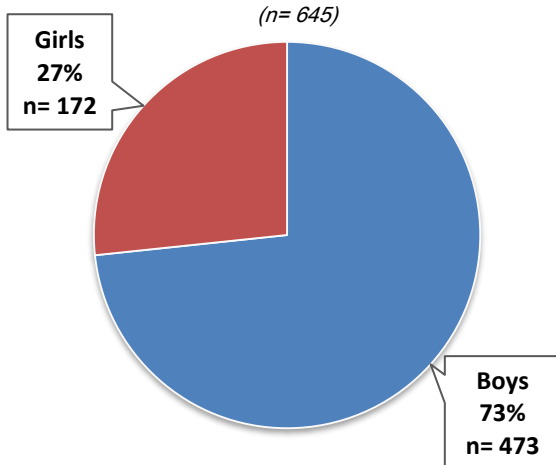
Youth Served by Race: Five Year Trend



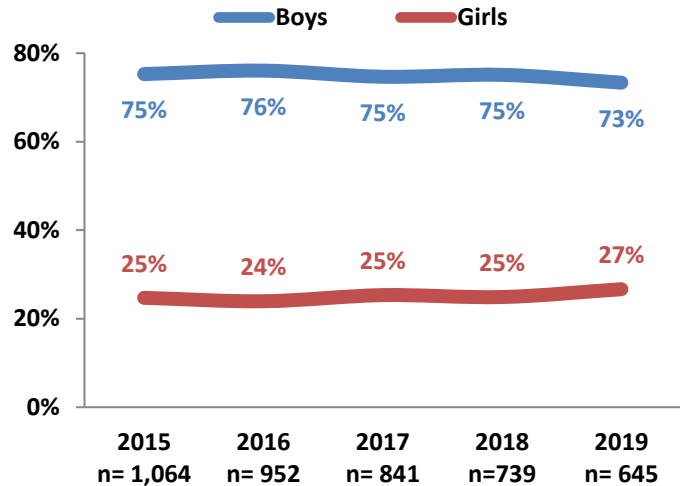
By contrast, White youth comprise about 47% of the youth population (ages 10-17) but represent just 15% of those served in 2019.

Juvenile Probation Profile 2019

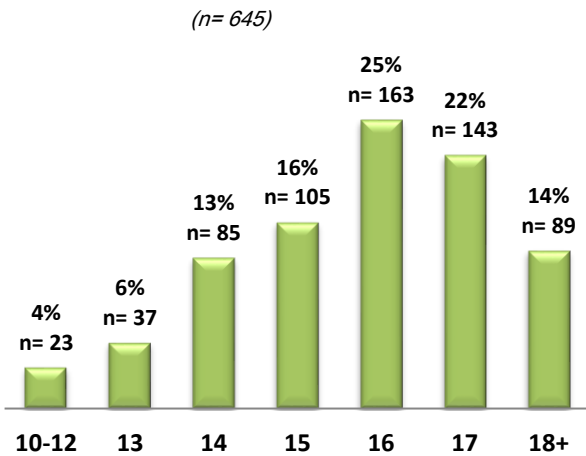
2019 Youth Served by Gender



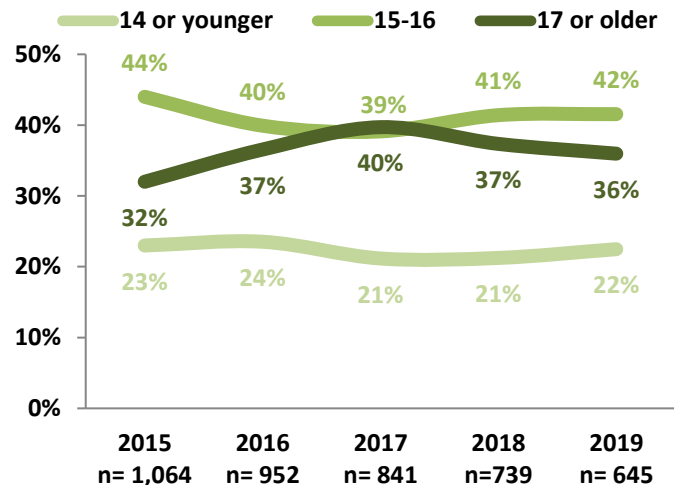
Youth Served by Gender: Five Year Trend



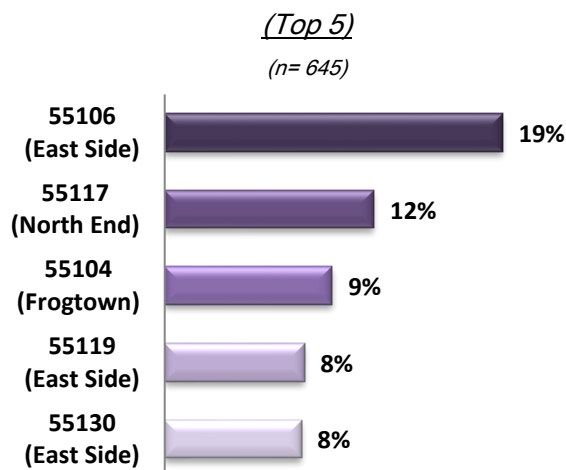
2019 Youth Served by Age



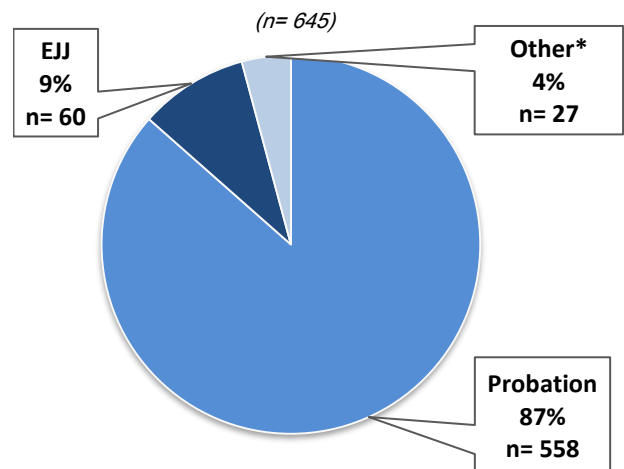
Youth Served by Age: Five Year Trend



2019 Youth Served by Zip Code



2019 Youth Served by Status



*Other includes conditional release and pending certification cases that did not move onto probation or EJJ.

Juvenile Probation Profile 2019

Risk Assessment (YLS/CMI)

In keeping with evidence-based practices, Juvenile Probation uses the Youth Level of Service/Case Management Inventory (YLS/CMI) 2.0 – a validated risk assessment tool to (1) identify a young person's major risks, needs, strengths, and protective factors; (2) assess his/her likelihood for continued delinquent activity; and (3) inform decision making related to supervision, service referrals, case planning, and placement. A higher score indicates a greater level of risk and need.

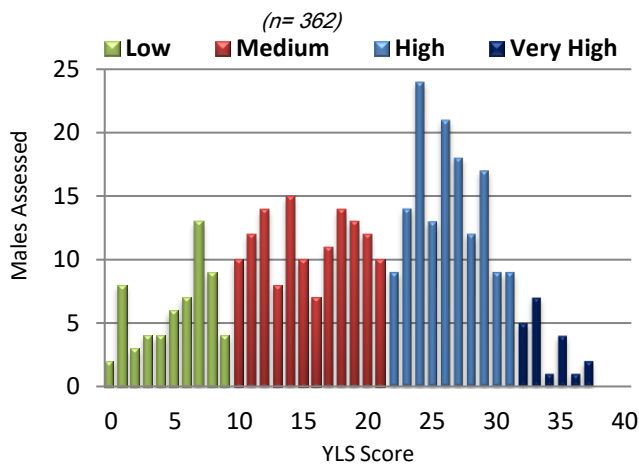
In general, assessments are not completed for youth with low-level delinquency offenses, or youth who score low on a screening tool.

In 2019, **460** YLS/CMI assessments were completed on **330** youth. The average score was **18.9**.

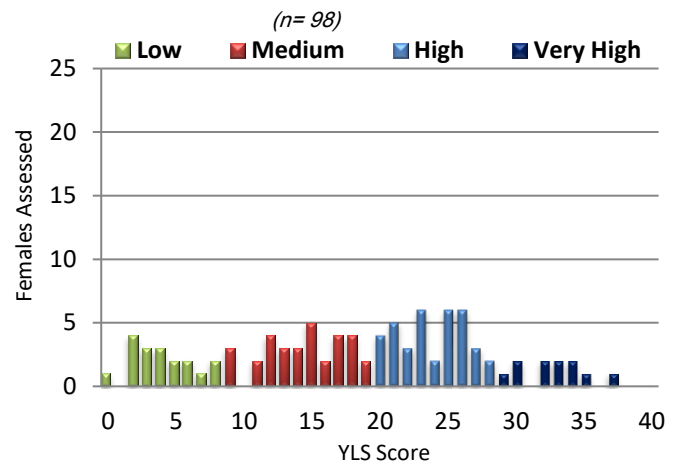
- **Low risk** scores represent 17% of the youth assessed.
- **Medium risk** scores represent 37% of the youth assessed
- **High risk** and **Very High risk** scores represent 47% of the youth assessed.

The YLS/CMI 2.0 is a gender informed tool that provides separate risk scales for boys and girls.

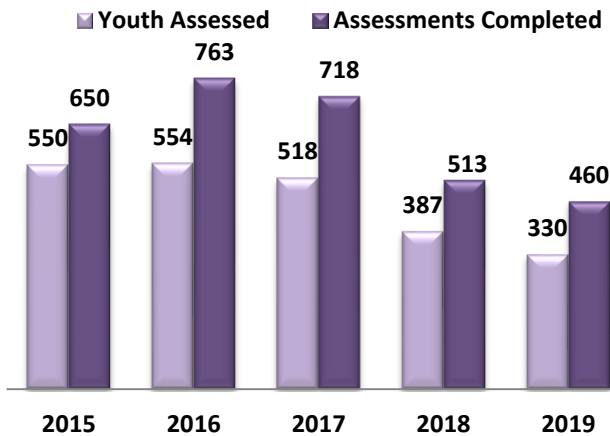
2019 Risk Scores for Boys on Probation



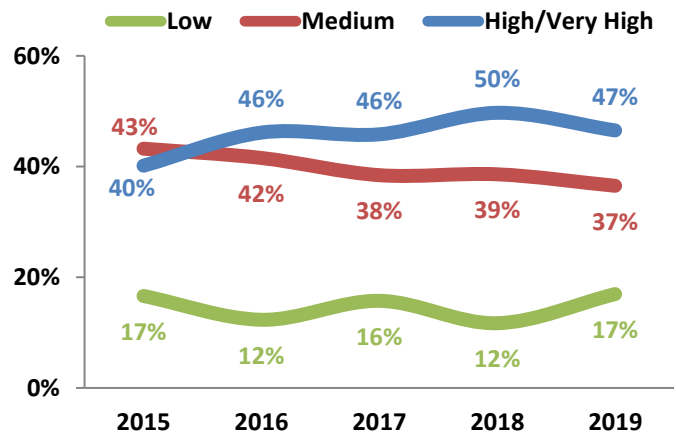
2019 Risk Scores for Girls on Probation



YLS/CMIs: Five Year Trend



YLS/CMIs by Risk Level; Five Year Trend



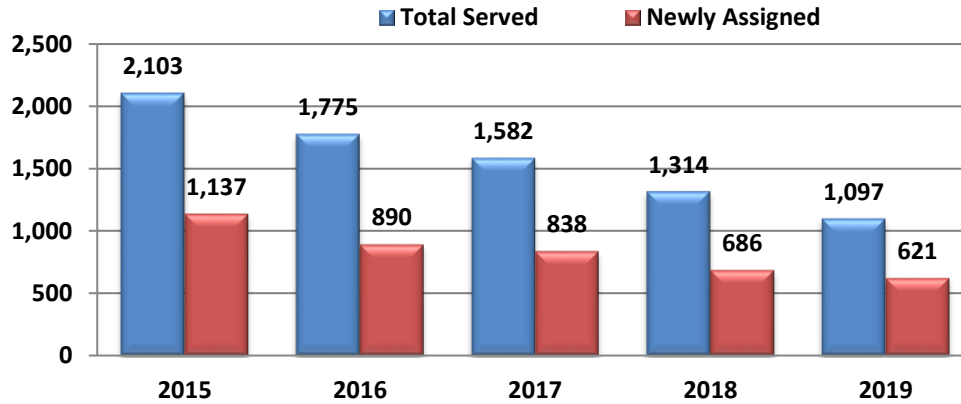
Since 2015, there has been an increase in percentage of high/very high risk YLS assessments. Coupled with reductions in the number of youth on probation, this chart suggests the vast majority of youth being served by Juvenile Probation are at medium to high risk for re-offense.

