Appendix A: Literature Search Sources



Literature Search Sources

- Hennepin County, City of St. Paul, A Summary of Experiences with 3-Lane Roadway Conversions, January 2012 (https://www.ceam.org/vertical/Sites/%7BD96B0887-4D81-47D5-AA86-9D2FB8BC0796%7D/uploads/Concurrent_Session_3_-_Bob_Byers_Eric_Drager_and_Monica_Beeman.pdf).
- 2. Iowa Department of Transportation, Office of Traffic and Safety, *4-Lane to 3-Lane Conversions*, n.d. (https://iowadot.gov/iowabikes/pdf/Road Diet.pdf).
- Knapp, K, B. Chandler, J. Atkinson, T. Welch, H. Rigdon, R. Retting, S. Meekins, E. Widstrand, R. Porter, and R. Crowe. *Road Diet Informational Guide*, Report No. FHWA-SA-14-028, Federal Highway Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, November 2014.
- 4. Rosales, J., *Road Diet Handbook: Setting Trends for Livable Streets*. 2nd ed., Parsons Brinckerhoff, 2007.
- 5. Federal Highway Administration, *Road Diets (Roadway Reconfigurations)*, n.d. (<u>https://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/road_diets/</u>).

Appendix B: Segment Characteristics Maps



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 52% EB/48% WB
Directional split :	PM: 68% EB/32% WB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level	¹ : Medium
Bike Activity Level	¹ : Medium
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 118
Crashes/Mile ² :	147.5

Corridor 1 Transit Routes

	R	0	u	t	e	3	2	
1	R	Ò	u	t	e	8	0	1

Segment 1A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ : Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	23 mph 35 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	7,400
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	624

Segment 1B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	23 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Speed Limit:	35 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	12,900 - 13,100
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,141

Source: StreetLight Data Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ¹Source: Spack Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.







Directional Split ¹ :	PM: 68% EB/32% WB
Fruck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹	: Medium
Bike Activity Level	': Medium
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 118
Crashes/Mile ² :	147.5

Corridor 1 Transit Routes

Route 32 Route 801

General Notes

- Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- Fransit boardings and alightings are 2018 veekday averages.

Segment 1B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	23 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Speed Limit:	35 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	12,900 - 13,100
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,141



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2018)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 1B)

Segment 1 County Road B2 (Long Lake Road to Fairview Avenue)



PM: 67% EB/33% WBTruck Route:NoPed Activity Level1:LowBike Activity Level1:LowCrashes in 5 Years2:183	Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 27% EB/73% WB
Ped Activity Level1:LowBike Activity Level1:LowCrashes in 5 Years2:183	Directional Split.	PM: 67% EB/33% WB
Bike Activity Level1:LowCrashes in 5 Years2:183	Truck Route:	No
Crashes in 5 Years ² : 183		
Cueshes /Milez	Crashes in 5 Years	² : 183
Crashes/Ivme-: 05.4	Crashes/Mile ² :	65.4

Corridor 2 Transit Routes

Route 71 Route 223

Source: StreetLight Data

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 2A

Segment 2A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	10,300
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume4:	820

Segment 2B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	8,700 - 10,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	691 - 833





Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Segment 2 County Road C (Lexington Avenue to 1-35E)



AM: 27% EB/73% WB
PM: 67% EB/33% WB
No
Low
¹ : Low
² : 183
65.4

Corridor 2 Transit Routes

Route	71	
Route	223	

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 2B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	8,700 - 10,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	691 - 833

Segment 2C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	39 mph
Speed Limit:	35 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	7,300
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	492





Source: StreetLight Data Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2018) *Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops Spack Consulting ADT (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) X,XXX) Marked Crosswalk

(At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 2B)

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only; widths vary by locations

Existing Typical Section (Segment 2C)

Segment 2 County Road C (Lexington Avenue to I-35E)

Sheet 3 of 4



ALLIANT

County Road C (Lexington Avenue to I-35E)

Sheet 4 of 4



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 65% EB/35% WB
Directional split.	PM: 38% EB/62% WB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level	': Low
Bike Activity Level	¹ : Medium
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 130
Crashes/Mile ² :	130

Corridor 3 Transit Routes

Route	4
Route	141
Route	801

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 3 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	26 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	39 mph
Speed Limit:	35 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	14,100
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	739



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 3 County Road D (Silver Lake Road to Old Highway 8)

Sheet 1 of 2





The second is the second	
Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 65% EB/35% WB
Directional opint .	PM: 38% EB/62% WB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level	1: Low
Bike Activity Level	¹ : Medium
Crashes in 5 Years	
Crashes/Mile ² :	130
and the second sec	

Corridor 3 Transit Routes

Rou	ite	4	
Rou	ite	14	1
Rou	ite	80	1

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 3 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	26 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily)1:	39 mph
Speed Limit:	35 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	14,100
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume4:	739



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 3 County Road D (Silver Lake Road to Old Highway 8)



Segment 4A

Corridor 4 Characteristics

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 54% EB/46% WB
	PM: 53% EB/47% WB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level	Low
Bike Activity Level ¹	: Low
Crashes in 5 Years ²	: 131
Crashes/Mile ² :	187.1

Corridor 4 Transit Routes

No transit routes on this corridor.

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 4A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	33 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	45 mph
Speed Limit:	45 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	15,800
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume4:	831

Boulevard & Sidewalk
28'

¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: MnDOT (2018) ⁴Calculated based on MnDOT (2018) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





Segment 4 County Road E (Labore Road to TH 61)

Sheet 1 of 2



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 54% EB/46% WB
	PM: 53% EB/47% WB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level	
Bike Activity Level	
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 131
Crashes/Mile ² :	187.1

Corridor 4 Transit Routes

No transit routes on this corridor.

