

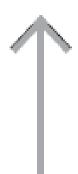
Waste System Overview



Andrea McKennan, Ramsey County Environmental Health

Minnesota's waste hierarchy

Most preferred environmental option



Least preferred environmental option Reduction

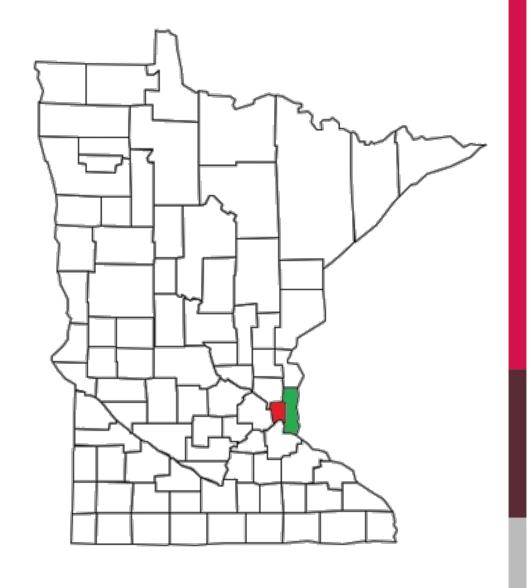
Reuse

Recycling

Composting

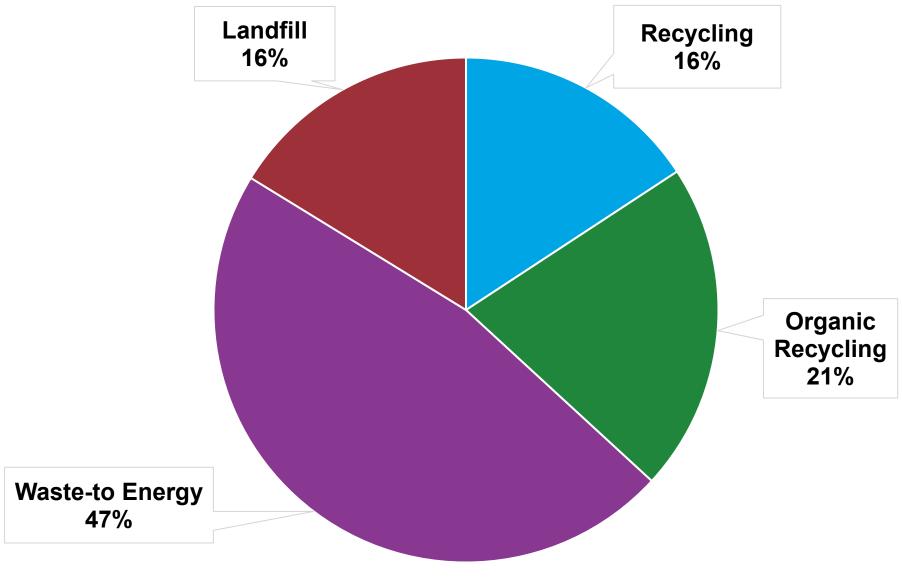
Waste to energy

Landfilling



Ramsey and Washington County Partnership

- Have worked together since 1980s to manage waste responsibly
- Today, work together through Ramsey/Washington Recycling & Energy
- 14% of state's population



Data from SCORE report

Trash



Upstream Programs

- Yard waste collection
- Medicine collection
- BizRecycling
- Food Scraps Pickup Program
- **Business Pollution Prevention Program**
- Food waste prevention programs
- Deconstruction
- Outreach and education
- Mattress recycling







Food Scraps

Program





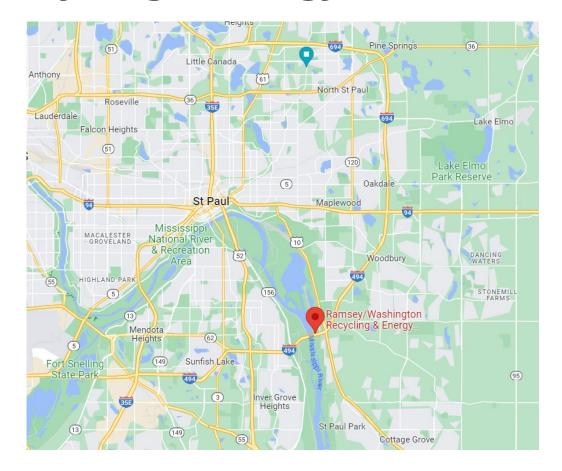








Downstream – Ramsey/Washington Recycling & Energy Center











What is the Recycling & Energy Center?