Juvenile Probation Profile 2019

Cases and Offenses

In 2019, 1,097 cases were served by Corrections. Of these cases, 621 were newly assigned in 2019. Case totals reflect the following case types: probation, extended juvenile jurisdiction (EJJ), investigations, pending certifications, and monitoring for traffic court.¹

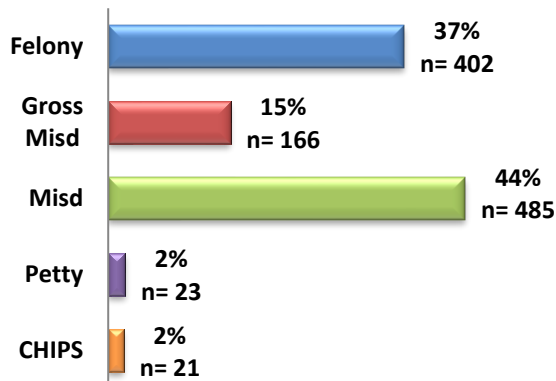
Cases Served by Juvenile Probation: Five Year Trend



The number of newly assigned cases has decreased by 45% over the last five years.

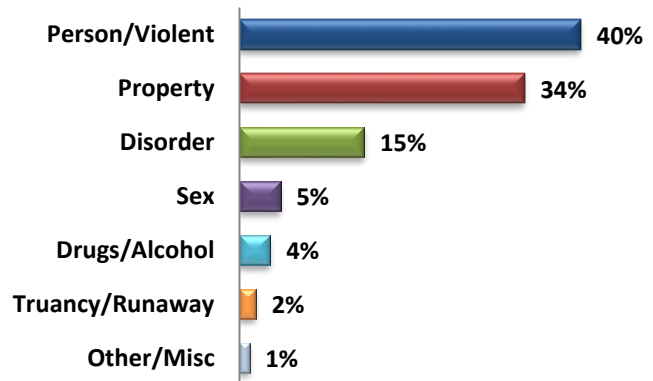
2019 Cases Served by Offense Level

(n = 1,097)

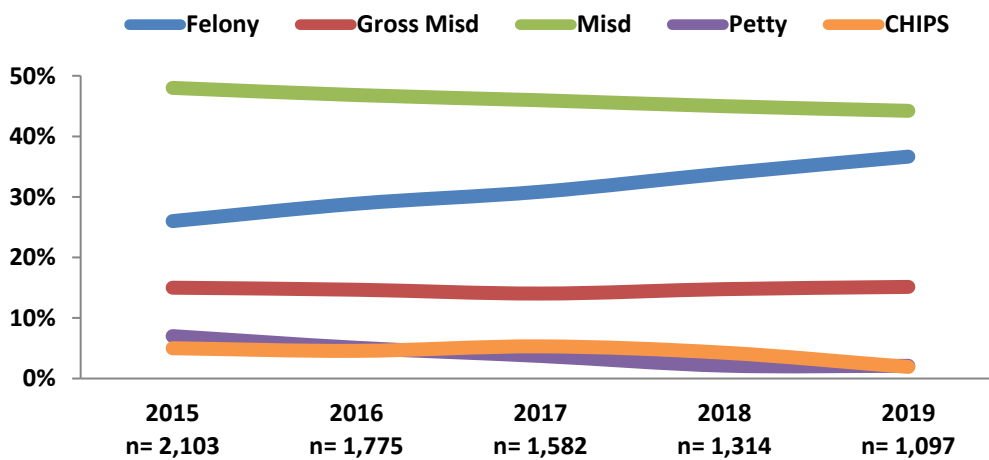


2019 Cases Served by Offense Type

(n = 1,097)



Cases Served by Offense Level: Five Year Trend



Over the past five years, there has been an increase in the percentage of felony cases served (26% of cases in 2015 versus 37% of cases served in 2019).

¹ Cases supervised by the Youth Engagement Program (YEP) at Social Services, as well as conditional release cases that did not move onto probation are excluded from this count.

Juvenile Probation Profile 2019

Community Based Programming

In an effort to reduce the rates of incarceration and out of home placements, while maintaining public safety, Juvenile Probation offers a variety of community based programming options for youth and their families.

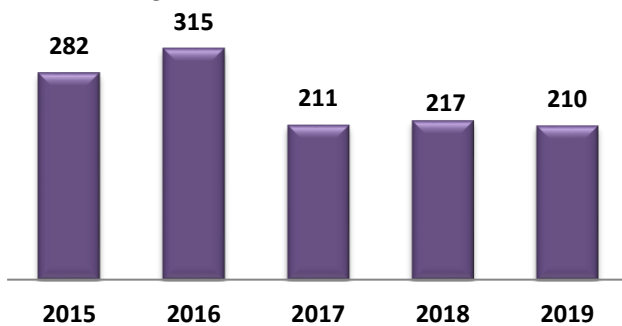
210 youth were served by community programs in 2019.

Programs offered in 2019 and that had 10 or more youth participate include:

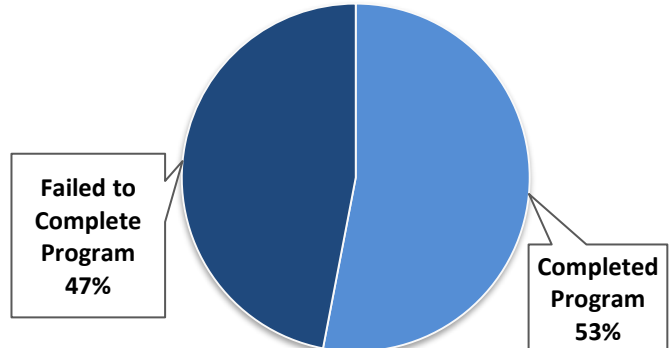
- **Functional Family Therapy (FFT)** - Family therapy sessions that build upon the family's strengths and positive resources
- **Community Coaches** - Individual mentors promote pro-social development and engage youth in community based activities
- **Decision Points** - A cognitive behavioral intervention that targets anti-social thoughts and distortions
- **Victim Impact** - Group sessions that focus on the impact of crime on the victim and the community
- **Wraparound** - A team and goal oriented process that "wraps" youth and their families with supports and services in order to achieve their goals
- **JK Movement** - Group-based programming that offers lessons in healthy lifestyle, career readiness, mentorship, and physical activity
- **Talitha Cumi** - Empowerment group that helps girls build their emotional intelligence and develop a greater sense of self-awareness, self-confidence, self-identity, and self-worth
- **Fear None Conquer All** - Female specific program that focuses on self-exploration, connecting with others, healthy living, and envisioning the future
- **Community Resolve Program** - Male specific program that offers family mentoring, restorative circles, and community activities
- **Gang Reduction and Intervention Program (GRIP)** - Male specific leadership program for gang affiliated youth who are involved in the juvenile justice system.

Youth Served by Community

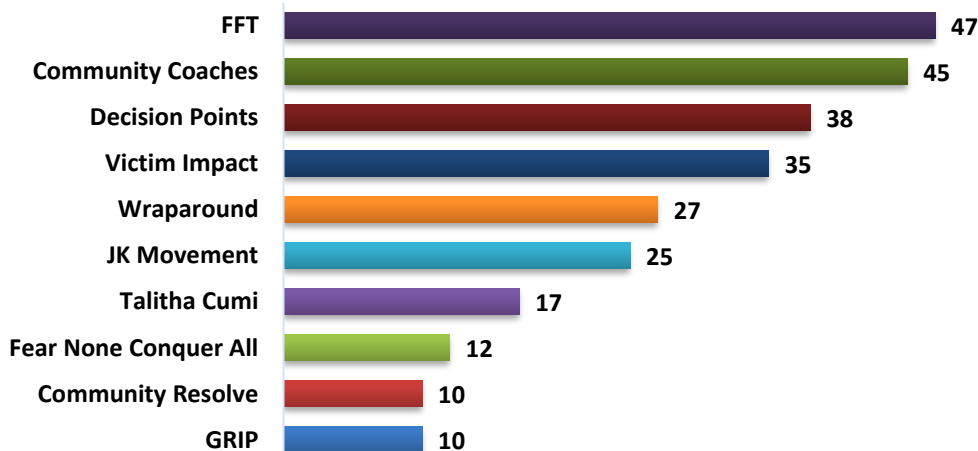
Programs : Five Year Trend



2019 Community Program Completion Rates



2019 Number of Youth Served by Program

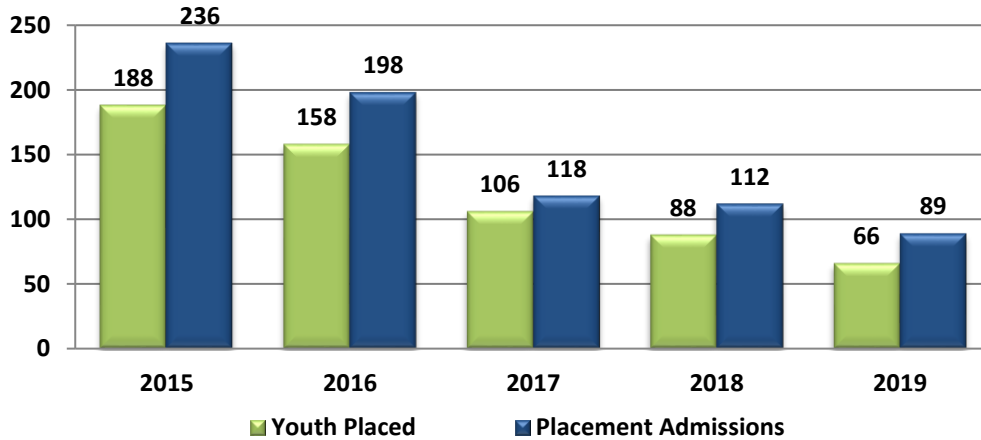


Juvenile Probation Profile 2019

Out of Home Placement

Out of home placement is a sanction typically prescribed for youth (1) whose behavior in the community constitutes a threat to public safety, and (2) with needs that necessitate intervention in a residential treatment or correctional setting.

Youth Placed: Five Year Trend

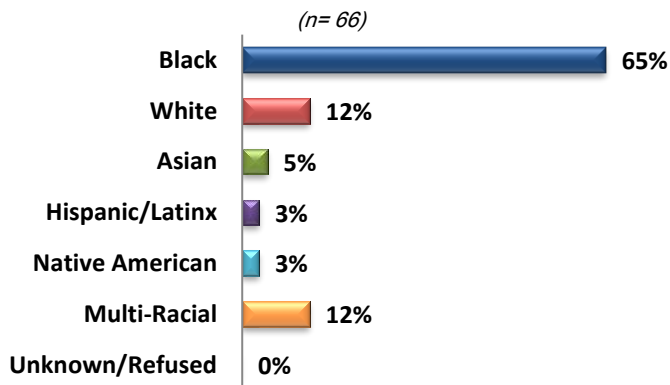


There was a 25% reduction in the number of youth placed from 2018 to 2019.

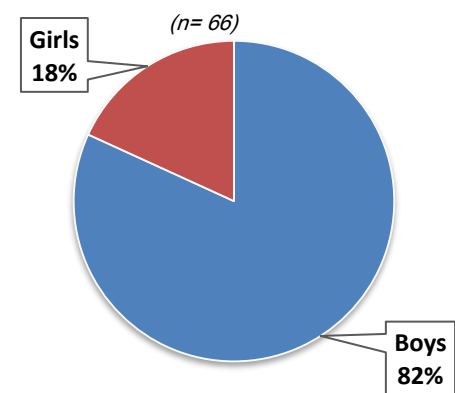
Since 2015, the number of youth placed has decreased by 65%.

In 2019, there were 66 youth admitted to an out of home placement. This includes group homes, both short and long term residential programs, sex offender treatment, Boys Totem Town, and correctional/DOC facilities. The charts below show demographics, offense level, and risk level for the youth who were placed.