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 4A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	33 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	45 mph
Speed Limit:	45 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	15,800
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume4:	831

Segment 4B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	33 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	45 mph
Speed Limit:	45 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	15,800
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	831



Boulevard & Sidewalk Varies

Source: StreetLight Data Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT *Source: MnDOT (2018)
*Calculated based on MnDOT (2018) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Existing Typical Section (Segment 4A)

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Existing Typical Section (Segment 4B)

		Vidth ~98'		
East	bound		West	bound
avel Lane IJ	Travel Lane D	Left-turn Lanes & Buffer	Travel Lane	Travel Lane
13'	12'	16'	12'	13'

Segment 4 County Road E (Labore Road to TH 61)



Discussional Called	AM: 71% EB/29% WB
Directional Split ¹ :	PM: 44% EB/56% WB
Truck Route:	No
Ped Activity Level	l: Low
Bike Activity Level	1: Medium
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 46
Crashes/Mile ² :	115.0

Corridor 5 Transit Routes

No transit routes on this corridor.

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 5 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	32 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	48 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	11,500
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	683

Boulevard & Sidewalk Varies

Source: StreetLight Data Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ¹Source: Spack Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section

		dth ~76' Nidth ~50'		4
East	tbound	West	bound	
Travel Lane	Travel Lane ↓	Travel Lane	Travel Lane	Boulevard & Sidewalk
13'	12'	12'	13'	Varies

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 53% NB/47% SB PM: 45% NB/55% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	High
Bike Activity Level1:	Medium
Crashes in 5 Years ² :	. 172
Crashes/Mile ² :	245.7

Corridor 6 Transit Routes

Route 65

General Notes

- 1. Where there are no notes about parking, parking is not allowed.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 6 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	24 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	32 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	7,900 - 17,900
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	985

Parking Notes:

11 hour parking (8am-6pm)6No Parking During Early Morning (2am-7am Mon)215 minute parking (8am-4pm)7No Parking During Early Morning (2am-7am M-W-F)32 Hour Limit During Day (8am-6pm Every Day)8No Parking During Early Morning (2am-7am Thurs)4No parking During PM Peak (4pm-6pm Mon-Fri)9No Parking During Early Morning (2am-7am T-Th-S)

F	
Boulevard & Sidewalk	Trave
10'	

Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

³Source: MnDOT (2017 & 2018) ⁴Calculated based on MnDOT (2017 & 2018) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



	13 14 mm		S. S. S. S.	Contraction of the	21		
ton the		3	Boardings	Alightings		Boardings	Alightings
R.L.		NUE	1	10	NUE	0	4
	L	AVE	- Sul/	Moran	IVE	mary/	1 1 1 1 1
		MARSHALL AVENUE	7		IGLEHART AVENUE	1	Entheran hurch of the
		RSH	10-1	121	EHA	17,200	l(edeemer
hand	4	WW			E.	11,200	1,300
-	the second		and some state	100	-	1.00	100
=				-	10 10	The state	-
4) (4	1/1	5-	ale for 1	10	1 1	
201	7	2.1	and the second	1-0-		T	
100	1		157		214	T. 190	Chill
100	and a second second	1	Boardings A	lightings		78	1-1-
ardings	Alightings			100 C 100	1000	ALC: NOT THE OWNER.	and the second second
bardings	Alightings 1		4	1	1.5	Ci	pitol Hill anet School

Existing Typical Section



Dale Street (Grand Avenue to Iglehart Avenue)



AM: 41% NB/59% SB
PM: 66% NB/34% SB
Yes
: Low I: Low
2: 308
. 508

Corridor 7 Transit Routes

Route 65

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 7A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	26 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	13,600 - 15,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,138



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2016 & 2018)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 7A)

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Sheet 1 of 4



Corridor 7 Transit Routes

Route 65

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 41% NB/59% SB
birectional spire.	PM: 66% NB/34% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Low
Bike Activity Level1:	Low
Crashes in 5 Years ²	
Crashes/Mile ² :	114.1

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 7A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	26 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	13,600 - 15,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,138



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2016 & 2018)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 41% NB/59% SB
	PM: 66% NB/34% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹	: Low
Bike Activity Level	¹ : Low
Crashes in 5 Years	
Crashes/Mile ² :	114.1

Corridor 7 Transit Routes

Route 65

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 7B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	44 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	13,500
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	938

Boulevard & Sidewalk Varies

Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2018) LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops O (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk $\langle \! \! \! \! \! \rangle$ (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 7B)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 7 Dale Street (Como Avenue to TH 36)

Sheet 3 of 4



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 41% NB/59% SB PM: 66% NB/34% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level1:	Low
Bike Activity Level ¹	: Low
Crashes in 5 Years ²	
Crashes/Mile ² :	114.1

Corridor 7 Transit Routes

Route 65

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise. 2. Transit boardings and
- alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 7B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	44 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	13,500
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	938

Segment 7C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	30 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	42 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	14,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	783



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Boulevard

Varies

& Sidewalk



Existing Typical Section (Segments 7B)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Existing Typical Section (7C)



Sheet 4 of 4



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 40% NB/60% SB PM: 54% NB/46% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Medium
Bike Activity Level ¹ :	Medium
Crashes in 5 Years ² :	160
Crashes/Mile ² :	177.8
and the second state of the	

Corridor 8 Transit Routes

Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL	
Route 264	

Source: StreetLight Data

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 8A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	23 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	35 mph
Speed Limit:	35 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	14,200
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume4:	755

Segment 8B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	23 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	35 mph
Speed Limit:	35 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	14,200
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	755





¹Source: Spack Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops • (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk $\langle \! \! \! \! \! \rangle$ (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 8A)

Existing Typical Section (Segment 8B)

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 8

Fairview Avenue (County Road B2 to County Road C2)

Sheet 1 of 2



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 40% NB/60% SB PM: 54% NB/46% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Medium
Bike Activity Level1:	Medium
Crashes in 5 Years ² :	: 160
Crashes/Mile ² :	177.8

Corridor 8 Transit Routes

Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

T	1000	225	
100	ute.	663	
Po	ute	264	

Source: StreetLight Data



General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 8B Characteristics		
Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	23 mph	
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily)1:	35 mph	
Speed Limit:	35 mph	
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	14,200	
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	755	