A. Landfill



B. Waste-To-Energy Power Plant



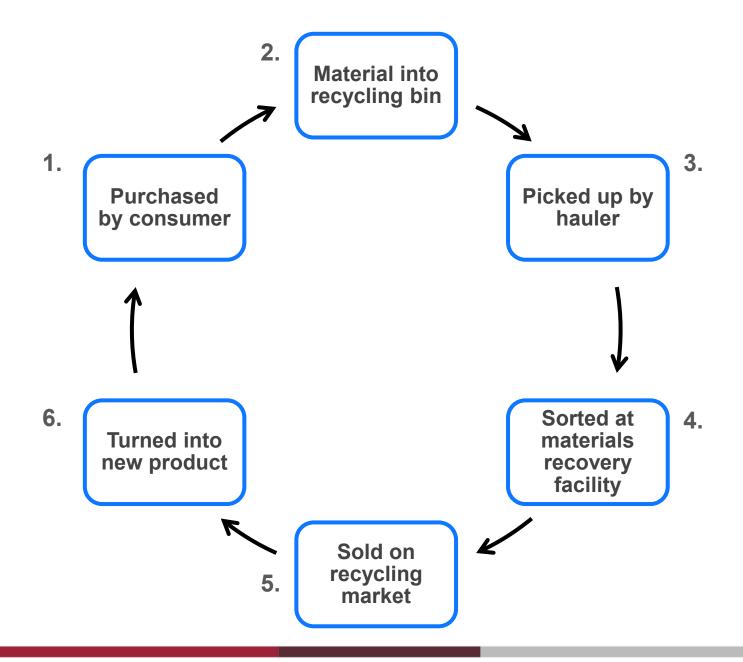
C. Recycling Center



D. Waste
Processing
Facility

Recycling





Recycling Yes List

- Metal cans
- Glass bottles and jars
- Plastic bottles, containers and jugs (numbers 1, 2 and 5)
- Paper and cardboard



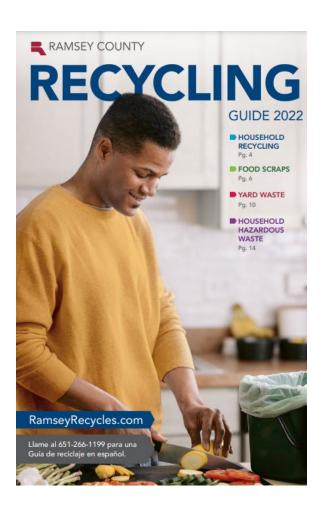






When in Doubt

- Check your city or hauler
- Ramsey County resources
 - Look at the Ramsey County A to Z guide
 - Look at the Ramsey County Recycling Guide
 - Call 633-EASY
 - Email <u>askEH@co.ramsey.mn.us</u>
- If still unsure, put in trash

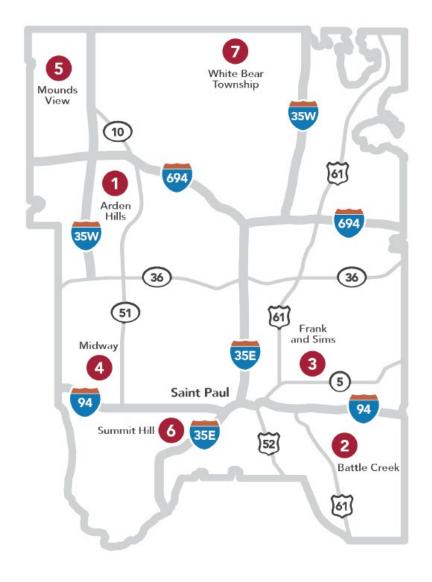


Yard Waste



Yard Waste

- Illegal to put yard waste in trash
- Seven free yard waste sites
- Ramsey residents can also use Washington County's Hugo yard waste site