2019 Youth Placed by Race

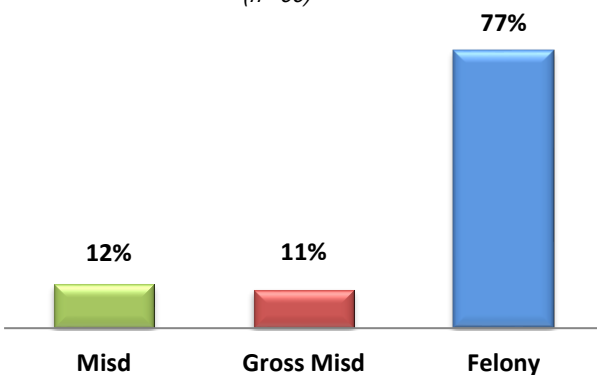


2019 Youth Placed by Gender



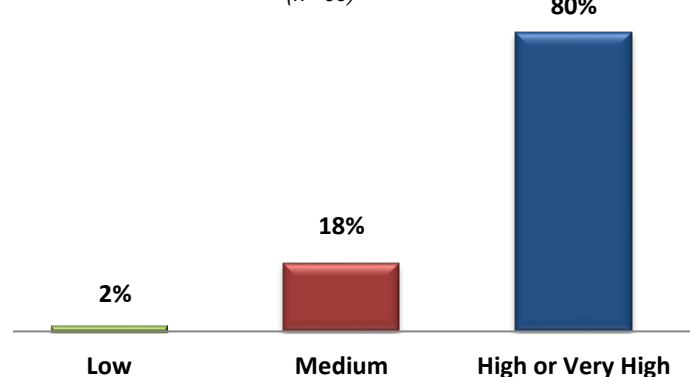
2019 Youth Placed by Offense Level

(n= 66)



2019 Youth Placed by YLS/CMI Risk Level

(n= 66)

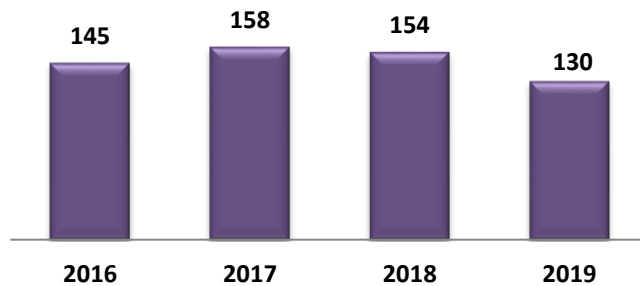


Juvenile Probation Profile 2019

Electronic Home Monitoring

Electronic Home Monitoring (EHM) is a community-based alternative sanction used for youth who are on pre-dispositional conditional release and for youth who are at risk for out of home placement. In 2019, **130** youth open with Juvenile Probation were ordered to EHM.

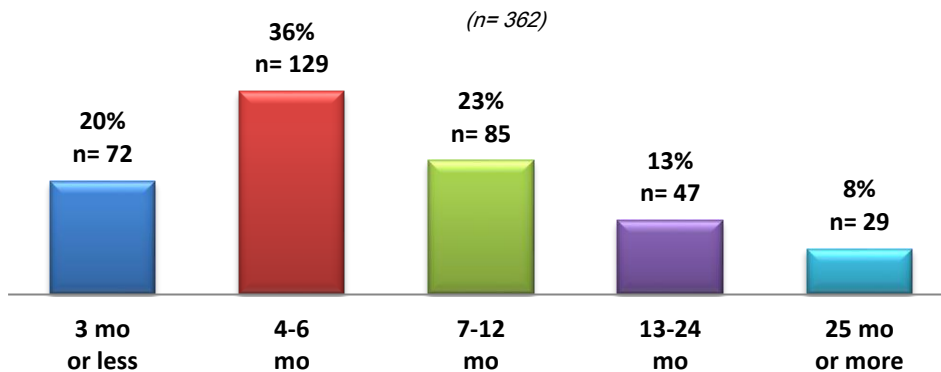
Youth Ordered to EHM



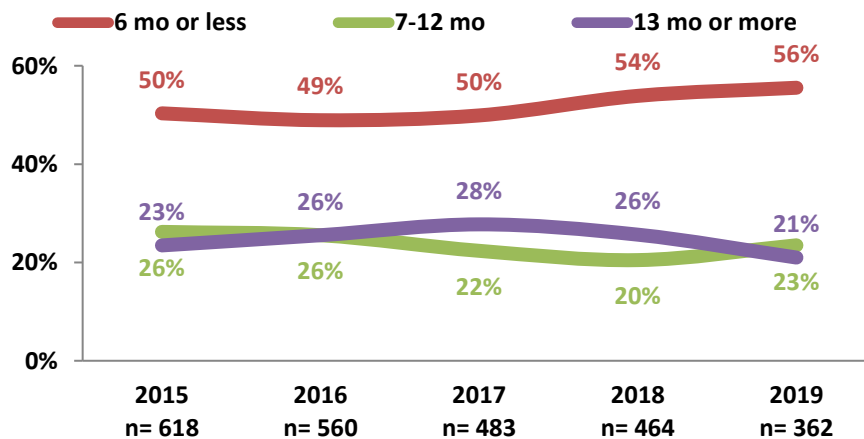
Probation Length

In 2019, there were **362** youth discharged from Juvenile Probation. The charts below look at the number of months youth are open on probation.

2019 Youth Discharged by Length of Probation



Length of Probation: Five Year Trend



Over the past five years, over 50% of youth were open on probation for a period of 6 months or less.

BTT Profile 2019

Boys Totem Town Superintendent (Acting)

Gwen Rouleau

Assistant Superintendent (Acting)

Gerald Settles

As the result of significant juvenile justice reform efforts within Ramsey County, coupled with a decreasing reliance on the use of out-of-home placement, **BTT closed** after more than 100 years of operations on August 1, 2019.

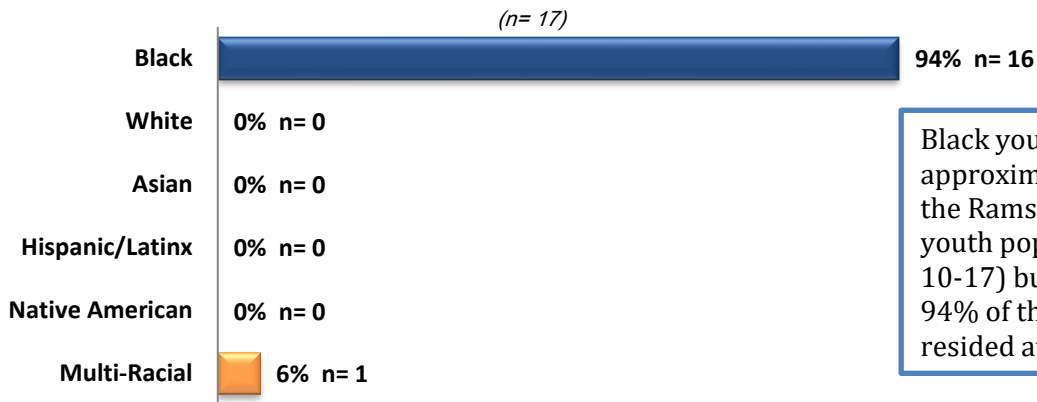
BTT was a licensed, non-secure juvenile residential facility that provided programming for boys on probation ages 14 to 18. The facility had a licensed capacity of 36 beds.

BTT Profile 2019

Youth Served

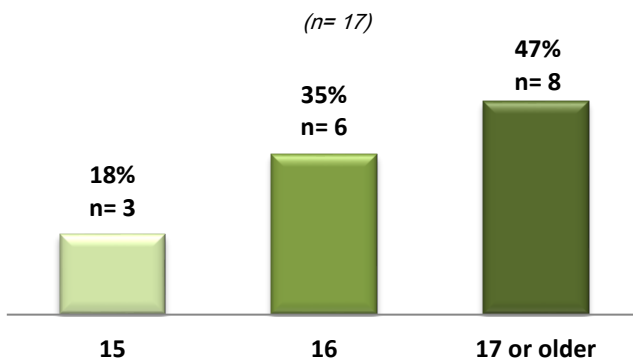
In 2019, BTT served 17 boys. This includes boys admitted prior to 2019 (n=13) who continued to their stay in the facility, and those admitted in 2019 (n=4). The charts below provide detail on boys served in 2019 by race, age, system status, offense level, and risk level.

2019 Youth Served by Race



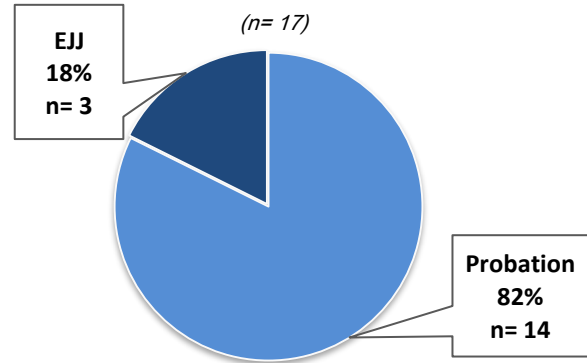
Black youth comprise approximately 19% of the Ramsey County youth population (ages 10-17) but represent 94% of the youth who resided at BTT in 2019.

2019 Youth Served by Age



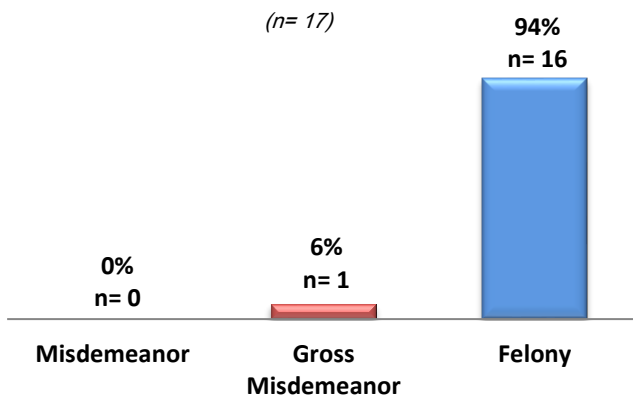
The average resident age at admission was 17 years old.

2019 Youth Served by Status



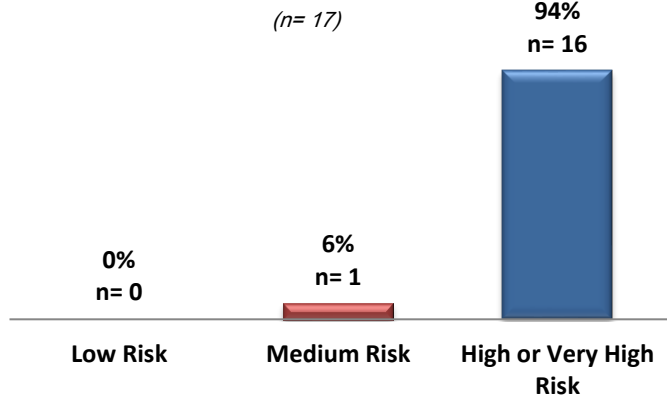
82% of residents were on juvenile probation, 18% were on extended juvenile jurisdiction (EJJ) status.

2019 Youth Served by Offense Level



94% of residents were on supervision for a felony level offense.

2019 Youth Served by Risk Level



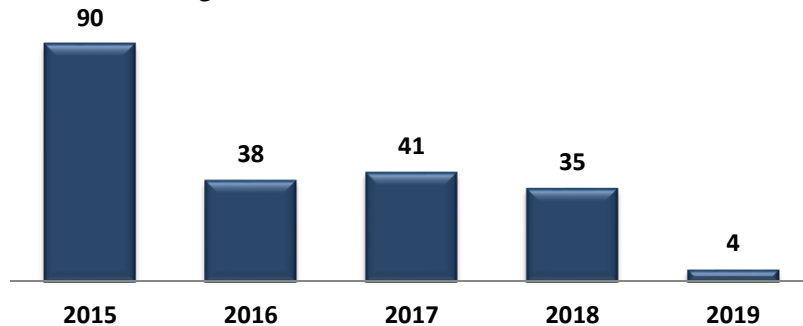
100% of residents were assessed as medium or high risk on the YLS/CMI.

BTT Profile 2019

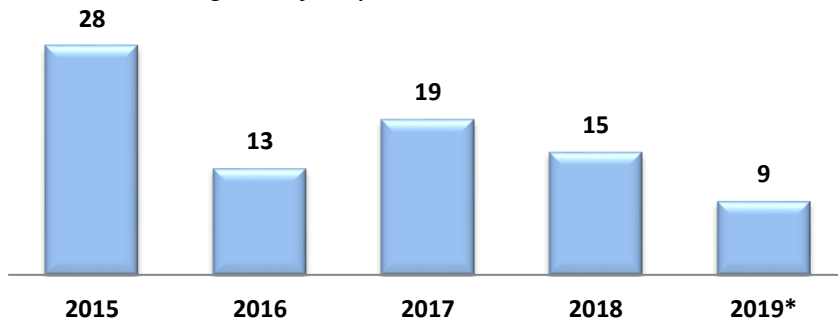
Admissions and Average Daily Population

The charts below show a five-year trend for residential program admissions and average daily population (ADP) at BTT.