Segment 8C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	XX mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	XX mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	8,600
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	466



ľ		-
	Boulevard & Sidewalk	Should
	12'	7'

¹Source: Spack Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops • (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk $\langle \! \! \! \! \! \rangle$ (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 8B)

Existing Typical Section (Segment 8C)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 8 Fairview Avenue (County Road B2 to County Road C2)



AM: 9% NB/91% SB PM: 74% NB/26% SB
Yes
Low
: Low
: 180
47.4

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and
- alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 9A

Segment 9A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	51 mph
Speed Limit:	45 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	21,400
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	1,854



Corridor 9 Transit Routes



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

³Source: MnDOT (2017) ⁴Calculated based on MnDOT (2017) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 9A)

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 9 Lexington Avenue (Highway 96 to County Road J)

Sheet 1 of 6



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 9% NB/91% SB PM: 74% NB/26% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Low
Bike Activity Level ¹ :	
Crashes in 5 Years ² :	180
Crashes/Mile ² :	47.4

Corridor 9 Transit Routes

Route 261

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 9A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	51 mph
Speed Limit:	45 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	21,400
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	1,854



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

⁴Calculated based on MnDOT (2017)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





Existing Typical Section (Segment 9A)

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 9 Lexington Avenue (Highway 96 to County Road J)



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 9% NB/91% SB
	PM: 74% NB/26% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Low
Bike Activity Level ¹ :	
Crashes in 5 Years ² :	180
Crashes/Mile ² :	47.4

Corridor 9 Transit Routes

Route 261



General Notes

2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 9A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	51 mph
Speed Limit:	45 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	21,400
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	1,854

Segment 9B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	45 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	69 mph
Speed Limit:	45 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume⁵:	11,100 - 20,600
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁵:	986

Boulevard & Sidewalk



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

³Source: MnDOT (2017) ⁴Calculated based on MnDOT (2017) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality

⁵Source: Spack Consulting (2019) ⁶Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2019) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 9A & 9B)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 9 Lexington Avenue (Highway 96 to County Road J)

Sheet 3 of 6



ALLIANT



MATCHLINE - SEE SHEET 5

Segment 9 Lexington Avenue (Highway 96 to County Road J)

Sheet 4 of 6



Corridor 9 Transit Routes

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 9% NB/91% SB PM: 74% NB/26% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Low
Bike Activity Level1:	Low
Crashes in 5 Years ²	
Crashes/Mile ² :	47.4

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 9B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	45 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	69 mph
Speed Limit:	45 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	11,100 - 20,600
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	986

	l –
Boulevard & Sidewalk	Travel Land
1977 N. 44	Û
Varies	13'

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

Route 261

³Source: Spack Consulting (2019) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2019) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 9B)



Segment 9 Lexington Avenue (Highway 96 to County Road J)

Sheet 5 of 6



Sheet 6 of 6



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 27% EB/71% WB PM: 51% EB/49% WB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level	: High
Bike Activity Level	¹ : Low
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 39
Crashes/Mile ² :	195.0

Corridor 10 Transit Routes

Route	219
Route	270

General Notes

- 1. Where there are no notes about parking, parking is not allowed.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 10 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	22 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	33 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	3,200
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	160



Source: StreetLight Data Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ⁴Source: Spack Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section

Segment 10 Lydia Avenue (White Bear Avenue to Ariel Street)

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 48% EB/52% WB
Directional split .	PM: 50% EB/50% WB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level	': Medium
Bike Activity Level	¹ : High
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 76
Crashes/Mile ² :	190.0
and the second second second second	

Corridor 11 Transit Routes

R	0	u	t	e	2	1
R	o	u	t	e	5	3

noure 55

Segment 11A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	23 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	33 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	19,200
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	974

Segment 11B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	23 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	33 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	19,200
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	974

Segment 11C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	23 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	33 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	19,200
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	974

Source: StreetLight Data

²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2017) LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection

Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection **Public Transit Stops** •

(If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk $\langle \! \! \! \! \! \rangle$ (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.



Existing Typical Section (Segment 11A)

- ROW Width ~108 Roadway Width ~68' Eastbound Westbound Boulevard Parking Bike Boulevard Travel Lane Travel Lane Travel Lane Travel Lane & Sidewalk Lane Lane & Sidewalk Left-turn Lanes 1 or Median Varies Varies 13' 11 9 11

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only





Existing Typical Section (Segment 11B)

Existing Typical Section (Segment 11C)

Segment 11 Marshall Avenue (Mississippi River Boulevard to Cretin Avenue)



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 44% EB/56% WB
Directional split .	PM: 58% EB/42% WB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level	
Bike Activity Level	1: Medium
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 190
Crashes/Mile ² :	633.3

Corridor 12 Transit Routes

No transit routes on this corridor.

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 12 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	25 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	17,000
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	855



Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2018)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section

	Roadway \	Vidth ~40'		ł
Eastb	ound	Westb	ound	
	Travel Lane	Travel Lane	Travel Lane	Boulevard & Sidewalk
	Û	Û	Û	
ļ	10'	10'	10'	10'



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 27% EB/73% WB
	PM: 60% EB/40% WB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹	: Medium
Bike Activity Level	¹ : Medium
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 253
Crashes/Mile ² :	281.1

Corridor 13 Transit Routes

Route 54 Route 64

G	ien	era	IN	otes
---	-----	-----	----	------

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 13A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	25 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily)1:	34 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	13,800
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	628

Segment 13B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	25 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	11,100 - 14,300
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	742



Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2018)

LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection

 $\langle \! \! \! \! \! \rangle$

Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) O

Marked Crosswalk

(At unsignalized intersection)

Public Transit Stops

(If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Boulevard & Sidewalk

10'



Existing Typical Section (Segment 13B)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 13 Maryland Avenue (Clarence Street to White Bear Avenue)

Sheet 1 of 2



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 27% EB/73% WB PM: 60% EB/40% WB	1. Parking not permi unless noted othe
Truck Route: Ped Activity Level ² Bike Activity Level Crashes in 5 Years Crashes/Mile ² :	Yes : Medium ¹ : Medium	2. Transit boardings alightings are 201 weekday averages

General Notes

nitted erwise.

and 18 es.