Facilities that Manage Yard Waste





Food Waste

Food Waste

- Largest portion of residential trash by weight around 20%
- 10 drop off sites available 24/7
- Can also drop off at any yard waste site
- Free compostable bags at drop-off sites

Food Scraps Pickup Program

- Will be rolling out to Ramsey County residents in phases over the next several years
- Currently available to Maplewood and North Saint Paul residents

HOW IT WORKS



Order your free supply of food scrap bags.



Collect your food scraps in the bags. Once a week or when the bag is full, tie a knot at the top to close the bag.



Place your bag inside your trash cart or dumpster for collection.



Done! The food scraps will be composted.

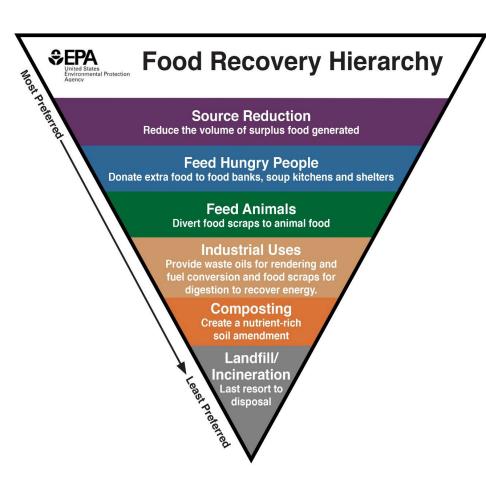
Accepted Items

- All food waste: bones, coffee grounds and filters, dairy, eggshells, fish, fruits and fruit peels, grains, meats, poultry, vegetables, and more
- Animal/pet food
- Bird feed/seeds
- Compostable cups, plates, utensils (look for BPI logo)
- Paper egg cartons
- Paper towels, tissues



Things You Can Do

- Reduce the amount of food waste produced
 - Don't over purchase food
 - Proper food storage
 - Freezer use
 - Understand food labels
- At home composting
- Participate in Ramsey County's food scraps collection program



Household Hazardous Waste

Household Hazardous Waste

Garage	Kitchen	Bathroom	Bedroom/Family Room
Used Oil	Oven Cleaner	Needles/Syringes	Cell Phone
Gasoline	Rust Remover	Lancets	Computer
Antifreeze	Florescent Lightbulbs	Mercury Thermometers	Television
Weed Killer	Bleach		Electronic Tablets
Insecticides			
Rodent Poisons	Storage Closet	Basement	Junk Drawer
Pool Chemicals	Electrical Cords	Paint	Rechargeable Batteries
Gas Cylinders	Holiday Lights	Solvents	Button Batteries
	, 0		

How to Identify Household Hazardous Waste

 Look for these words or symbols on the label: danger, caution, poison, toxic, corrosive, flammable, reactive, warning









Household Hazardous Waste Collection

- Year-round site in Saint Paul
- Mobile collection rotates monthly during warmer months
- Electronics collection at Repowered
- Coming in 2025 Environmental Service Center



Medicine Collection

- Five free drop-off locations hosted by Ramsey County
- Many clinics and pharmacies will take unwanted medicine as well

Waste Reduction and Reuse

County programs

- Deconstruction
- Fix-It Clinics
- Annual waste reduction challenges around food waste and plastic use
- Communication campaigns

Reduction and reuse

- Preventing waste before it happens through designing, manufacturing, purchasing or using items in a way that reduces the amount of waste created
- In industry this can look like:
 - Updating or modifying equipment to be more efficient/durable
 - Using less packaging
- For individuals:
 - Not taking a plastic bag at the store
 - Meal planning to prevent food waste
 - Buying used instead of new