Program Admissions: Five Year Trend



Average Daily Population: Five Year Trend



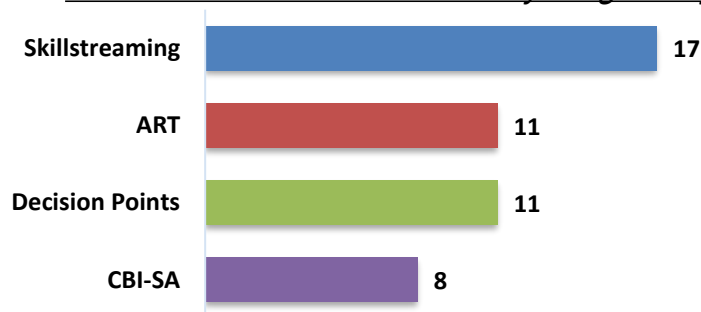
* ADP for 2019 was calculated based on facility population from January 1 - July 31, 2019.

Programming

A variety of group based, skill building programs were offered to residents based on their specific areas of risk and need, and goals established as part of their comprehensive treatment plan. Programs included:

- **Skillstreaming** - Pro-social skills training
- **Aggression Replacement Training (ART)** - A cognitive behavioral intervention for reducing aggressive and violent behavior
- **Decision Points** - A cognitive behavioral intervention that targets anti-social thoughts and distortions
- **Cognitive-Behavioral Interventions for Substance Abuse (CBI-SA)** - An intervention that teaches participants skills and strategies for avoiding substance abuse.

2019 Number of Youth Served by Program Type



After more than 100 years of operations, BTT closed on August 1, 2019.

Adult Services Profile 2019

ADULT SERVICES

Deputy Director: Monica Long 651-266-2301

Assistant Director: Jan Scott

Assistant Director: Corey Hazelton

Adult Services supervises clients that have either been placed on probation or released on supervised release from Minnesota prisons. The goal of the division is to balance the need to protect the community and hold clients accountable with rehabilitative services to help them live pro-social, productive, and crime-free lives. This often includes monitoring compliance with court-ordered conditions; drug testing; community work service; and referrals to treatment, programming and alternative sanctions that are attuned to the needs, risk and individual characteristics of the client.

Adult Services partners with community organizations to augment services and respond to the diverse cultural needs of the community. Some of the community programs that support clients include:

- GED and vocational services.
- Sentence-to Service work crews and individual community service work.
- Cognitive-behavioral groups, such as *Thinking for a Change*, *Moving On*, and *Decision Points*.
- Re-entry planning and support.
- Treatment programs for adults convicted of sex and domestic abuse offenses as well as chemically dependent clients.
- The UJAMAA Place and Ramsey County Supervised Release partnership grant directs specific services and support to 18-24-year-old African American males, specifically those released from prison. Services include, but are not limited to: Cognitive skills programming, employment counseling, GED preparation, and mentoring.

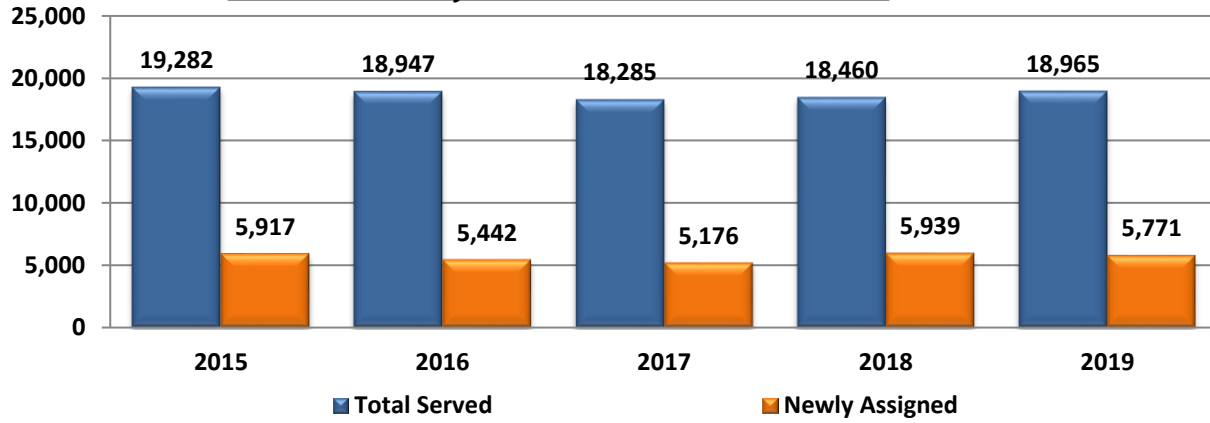
In 2019 Ramsey County Community Corrections, in partnership with the Robina Institute of Criminal Law and Criminal Justice, was one of ten sites selected to participate in the *Reducing Revocations Challenge*. Funded by Arnold Ventures with technical assistance led by CUNY Institute for State and Local Governance, this national initiative seeks to understand the drivers of probation revocations and violations in Ramsey County, and develop a local strategy to reduce them.

Adult Services Profile 2019

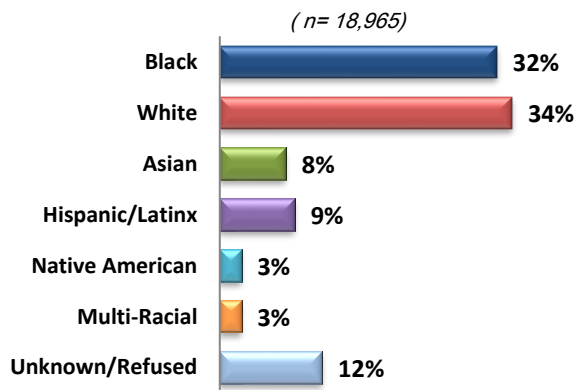
Adults Served

18,965 clients were served by the Adult Services Division in 2019. 5,771 clients were newly assigned to Adult Services in 2019. These totals reflect adults on supervision, investigation, transferred out, and warrant status.

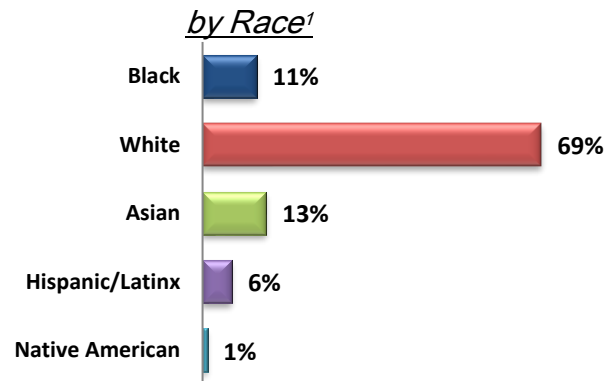
Adults Served by Corrections: Five Year Trend



2019 Adults Served by Race

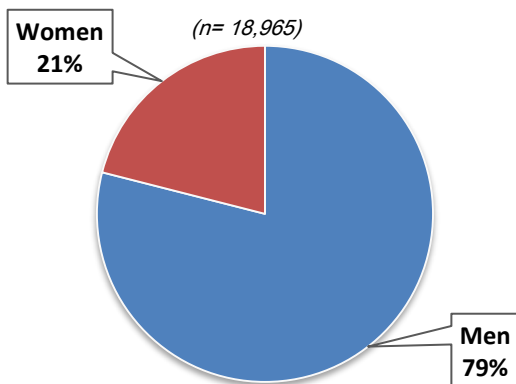


Ramsey County Adult Residents

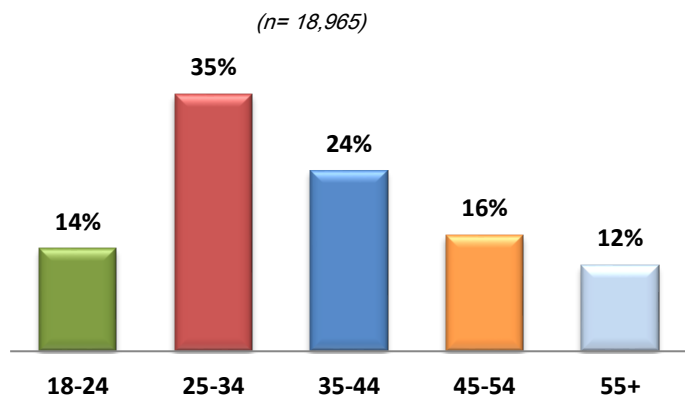


Black adults comprise approximately 11% of the county's population (18 or older) but account for 32% of adults served by the division in 2019.

2019 Adults Served by Gender



2019 Adults Served by Age Range



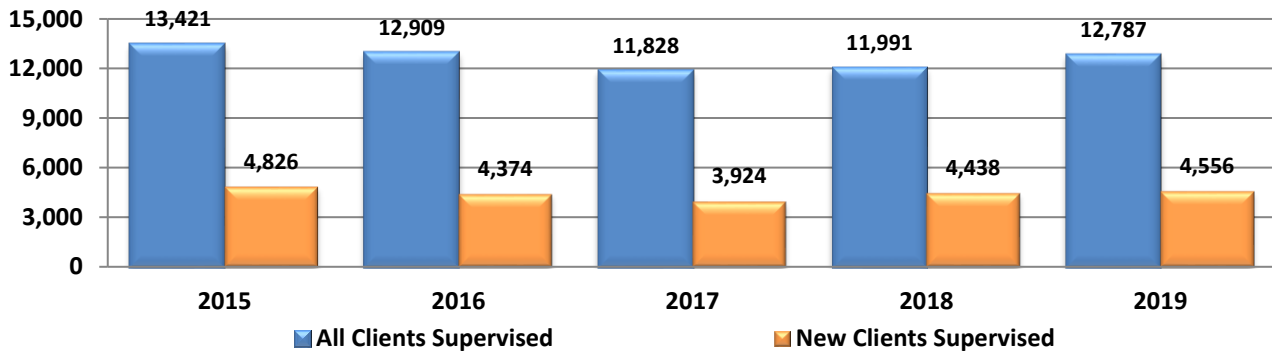
¹ Five year population estimate. Retrieved from www.ojdp.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop.

Adult Services Profile 2019

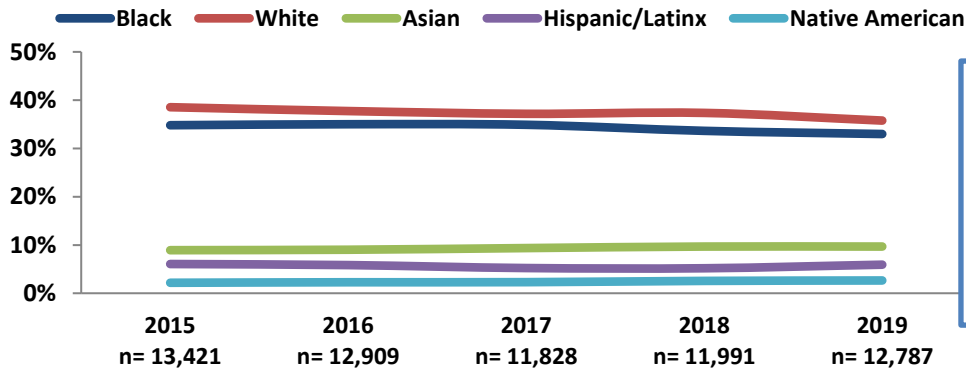
Adults Supervised

Of the 18,965 clients served in 2019, **12,787** (67%) were on active supervision (probation or supervised release) with the Adult Division.