Segment 13B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily)¹: 25 mph Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily)¹: 34 mph 30 mph Speed Limit: Segment Average Annual Daily Volume³: 11,100 - 14,300 Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume³: 742



Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2018)

Route 54 Route 64



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 13B)

Segment 13 Maryland Avenue (Clarence Street to White Bear Avenue)





Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 48% NB/52% SB
Truck Route:	PM: 54% NB/46% SB Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Medium
Bike Activity Level ¹ : Crashes in 5 Years ² :	
Crashes/Mile ² :	26.7

Corridor 14 Transit Routes

No transit routes on this corridor.

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018

weekday averages.

Segment 14 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	26 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	33 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	12,000
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	497



Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2019)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 27% NB/73% SB
a production of the first	PM: 75% NB/25% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Low
Bike Activity Level1:	Medium
Crashes in 5 Years ²	: 153
Crashes/Mile ² :	76.5

Corridor 16 Transit Routes

D	Route 4	
11	Route 141	ľ

General Notes

unless noted otherwise. 2. Transit boardings and

1. Parking not permitted

alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 16A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	10,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	799

Segment 16B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume⁵:	15,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁶ :	1,176





Source: StreetLight Data Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

³Source: MnDOT (2017)

*Calculated based on MnDOT (2017) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality

Source: MnDOT (2014) Calculated based on MnDOT (2014) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



X,XXX

Old Highway 8 (County Road D to 5th Avenue NW)

Existing Typical Section (Segment 16C)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Existing Typical Section (Segment 16D)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Corridor 16 Characteristics

Corridor 16 Characteristi	cs	General Notes	
DIPECHONAL SOUL	27% NB/73% SB 75% NB/25% SB Yes	1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.	
Ped Activity Level ¹ : Bike Activity Level ¹ : Crashes in 5 Years ² : Crashes/Mile ² :	Low Medium 153 76.5	2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.	
Corridor 16 Transit Route Route 4 Route 141	25		
LEGEND XX MnDOT AADT	Signaliza	ed Intersection Parking allo	w
	0	ed Intersection — Parking allo stop Intersection @ Public Tran	

Boardings Alightings Boardings Alightings Boardings Alightings SHEET 2 ſ 2 0 2 0 2 0 OLD HIGHWAY 8 **MATCHLINE - SEE** Boardings Alightings Boardings Alightings Boardings Alightings Ū. 2 0 1 0 2 Segment 16C

Segment 16C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	11,500 - 14,500
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	924

Segment 16D Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	39 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	7,900
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	473



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study






Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 26% NB/74% SB PM: 65% NB/35% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹	Low
Bike Activity Level ¹	: Low
Crashes in 5 Years ²	² : 141
Crashes/Mile ² :	82.9

Ro	ute	25
Ro	ute	825

Source: StreetLight Data

Corridor 17 Transit Routes

orridor 17	Transic	Nou
oute 25		
oute 825		

General Notes 1. Parking not permitted

- unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 17A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	12,300
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume4:	815

Segment 17B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	8,800
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	590







Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ¹Source: Spack Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops O

> Marked Crosswalk (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



(If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour)

Segment 17 Silver Lake Road (Mississippi Street to Mounds View Boulevard)

Segment 17B

Existing Typical Section (17B)

Sheet 1 of 3

MATCHLINE - SEE	SILVER LAKE R	DAD	Boardin
<	Segm	nent 17B	Segment 17C
Corridor 17 CharacteristicsDirectional Split1:AM: 26% NB/74% SB PM: 65% NB/35% SBTruck Route:YesPed Activity Level1:LowBike Activity Level1:LowCrashes in 5 Years2:141	 General Notes 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise. 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages. 	Segment 17B Characteristics Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ : Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ : Speed Limit: Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ : Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	29 mph 37 mph 40 mph 8,800 590
Crashes/Mile ² : 82.9 Corridor 17 Transit Routes	Weekady averages.	Segment 17C Characteristics Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ : Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph 37 mph 40 mph
Route 25 Route 825		Speed Limit: Segment Average Annual Daily Volume³: Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	7,900 520
StreetLight Data rs crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT Spack Consulting (2018) ad based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality LEGEND	۲		Travel L

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study

X,XXX St. Paul Compass AADT

(If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour)

O

All-way stop Intersection

Marked Crosswalk (At unsignalized intersection) 0

Public Transit Stops



Segment 17 Silver Lake Road (Mississippi Street to Mounds View Boulevard)



ting Typical Section (17B)



ting Typical Section (17C)



Sheet 2 of 3

MATCHLINE - SEE SHEET 2



Segment 17C

Corridor 17 Characteristics

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 26% NB/74% SB PM: 65% NB/35% SB	1. Parking r unless no
Truck Route:	Yes	2. Transit b
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Low Low	
Bike Activity Level ¹ : Crashes in 5 Years ²		alighting
Crashes/Mile ² :	82.9	weekday
Route 25 Route 825		
Source: StreetLight Data Five years crash data from 2013 to 2013 Source: Spack Consulting (2018) Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2		nality
LEGEND		
(X,XXX) MnDOT AADT	Sig	nalized Intersection
(X,XXX) St. Paul Compass	AADT O All-	way stop Intersection

General Notes

- not permitted noted otherwise.
- boardings and gs are 2018 ay averages.

Segment 17C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	7,900
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	520



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Segment 17 Silver Lake Road (Mississippi Street to Mounds View Boulevard)

Existing Typical Section (17C)

Sheet 3 of 3



Corridor 18 Transit Routes

Route 54 Route 63 Route 64

Route 80

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 45% NB/55% SB
Directional Split :	PM: 58% NB/42% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Medium
Bike Activity Level1:	High
Crashes in 5 Years ² :	: 917
Crashes/Mile ² :	229.3
crushes/whice.	

unless noted otherwise.

2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

1. Parking not permitted

General Notes

Segment 18A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	18,400 - 25,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	864 - 1,104

		ł
60 8	oulevar Sidewa	d ilk
	9'	

Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2013-2018)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 18A)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 18 White Bear Avenue (Suburban Avenue to County Road B)

Sheet 1of 6



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 45% NB/55% SB PM: 58% NB/42% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Medium
Bike Activity Level ¹	: High
Crashes in 5 Years ²	: 917
Crashes/Mile ² :	229.3

Corridor 18 Transit Routes

Route 54	
Route 63	
Route 64	
Route 80	

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 18A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	18,400 - 25,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	864 - 1,104



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2013-2018) LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (x,xxx) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection O **Public Transit Stops** Spack Consulting ADT (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) X,XXX Marked Crosswalk (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study

ALLIANT

Existing Typical Section (Segment 18A)

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 18 White Bear Avenue (Suburban Avenue to County Road B)



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 45% NB/55% SB PM: 58% NB/42% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Medium
Bike Activity Level1:	High
Crashes in 5 Years ²	
Crashes/Mile ² :	229.3

Corridor 18 Transit Routes

Route 54	
Route 63	
Route 64	
Route 80	

Source: StreetLight Data

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 18A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	18,400 - 25,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	864 - 1,104

Segment 18B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	26 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	35 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume⁴:	16,800 - 19,300
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	963





Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 18 White Bear Avenue (Suburban Avenue to County Road B)

Sheet 3 of 6



AM: 45% NB/55% SB
PM: 58% NB/42% SB
Yes
Medium
: High
: 917
229.3

Corridor 18 Transit Routes

Route 54	
Route 63	
Route 64	
Route 80	

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 18B Characteristics

i	Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	26 mph
	Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	35 mph
	Speed Limit:	30 mph
	Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	16,800 - 19,300
	Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	963



Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2013-2016)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 18B)

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 18 White Bear Avenue (Suburban Avenue to County Road B)

Sheet 4 of 6



 $\infty \times \neg \infty$

Corridor 18 Characteristics

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 45% NB/55% SB
Directional Split .	PM: 58% NB/42% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹	: High
Bike Activity Level	🖞 High
Crashes in 5 Years	
Crashes/Mile ² :	229.3
196 T.L.S. 10 T. A. 197 C. 2 T	

Corridor 18 Transit Routes

Route 54	
Route 63	
Route 64	
Route 80	

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

-Segment 18C

Segment 18B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	26 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	35 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	16,800 - 19,300
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	963

Segment 18C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	31 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	40 mph
Speed Limit:	35 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ⁴ :	25,600
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	1,043



Southbound Travel Lane

12'



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 18B)

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Existing Typical Section (Segment 18C)



Segment 18 White Bear Avenue (Suburban Avenue to County Road B)

Sheet 5 of 6



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 45% NB/55% SB
	PM: 58% NB/42% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹	: Medium
Bike Activity Level	
Crashes in 5 Years	
Crashes/Mile ² :	229.3

Corridor 18 Transit Routes

Route 54	
Route 63	
Route 64	
Route 80	

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 18D Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	32 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	42 mph
Speed Limit:	35-40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	28,200
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,172



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2019)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study

ALLIANT

Existing Typical Section (Segment 18D)

		n ~66'-82.5' ——— Width ~48' ———		4
Southbound		Northbound		
Travel Lane	Travel Lane	Travel Lane	Travel Lane	Boulevard & Sidewalk
12'	12'	12'	12'	9'

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 18 White Bear Avenue (Suburban Avenue to County Road B)

Sheet 6 of 6





AM: 52% NB/48% SB
PM: 54% NB/46% SB
Yes
Medium
: Medium
: 269
298.9

Corridor 19 Transit Routes

Route	54
Route	80
Route	64

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 19 Characteristics

28 mph
41 mph
40 mph
26,400
1,089



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2019)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section

Segment 19 White Bear Avenue (Gervais Avenue to Beam Avenue)

Sheet 1 of 2





AM: 52% NB/48% SB
PM: 54% NB/46% SB
Yes
: Medium
: Medium
² : 269
298.9

Corridor 19 Transit Routes

Route	54
Route	80
Route	64

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 19 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	26,400
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,089



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2019) LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops O (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 19 White Bear Avenue (Gervais Avenue to Beam Avenue)

Sheet 2 of 2





Segment 20A Characteristics

←Segment 20A +

Segment 20B

31 mph

42 mph

40 mph

31 mph

42 mph

40 mph

517

7,800 - 11,300

872

Corridor 20 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily)¹: AM: 41% NB/59% SB 1. Parking not permitted Directional Split¹: Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily)¹: PM: 62% NB/38% SB unless noted otherwise. Truck Route: Yes Speed Limit: 16,100 - 20,600 Segment Average Annual Daily Volume³: Ped Activity Level¹: Low 2. Transit boardings and Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume³: Bike Activity Level1: Medium alightings are 2018 Crashes in 5 Years²: 303 weekday averages. Crashes/Mile²: 108.2 **Segment 20B Characteristics** Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily)¹: Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily)¹: **Corridor 20 Transit Routes** Speed Limit: Segment Average Annual Daily Volume³: Route 54 Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume³: Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT Source: Spack Consulting (2019) LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (x,xxx) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection **Public Transit Stops** Spack Consulting ADT (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) X,XXX) Marked Crosswalk

General Notes

(At unsignalized intersection)





Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study

ALLIANT

Existing Typical Section (Segment 20A)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Existing Typical Section (Segment 20B)



ALLIANT

Truck Route:

Crashes/Mile²:

Route 54

Source: StreetLight Data

X,XXX)

LEGEND



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



Corridor 20 Characteristics

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 41% NB/59% SB PM: 62% NB/38% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level1:	Low
Bike Activity Level ¹ :	Medium
Crashes in 5 Years ²	: 303
Crashes/Mile ² :	108.2