Adults Supervised: Five Year Trend

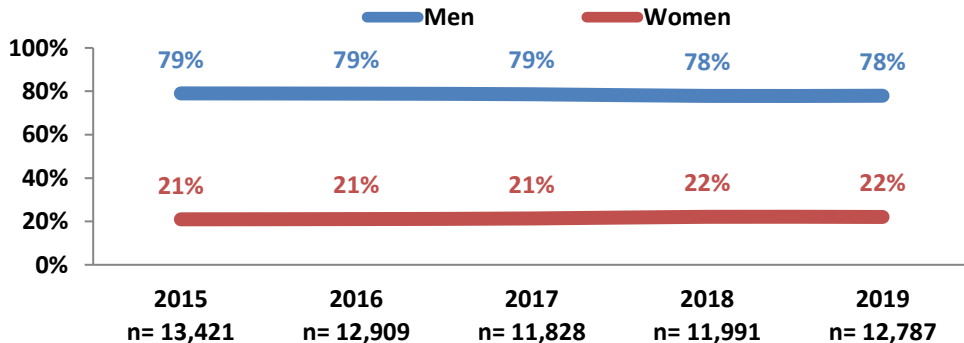


Adults Served by Race: Five Year Trend



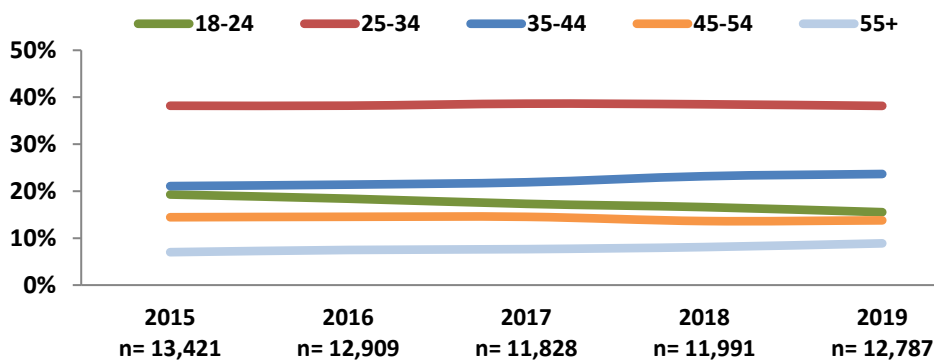
Over the past five years, the racial composition of adults supervised has remained consistent. About 35% of adults on supervision are Black, 37% are White.

Adults Supervised by Gender: Five Year Trend



Over the past five years, adults supervised by gender has remained consistent. Men comprise nearly 80% of adults on supervision.

Adults Served by Age Range: Five Year Trend



Over the past five years, adults supervised by age range has remained consistent. Nearly 40% of adults on supervision are between 25-34 years old. The average age is 35 years old.

Adult Services Profile 2019

Risk Assessment (LS/CMI)

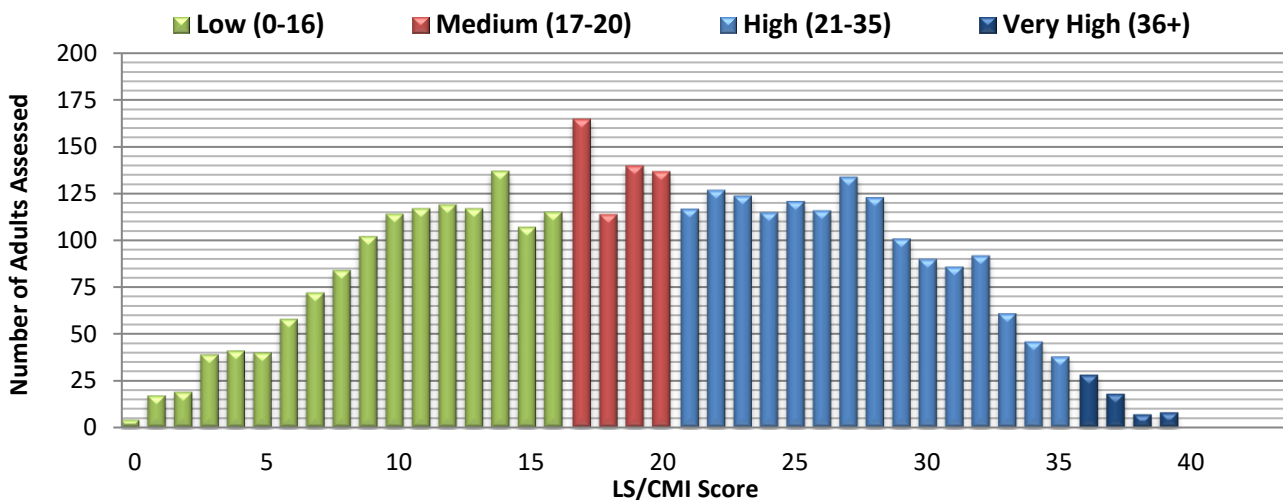
In keeping with best practice Adult Services uses the Level of Service/Case Management Inventory (LS/CMI) to determine a client's risk for re-offending, identify needs to be targeted during supervision, and measure client change.

In 2019, **3,410** LS/CMI assessments were completed for clients assigned to Adult Services. This includes both initial assessments and reassessments. Not all clients receive an LS/CMI. In general, LS/CMIs are completed on individuals that receive a full pre-sentence investigation, score high on a screening tool, or are assigned to high-risk supervision. A screening assessment is used with lower level clients.

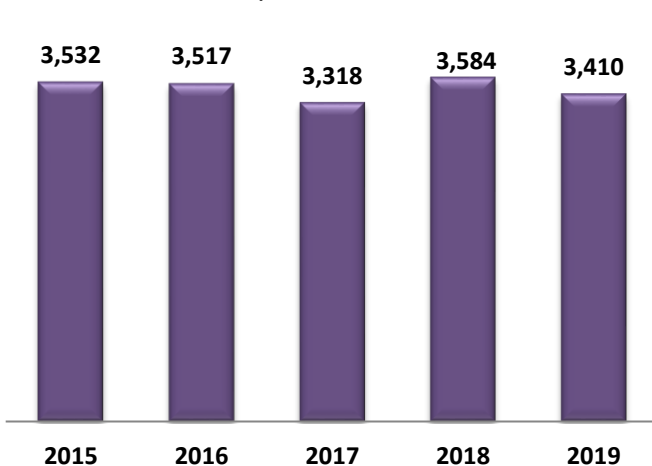
A higher score on the LS/CMI indicates a greater level of need and risk for reoffending.

- **Low scores (0-16)** represent 38% of adults assessed
- **Moderate scores (17-20)** represent 16% of adults assessed
- **High scores (21-35)** represent 44% of adults assessed
- **Very High scores (36+)** represent 2% of adults assessed.

2019 LS/CMI Assessments for Adults Served

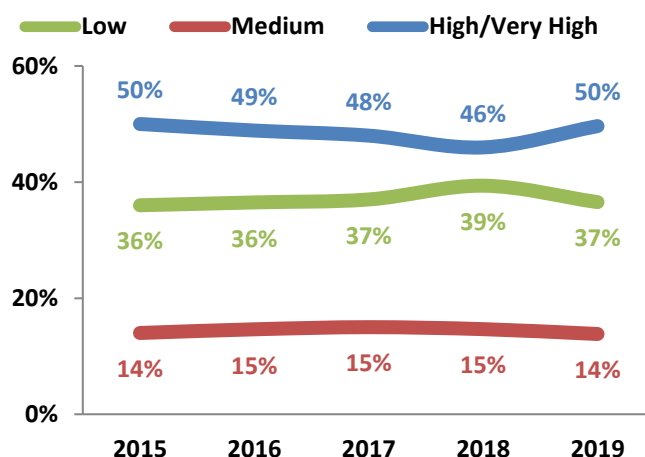


LS/CMIs Completed: Five Year Trend



About 3,500 LS/CMI assessments are completed annually.

Initial LS/CMIs by Risk Level: Five Year Trend



About 50% of adults are initially assessed at high or very high risk to reoffend.

Adult Services Profile 2019

Cases and Offenses

In 2019, **7,452** new cases were opened in Adult Services. Cases typically start either as an investigation or on supervision.

Investigation Cases

Of the 7,452 new cases opened in 2019, **5,434** (73%) originated as an investigation. There are four broad types of investigation cases in Adult Services: Pre-Sentence, Pre-Release, Case Transfer, and Restitution related investigations.

Pre-Sentence Investigation (PSI):

Investigations ordered by the Court to determine the appropriate sentencing. Investigations are tailored to an individual's offense and include a variety of components such as family history, work history, chemical use history, and psychological assessments.

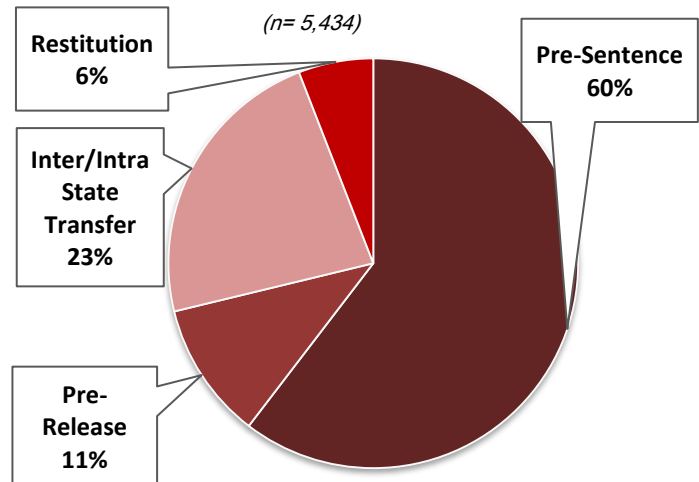
Pre-Release Investigation: Investigations conducted prior to the release of a client from prison to verify all aspects of supervision and terms of supervised release.

Inter/Intra State Case Transfer

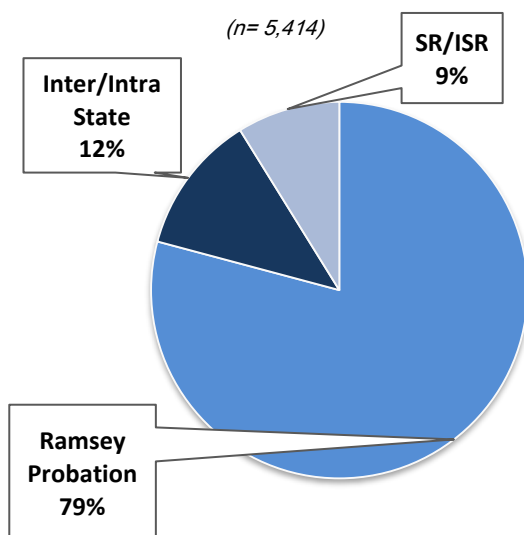
Investigation: Investigations related to the transfer of clients on probation or supervised release from other states or Minnesota counties to Ramsey County for supervision.

Restitution Investigation: Investigations related to post-sentence cases that have an outstanding restitution matter.

2019 New Investigation Cases



2019 New Supervision Cases



Supervision Cases

5,414 cases started on supervision in 2019. There are several types of supervision cases:

Ramsey County Probation: The Second Judicial Court places an adult on probation after he or she has pled or been found guilty for a crime. The Court outlines the specific conditions of probation the person must follow in order to successfully complete probation.

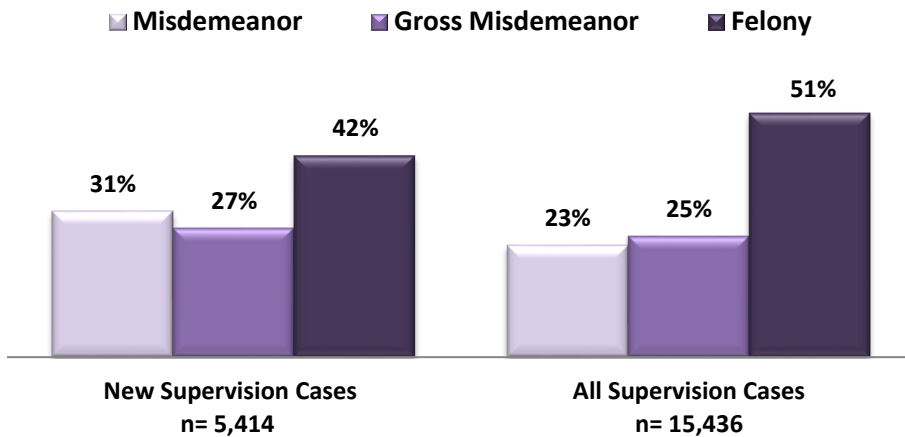
Inter/Intra State Probation: Adults that have been transferred to Ramsey County from other states or Minnesota counties for probation.

Supervised Release/Intensive Supervised Release: Adults released from Minnesota prisons are assigned to supervised release or intensive supervised release based on the type of offense and their risk for reoffending. Adults remain on SR/ISR until they reach expiration of their sentence.