Corridor 20 Transit Routes

Route 54

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	32 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	40 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	6,400 - 10,500
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	430

¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2019) LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops O (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk $\langle \mathbf{v} \rangle$ (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study

ALLIANT

Sheet 4 of 4



Corridor 21 Characteristics Existing Typical Section (Segment 21A) General Notes Segment 21A Characteristics Directional Split¹: AM: 64% NB/36% SB Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily)¹: 29 mph 1. Parking not permitted • ROW Width ~80' PM: 41% NB/59% SB 37 mph Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily)¹: unless noted otherwise. Roadway Width ~40' Truck Route: No Speed Limit: 30 mph Ped Activity Level¹: 15,100 Medium Segment Average Annual Daily Volume³: Southbound Northbound 2. Transit boardings and Bike Activity Level¹: Medium 1,220 Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume³: alightings are 2018 Boulevard Travelland Travel Lane Travel Lane Crashes in 5 Years²: & Sidewalk 271 weekday averages. Û Crashes/Mile²: 180.7 Segment 21B Characteristics 20' Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily)¹: 29 mph 10' 10' 10' 10' 37 mph Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily)¹: **Corridor 1 Transit Routes** Speed Limit: 30 mph * Not to scale - for illustration purpose only 23,100 Segment Average Annual Daily Volume⁴: Route 21 1,392 Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴: Route 63 **Existing Typical Section (Segment 21B)** Route 134 **Parking Notes:** ROW Width ~80' Roadway Width ~40' No Parking During Day (8am-8pm Mon-Fri) 1 Southbound Northbound 2 No Parking During AM Peak (7am-9am Mon-Fri) Travel Lan Travel Lane Travel Lane No Parking During PM Peak (4pm-6pm Mon-Fri) 3 Source: StreetLight Data Û î *Except by permit ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2018) ⁴Source: St. Paul Compass (2017) 10' 10' 10' 10' LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) * Not to scale - for illustration purpose only (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection O **Public Transit Stops** Spack Consulting ADT (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) $\overline{(X, XXX)}$ Marked Crosswalk (At unsignalized intersection) **Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study**

ALLIANT





Segment 21 Cretin Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)

Sheet 1 of 2



ALLIANT

Sheet 2 of 2

1 30 Minute Limit During Day (8am-4pm Every Day) 2 No Parking During AM Peak (7am-9am Mon-Fri) 3 No Parking During PM Peak (4pm-6pm Mon-Fri)	
	and the second second
Parking Notes:	
RAMLINE AVENUE	HAGE
A DE LA DE	AFENDE

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 72% NB/28% SB PM: 42% NB/58% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	High
Bike Activity Level1:	High
Crashes in 5 Years ² :	337
Crashes/Mile ² :	306.4

Corridor 22 Transit Routes

Route 21

General Notes	
1. Parking not permitte	(

unless noted otherwise.

2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 22A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	21 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	31 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	8,500
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	629

Segment 22B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	21 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	31 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume⁴:	19,600
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume4:	1,092



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only





Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





Existing Typical Section (Segment 22A)

Existing Typical Section (Segment 22B)

Segment 22 Hamline Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)

Sheet 1 of 2



21 mph

Corridor 22 Characteristics

	Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 72% NB/28% SB PM: 42% NB/58% SB
	Truck Route:	Yes
	Ped Activity Level1:	High
	Bike Activity Level ¹	: High
	Crashes in 5 Years ²	
	Crashes/Mile ² :	306.4
1		

Corridor 22 Transit Routes

Route	21	

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily)1:

Segment 22B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily)1: 31 mph Speed Limit: 30 mph 19,600 Segment Average Annual Daily Volume³: 1,092 Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume³:

Segment 22C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	21 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	31 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	17,900
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	704

Boulevard & Sidewalk

Varies

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Travel Lane

11'

Southbound

Û

Existing Typical Section (Segment 22C)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 22B)



Segment 22 Hamline Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)

Sheet 2 of 2



Directional Split ¹ : AM: 26% EB/74% W PM: 34% EB/66% W		
Truck Route:		
Ped Activity Level ¹ : Hig	h	
Bike Activity Level ¹ : Lov	N	
Crashes in 5 Years ² : 9	5	
Crashes/Mile ² : 19	0	

Corridor 23 Transit Routes

No transit routes on this corridor.

¹Source: StreetLight Data

²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

³Source: Compass Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Compass (2018) data and StreetLight directionality

General Notes

1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.	
2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.	

Segment 23 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	21 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	7,300
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	368

LEGEND X,XXX MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (x,xxx) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection O Public Transit Stops Spack Consulting ADT (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk $\overline{X,XXX}$ (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study

ALLIANT



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Boulevard

& Sidewalk

10'

Travel Lane

10'

Segment 23 Minnehaha Avenue (Payne Avenue to East 7th Street)



Appendix C: Feasibility Screening Results



Ramsey Coun	ty 4 to 3 (Conversi	on Study F	easibility	Screen	
						-

		Study Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Municipality (s) (Italicized if on border)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)		3 Lane Screen Result	Curbside Uses	-	Screen Result	Max Directional Peak Hour Volume	Screen Result	Other Considerations	Feasibility !	Summary		Potential 3-Lane Scope
1A	Ramsey County Segments			Long Lake Road to Cleveland Avenue	0.3	48'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on one side of street	1 bus stop on 1 bus route.	7,400	Under capacity	624	Under capacity	3 Iane roadway entering at western end of segment. No access on this end, consider 2 Iane segment. 1 signal.	Consider 2 lane segment.	Further Study Needed		
1B	78)	0.8 mile	Roseville	Cleveland Avenue to Fairview Avenue	0.5	48'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on one side of street	5 bus stops on 2 bus routes.	12,900 - 13,100	Under capacity	1,141	Likely above peak hour capacity	4 lane roadway entering on eastern end of segment. High access density. Was initially considered easy but peak hour directional volumes indicate otherwise. 2 signals.	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations, 3 lane would have impacts to transit.	Further Study Needed	Further Study Needed	Restripe+Sig Mod
2A				Lexington Ave to Victoria St	0.4	52'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	None	10300	Under capacity	820	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	Capacity analysis needed at Victoria (split phasing, long queues). No Curbside Uses. Entering traffic on western end is 4 Iane divided. 1 signal.	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations.	Further Study Needed		
2B				Victoria St to Rice St	1.6	44'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on one side of street	22 bus stops on 1 bus route.	8,700 - 10,700	Under capacity	691 - 833	Near or slightly above 3 lane capacity	Capacity analysis needed at Victoria and Rice (split phasing, long queues). High access density. 2 signals.	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations, 3 lane would have impacts to transit.	Further Study Needed		
2C	County Road C (CSAH 23)	2.8 miles	Roseville Little Canada	Rice St to RR Bridge	0.4	48'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on one side of street	None	7300	Under capacity	492	Under capacity	High access density with offset streets. 1 signal. Low volumes.	Should be feasible, consider offset accesses.	Likely Feasible	Further Study Needed	Restripe+Sig Mods
2D				RR Bridge to I-35E	0.4		3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on one side of street west of Little Canada rd, wouldn't affect east of Little Canada rd.	2 bus stops on 2 bus routes (mostly only on wider portion)	14400	Under capacity	857	Likely above peak hour capacity	Entering traffic on eastern end is 2 lane with shoulders. High access density. 2 signals - very closely spaced.	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations, may impact transit.	Further Study Needed		
3	County Road D (CSAH 19)	1.0 mile	St. Anthony (Hennepin Co) Roseville New Brighton	Silver Lake Road to Old Highway 8	1.0	Silver Lake to Penrod 57' Penrod to McCullum 52' McCullum to Old 8 60'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	13 bus stops and 3 bus routes.	14,100	Under capacity	739	Near 3 lane capacity.	3 Iane roadway entering at western end of segment. Volumes near capacity 3 signals.	Segment likely has adequate capacity.	Further Study Needed	Further Study Needed	Restripe+Sig Mods
4A				Labore Rd to International Dr	0.5	@ Labore 72', Labore to Big Fox 62' 1371' (W?) of 61- 51'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	None	15,800	Near 3 lane capacity	831	Likely above peak hour capacity	4-lane divided roadway with turn lanes entering from west. 2 signals. High access density on south side.	Segment has inadequate capacity.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Further Study	
4B	County Road E (CSAH 15)	0.7 mile	Vadnais Heights Gem Lake	International Dr to TH 61	0.2	67'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	None	15,800	Near 3 lane capacity	831	Likely above peak hour capacity	Roadway is currently 5-lane. 4-lane roadway entering to the east, but 3-lane very close nearby. High access density 2 signals.	Segment has inadequate capacity.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Restripe+Sig Mods
5	County Road F/10th Street NW (CSAH 12/45)	0.4 mile	New Brighton	I-694 to Old Highway 8	0.4	1-694 to tower drive -52', @ old 8-70'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	None	11500	Under capacity	683	Under capacity	2-lane roadways on either end of corridor. Was planned for conversion but waiting until after MnPASS. 3 signals, 1 at-grade RR crossing. High access density.	Good candidate	Likely Feasible	Likely Feasible	Restripe+Sig Mods
6	Dale Street (CSAH 53)	0.7 mile	St. Paul	Grand Avenue to Iglehart Avenue	0.7	40'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on both sides of street	11 bus stops and 1 bus route. Off peak parking permitted on majority of segment.	7,900 - 17,900	Feasible but slightly above capacity on north end.	985	Likely above peak hour capacity	2 Iane roadway entering at southern end of segment. Capacity analysis needed on north end: Dale/Marshall, Dale/Selby. Not many signals and spread out.	3 Lane would have impacts to on-street parking. South segment (south of Selby) has adequate capacity, North segment does not.	Further Study Needed	Further Study Needed	M&O+Sig Mods
7A				Como Ave to Larpenteur Ave	1.5	48'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on one side of street	25 bus stops and 1 bus route. Off peak parking permitted on majority of segment.	13,600 - 15,700	Near 3 lane capacity	1138	Likely above peak hour capacity	4-lane divided on southern end. 5 signals. Low-medium access density on most blocks, some blocks high density.	Segment has inadequate capacity, would also impact transit.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity		
7B	Dale Street (CSAH 53)	2.7 miles	St. Paul Roseville	Larpenteur Ave to CR B	1.0	44'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on one side of street	9 bus stops and 1 bus route.	13500	Under capacity	938	Likely above peak hour capacity	2 signals. Medium access density, offset streets.	Segment has inadequate capacity, would also impact transit.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	M&O+Sig Mods
7C				CR B to TH 36	0.2	44'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on one side of street	None	14700	Under capacity	783	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	2-lane with shoulders on northern end. 3 signals (if you count both TH 36 signals). High access density.	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations, would also impact transit.	Further Study Needed		
8A				CR B2 to Oakcrest Ave	0.2	62'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	1 bus stop on 2 bus routes.	14200	Under capacity	755	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	Need capacity analysis at B2. 1 signal. High access density.	Capacity analysis needed at B2	Further Study Needed		
8B	Fairview Avenue (CSAH 48)	0.9 mile	Roseville	Oakcrest Ave to CR C	0.3	Oakcrest to RR tracks -53 to 67' RR tracks to C -74'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	4 bus stops on 2 bus routes.	14200	Under capacity	755	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	Need capacity analysis at C. 1 signal. High access density.	Capacity analysis needed at C	Further Study Needed	Further Study Needed	Restripe+Sig Mode
8C				CR C to CR C2	0.4	51-64'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	None	8600	Under capacity	466	Under capacity	Entering traffic on northern end is 2 lane w shoulders. 2 signals. High access density.	Good candidate	Likely Feasible		
9A	Lovington Averus (CSAU 54)	2.9	Shoreview	Hwy 96 to CR I	2.0	96' to Tanglewood 68'-52' Tanglewood to I -48'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on one side of street (mos of corridor - no loss south of tanglewood)		14900	Near 3 lane capacity	1107	Likely above peak hour capacity	Highly directional. High-speed. High-Access (majority on east side, just a few on west side). 3 signals. Segment currently has detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of 21,400).	Segment has inadequate capacity.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Half of Corridor Further Study	Portrino - Cir. M
9B	Lexington Avenue (CSAH 51)	3.8	Arden Hills	CR I to CR J	1.8	48'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss o curbside uses on one side of street	None	10,800	Under capacity	802	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	Highly directional. Even though AADT is low, peak hour directional data is very high. High-speed, High access density, 2 signals. Segment currently may have detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of 11,100).	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations.	Further Study Needed	Needed/Likely Over Capacity	Restripe+Sig Mods