Adult Services Profile 2019

The chart below compares the level of offense of new supervision cases with all cases supervised in 2019. New supervision cases are a subset of all supervision cases.

2019 Supervision Cases by Offense Level

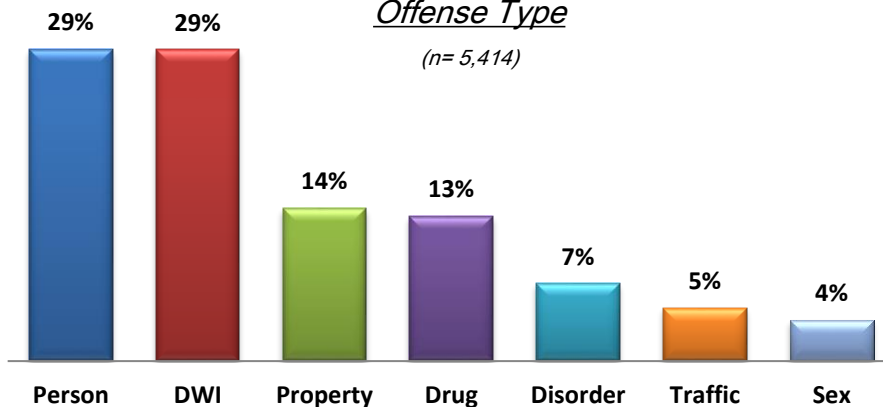


Felony cases accounted for 42% of new supervision cases in 2019, but represent 51% of all cases supervised in 2019. This is consistent with previous years.

2019 New Supervision Cases by

Offense Type

(n= 5,414)



Impaired driving, person, property, and drug offenses represent 85% of all cases supervised in 2019. This is consistent with previous years.

Person includes murder, manslaughter, criminal vehicular homicide, assault, robbery, domestic abuse, order for protection and no contact order violations, interfering with a 911 call, kidnapping, stalking, terroristic threats, malicious punishment of a child, harassment, riot, and weapons offenses.

DWI includes driving while intoxicated, DWI test refusal, criminal vehicular operation, criminal vehicular operation, and underage drinking and driving offenses.

Property includes burglary, theft, arson, forgery, counterfeiting, fraud, identity theft, receiving stolen property, and criminal damage to property offenses.

Drug includes drug sale and drug possession offenses.

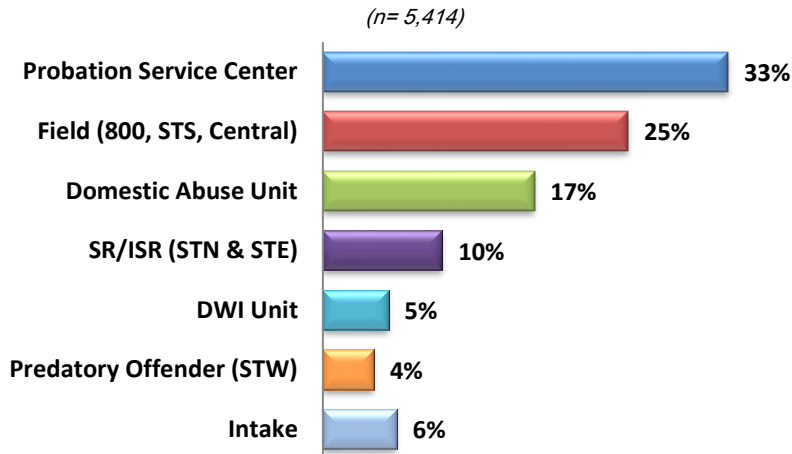
Disorder includes aiding an offender, fleeing police, giving false information to police, obstructing the legal process, and disorderly conduct offenses.

Traffic includes careless driving, reckless driving, and driving after cancellation.

Sex includes criminal sexual conduct, sex trafficking, pornography, prostitution, and violation of predatory offender registration offenses.

Adult Services Profile 2019

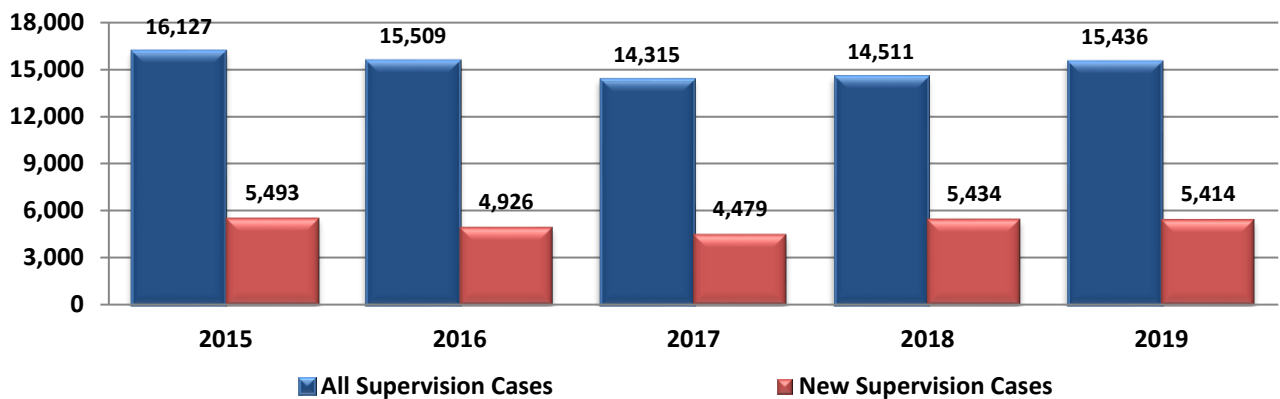
2019 New Supervision Cases by Unit Assigned



In 2019, 33% of new supervision cases were assigned to the Probation Service Center (formerly known as the Probation Reporting Center), which provides remote reporting and service referrals for clients identified as needing a less restrictive form of probation supervision.

There were **15,436** cases on active supervision (probation or supervised release) in 2019, with 35% of the cases (5,414) newly assigned.

Supervision Cases: Five Year Trend

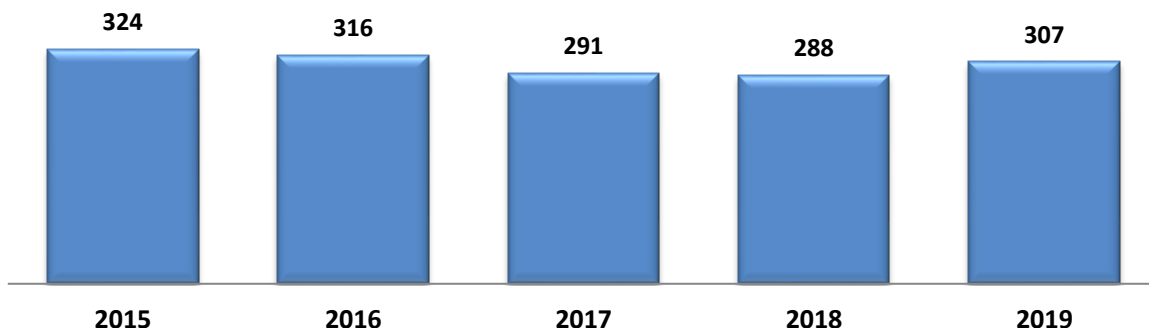


Sentence to Service

Sentence to Service (STS) is an alternative to incarceration for low-risk clients. STS offers an opportunity for eligible clients to repay the community for harm incurred by working on community service projects.

In 2019, **307** clients participated in STS.

Adults Served by STS: Five Year Trend



Adult Services Profile 2019

Community Monitoring Program

In support of the Department's strategic goal of *More Community, Less Confinement*, the Community Monitoring Program (CMP) was introduced in August 2018. The program gives probation officers additional behavioral response options beyond incarceration in response to probationer misconduct.

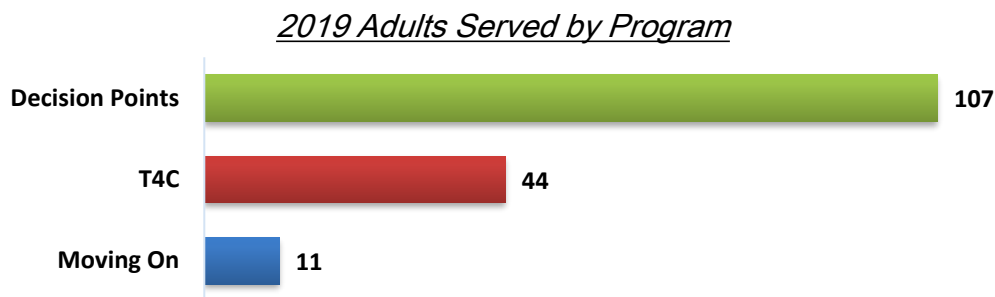
In 2019, **104** clients participated in CMP.

Cognitive Behavioral Programming

Three group-based curriculums were provided to adults on supervision in 2019:

- **Decision Points (men)** - An intervention that targets anti-social thoughts and distortions
- **Thinking for a Change (men)** - An intervention that concentrates on changing the criminogenic thinking of clients through teaching cognitive restructuring, social skills, and problem solving skills
- **Moving On (women)** - A gender-responsive intervention that seeks to improve communication skills, foster relationship building, and teach healthy ways to express emotion.

In 2019, **162** clients participated in cognitive behavioral programming.



Probation Violations

A probation violation (PV) is submitted to the 2nd Judicial District Court (Ramsey County) when a client has failed to follow or violated the terms and conditions of probation. Reasons for filing a PV could include failure to remain law abiding, absconding from supervision, or failure to enter or complete specialized programming (e.g. sex offender or domestic abuse). The determination to file a PV is based on the client's risk level and the seriousness of the current misconduct, per the behavioral criteria and guidelines specified in the Response to Offender Misconduct (ROMP).

2,093 clients had a PV submitted to the Court in 2019.

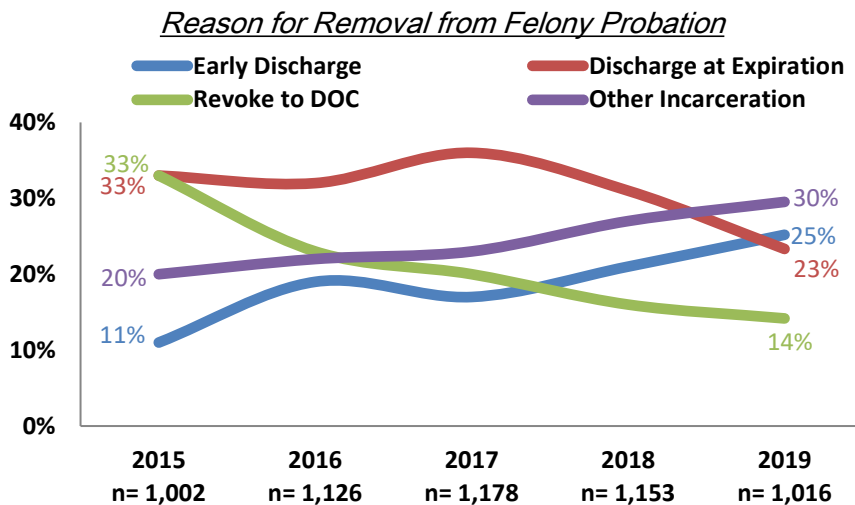


Adult Services Profile 2019

Probation Length

In 2019, there were **1,016** adults who were closed/removed from felony probation. Clients may be closed for various reasons:

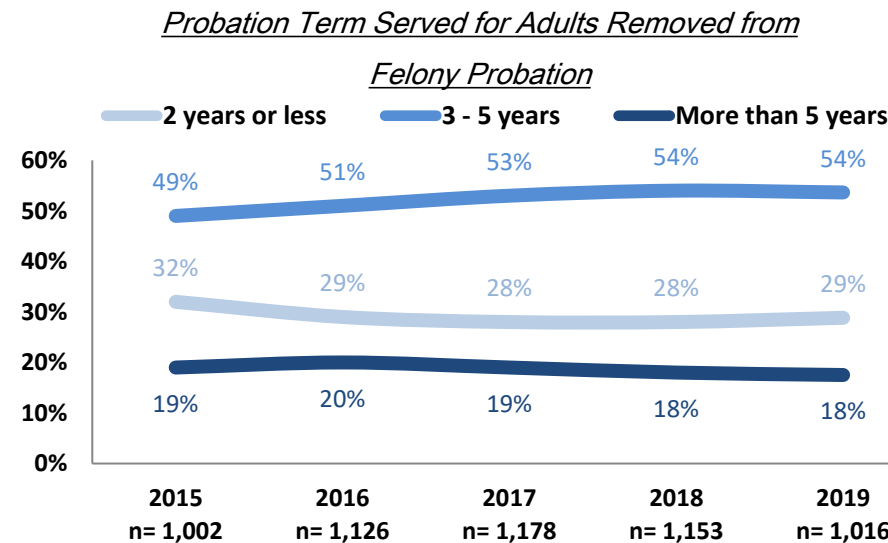
- *Early Discharge* - Client successfully completes probation early.
- *Discharge at Expiration* - Client is discharged upon completion of full probation term.
- *Revoke to MN Department of Corrections (DOC)* - Client has probation revoked and is committed to prison.
- *Other Incarceration* - Client is discharged from probation upon release from RCCF or for credit for time served in custody.
- *Other reasons* (not plotted on the chart) - Client removed from probation due to death or other court action.



On average, 17% of felony level clients were removed from probation as the result of an early discharge over the past five years.

Over the past five years, the percentage of felony clients removed from probation as the result of a revocation to DOC (prison) has decreased by 50%.

The chart below shows the length of probation term served for adults who were closed/removed from felony probation, regardless of the reason for closure.



In 2019, 54% of adults removed from probation were open for 3 to 5 years.

⁴Clients sentenced to probation in Ramsey County. Excludes clients discharged from inter/intra state probation or supervised release. Excludes clients sentenced in Ramsey County but transferred out to another county or jurisdiction for probation.

RCCF Profile 2019

RAMSEY COUNTY CORRECTIONAL FACILITY

Correctional Facility Superintendent: Allen Carlson 651-266-1441

Assistant Superintendent: Elizabeth Reetz

The Ramsey County Correctional Facility (RCCF) is a 556-bed facility, housing both male and female adult residents who have received a sentence from the Court for up to one year. In addition to housing Ramsey County commits, RCCF contracts with Dakota County to board both its sentenced and pre-sentenced female residents. After receiving a sentence, residents will either turn themselves in at a date and time agreed upon by the Court, or they may be transported to the RCCF from the Ramsey County Jail after their court hearings.

- Once at RCCF, all residents are given access to phones, hygiene items, clothing, mail, and visiting privileges
- After meeting with medical personnel and their individual case worker, a plan is created to address the personal needs of the resident
- A plan may include mental health assessments, addiction counseling services, medical treatments or other court-ordered requirements
- If a resident is eligible, RCCF offers Electronic Home Monitoring (EHM), where their sentence can be served at home and monitored with an ankle bracelet
- RCCF offers a Work and School Release Program, where eligible men and women can continue to work and go to school, and then return to the facility while serving their sentence.

RCCF offers programming to all residents serving their sentence.

- Work opportunities include the on-site nursery, laundry, kitchen, and housing details, as well as the kitchen at off-site Juvenile Detention Center
- Through our on-site Learning Center, residents may obtain their GED, take ESL classes, and earn certificates and education credits in partnership with local colleges
- Residents are offered courses in domestic violence education and cognitive skills for employment opportunities in partnership with Workforce Solutions
- Through the RCCF Transition Services, residents are offered services for veterans, housing, healthcare, identification, and child support.

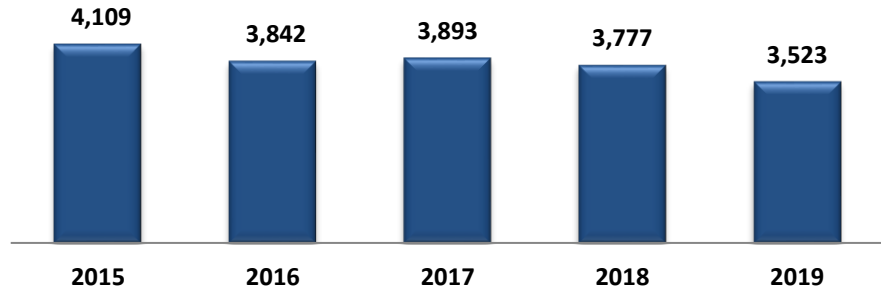
With the help of over 120 volunteers, RCCF staff hope the men and women serving their sentences at RCCF have more opportunity and investment upon their return to the community.

RCCF Profile 2019

Residents and Admissions

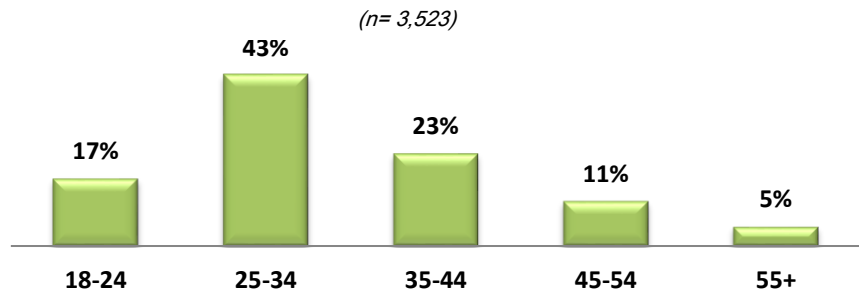
In 2019, RCCF served **3,793** residents. This includes both residents in custody prior to January 1, 2019 (**270**), and new residents admitted during 2019 (**3,523**). In addition to housing Ramsey County commits, RCCF contracts with Dakota County to board both its sentenced and pre-sentenced commits who are women.

RCCF Admissions: Five Year Trend

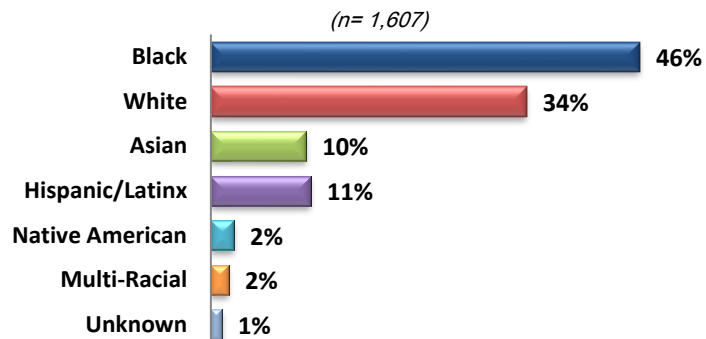


Since 2015, the number of admissions to RCCF has decreased by 14%.

2019 Admissions by Age Range

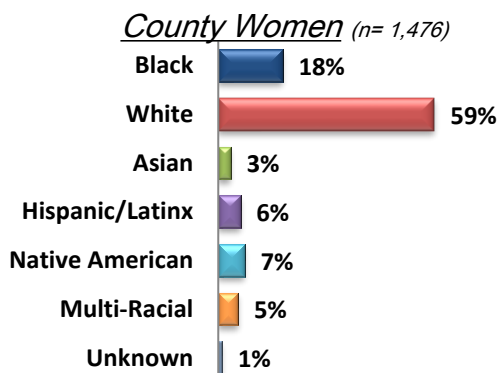


2019 Admissions by Race - Men

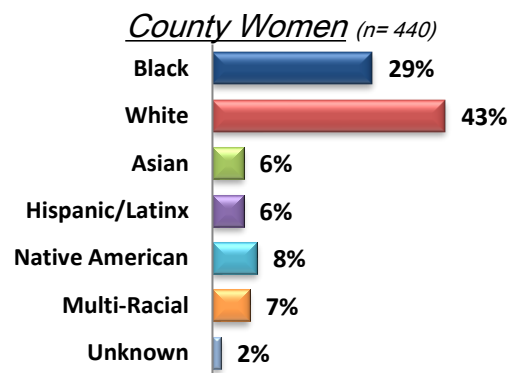


Compared to the overall adult population in Ramsey County, RCCF residents are disproportionately persons of color.

2019 Admissions by Race - Dakota



2019 Admissions by Race - Ramsey

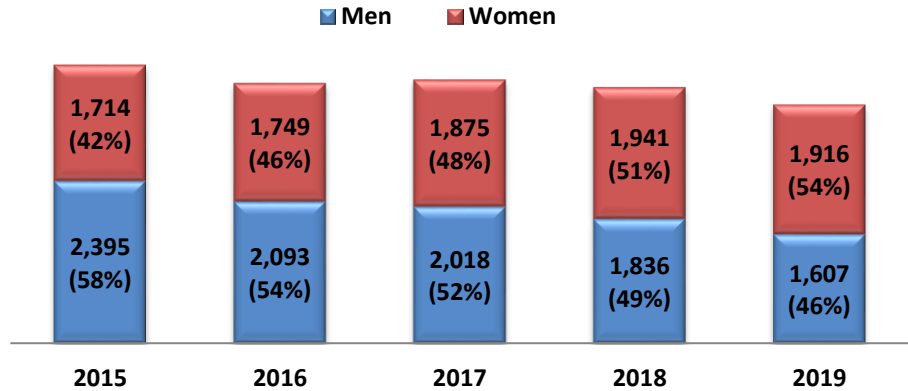


RCCF Profile 2019

Admissions by Gender: Five Year Trend

In 2019, 54% of the admissions were women, 46% were men.

Over the past five years, admissions for women have increased by 12% while admissions for men have decreased by 33%.

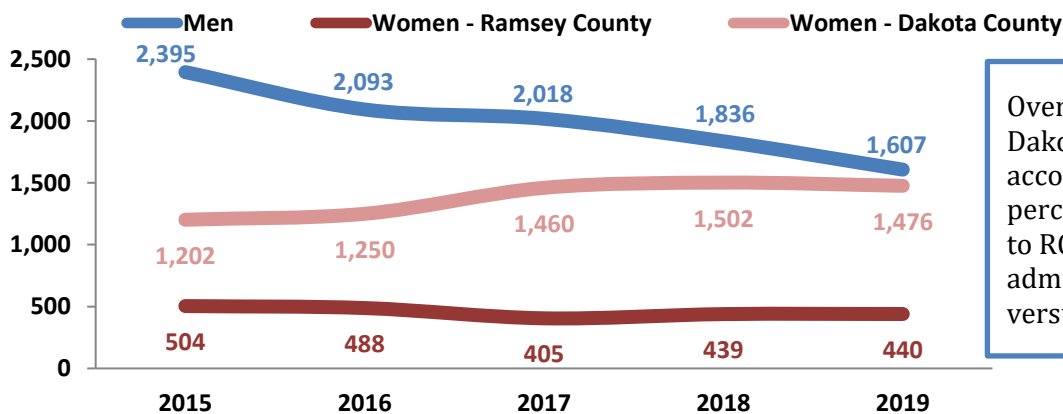


Residents come to RCCF predominantly from two county jurisdictions:

Ramsey County: Men and women who have been sentenced and who are committed by the Ramsey County 2nd Judicial Court.

Dakota County: Women who are either sentenced or pre-sentenced.

Admissions by Gender and Jurisdiction: Five Year Trend



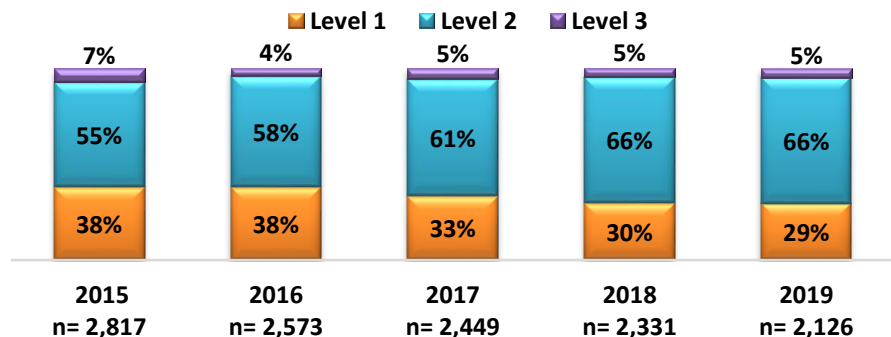
Over the past five years, Dakota County women account for a greater percentage of admissions to RCCF (29% of admissions in 2014 versus 42% in 2019).

Within 72 hours of being booked into the facility, residents are classified based largely on their offense history and previous institutional behavior. Classification determines dorm assignment, work opportunities, and other privileges. Level 1 is the least restrictive classification, Level 3 the most restrictive.

The following residents do not receive a classification: (a) those admitted but released on the same day to electronic home monitoring; and (b) those who stay less than 72 hours.

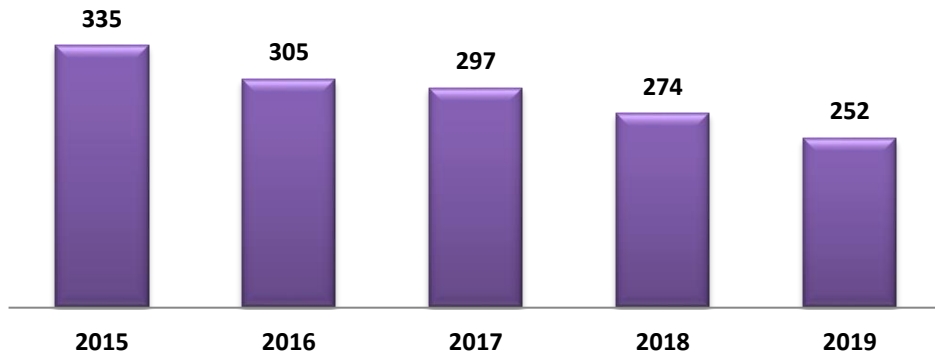
Admissions by Classification: Five Year Trend

Since 2015, there has been an increase in the percentage of Level 2 classifications.



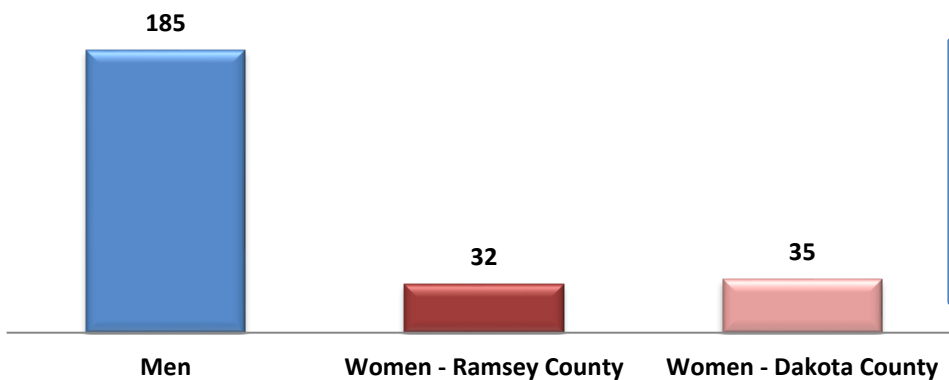
RCCF Profile 2019

Average Daily Population: Five Year Trend



The average daily population (ADP) reflects residents being served in the facility. Since 2015, the ADP has decreased by 25%.

2019 Average Daily Population by Gender



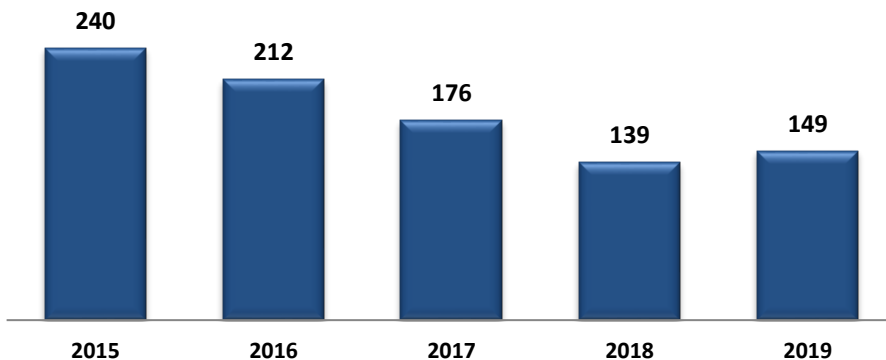
In 2019, male residents comprised 74% of the ADP at RCCF. Females comprised 26% of the ADP, with similar numbers for Ramsey and Dakota women.

Work Release

The work release (WR) program allows eligible residents to work or attend school while serving their sentence at RCCF. Residents must have authorization from the Court, provide proof of continuous and legitimate employment/post-secondary enrollment, and meet other eligibility requirements to participate.

In 2019, **149** residents participated in WR.

Number of Residents on WR



Despite a decrease in the number of residents participating in WR, annually about 7% of admissions participate in WR.

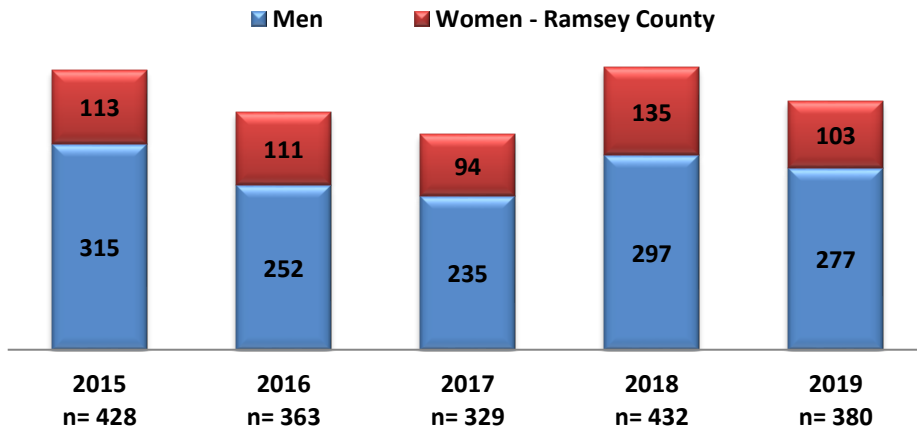
RCCF Profile 2019

Electronic Home Monitoring

The electronic home monitoring (EHM) program allows eligible residents to be released from custody at RCCF and serve their sentence at home using an electronic monitoring system, as an alternative to incarceration. Residents need to have authorization from the Court, have a sentence between 20-150 days on a non-person/violent offense, be drug free, and meet other eligibility criteria for the RCCF EHM program. Dakota County women are not eligible for EHM.

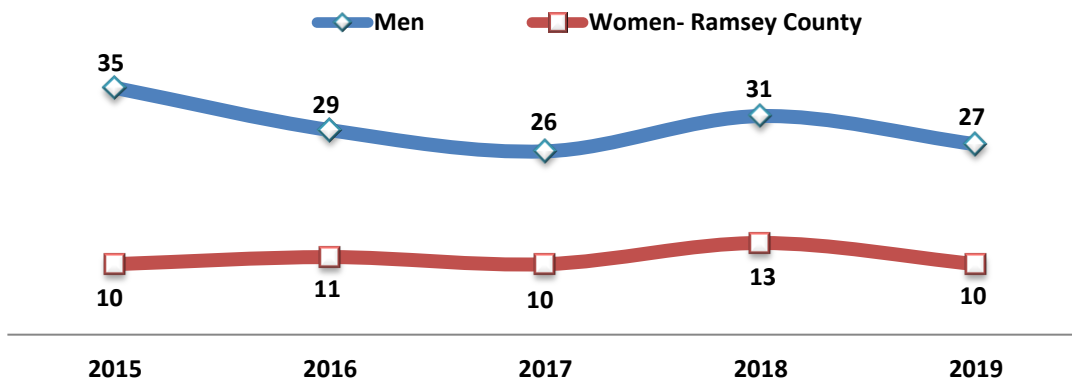
In 2019, **380** residents participated in EHM.

Number of Residents on EHM: Five Year Trend

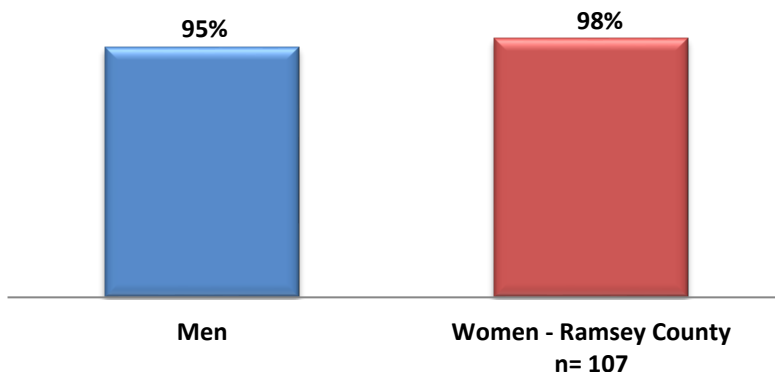


Since 2018, there has been an increase in the percentage of residents on EHM (19% in 2018-2019 versus 14% in 2015-2017).

ADP for Residents on EHM: Five Year Trend



2019 EHM Program Completion Rates



401 residents were discharged from EHM in 2019. Overall, 96% successfully completed EHM.

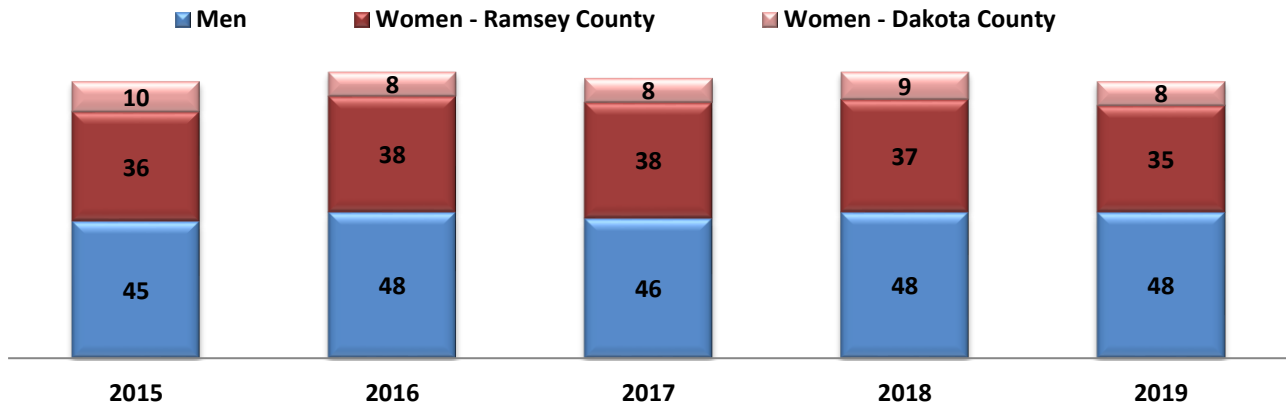
RCCF Profile 2019

Releases and Average Length of Stay

In 2019, 3,577 residents were released from RCCF. Men accounted for 47% of the releases, Ramsey County women for 12%, and Dakota County women for 41%.

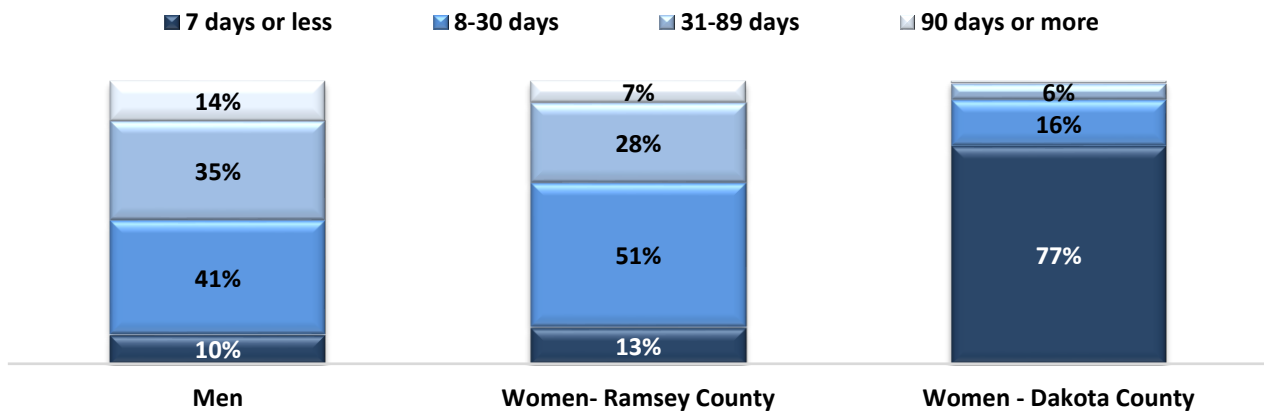
The charts below look at average length of stay (ALOS) at RCCF.

Average Length of Stay (Days) by Gender: Five Year Trend



Over the past five years, the average length of stay by gender has remained consistent. On average, men have longer stays at RCCF than women. Ramsey women have a longer ALOS than Dakota women.

2019 Length of Stay (Days) by Gender



77% of Dakota women residents had a stay of 7 days or less, compared to 13% of Ramsey women and 10% of the men.