AADT/Peak Hour Volume Screen Legend
Under capacity
Low impact/High probability will operate acceptably per published ranges with little need for detailed analysis prior to implementation.
Near/At/Above 3 lane capacity
High impact/Moderate probability will operate acceptably per published ranges and should have detailed analysis prior to implementation.
Likely over capacity
High impact/Low probability will operate acceptably per published ranges and detailed analysis prior to implementation is strongly recommended.



	Road Segment	Study Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Municipality (s) (Italicized if on border)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)		3 Lane Screen Result Curbsic	ide Uses		Screen Result	Max Directional Peak Hour Volume	Screen Result	Other Considerations	Feasibility S	Summary		Potential 3-Lane Scope
10	Lydia Avenue (CSAH 19)	0.2 mile	Maplewood	White Bear Avenue to Ariel Street	0.2	50'	3 lane feasible and would probably not 3 bus st result in loss of curbside uses routes.		3,200	Under capacity	160	Under capacity	Entering traffic on east end is 2-lane w/ shoulders. 2 closely-spaced signals (eastern one is a ped signal). Could probably function as a 2-lane, might be able to squeeze a 3rd lane in.	3 lane may have impacts to transit.	Likely Feasible	Likely Feasible	Restripe+Sig Mods
11A				Mississippi River Blvd to Otis Ave	0.1	64'-70'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside routes.	stop and 2 bus s. Bike lane and ng lane on south	19,200	Likely over capacity	974		Entering traffic on west side is 4-lane. Westbound buses stop in right lane, westbound bicyclists ride in right lane. B Line corridor. I signal. Currently transition point to one lane EB.	Segment might have inadequate capacity.	Further Study Needed		
11B	Marshall Avenue (CSAH 35)	0.5 mile	St. Paul	Otis Ave to Montrose PI	0.1	57'-62'	3 lane teasible with no loss of curbside	stops and 2 bus s. Bike lane on side.	19,200	Likely over capacity	974	Likely above peak hour capacity	Westbound buses stop in right lane, westbound bicyclists ride in right lane. B Line corridor. 1 signal. Has only one lane eastbound already.	Segment might have inadequate capacity.	Further Study Needed	Further Study Needeo	Restripe+Sig Mods
11C				Montrose PI to Cretin Ave	0.2	57'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside routes.	stops and 2 bus s. Bike lane and ng lane on south	19,200	Likely over capacity	974		Entering traffic on east stide is 2-lane with left turn lanes and bike lanes. Westbound buses stop in right lane, westbound bicyclists ride in right lane. B Line corridor. 1 signal. Has only one lane eastbound already.	Segment might have inadequate capacity.	Further Study Needed		
12	Maryland Avenue (CSAH 31)	0.3 mile	St. Paul	Rice Street to Abell Street	0.3	42' (at Rice St 57')	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of curbside uses on one side of street None (except at Rice)		17,000	At 3 lane capacity.	855	Likely above peak hour capacity	Entering traffic on west side is 2-lane, on east side is 4 lane divided. Could work well on this corridor if current Maryland project goes well. 2 signals.	Segment might have inadequate capacity.	Further Study Needed	Further Study Needec	Restripe+Sig Mods
13A				Clarence St to Phalen Blvd	0.2	72'	3 Iane feasible with no loss of curbside 2 bus st routes.	stops and 2 bus s.	13800	Under capacity	628	Under capacity	Entering traffic on west side is 4-lane divided, then 3-lane soon after. Could work well on this corridor if current Maryland project goes well. 2 signals.	Good candidate	Likely Feasible		
13B	Maryland Avenue (CSAH 31)	0.9 mile	St. Paul	Phalen Blvd to White Bear Ave	0.8	40'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of side on	vel lane, no	11,100 - 14,300	Under capacity	742	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	entering traffic on east side is 2 lane with parking Could work well on this corridor if current Maryland project goes well. 3 signals.	3 lane would have impacts to parking, may have impacts to transit.	Further Study Needed	Further Study Needeo	Restripe+Sig Mods
14	McKnight Road (CSAH 68)	0.3 mile	North St. Paul	13th Avenue to Mohawk Road	0.3	48'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of curbside uses on one side of street None (except at Rice)		12100	Under capacity	497		Entering traffic on the south is 4-lane divided but planned to be 3-lane. Entering traffic on the north is 2-lane. No signals.	Good candidate	Likely Feasible	Likely Feasible	Restripe
15	North St. Paul Road (CSAH 29)	0.2 mile	Maplewood	White Bear Avenue to Ripley Avenue		50'											
16A				CR D to 5th St	0.4	50'-70'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses		10700	Under capacity	799	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	Traffic entering on south side is 3-lane. High access density. 1 signal. Segment currently may have detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of unknown)	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations.	Likely Feasible		
16B				5th St to RR Crossing	0.6	50' (but narrows under RR bridge)	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside 5 bus st routes.	stops and 2 bus s.	11100	Under capacity	829		High access density. No signals. Segment currently has detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of 15,700)	Segment has inadequate capacity.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity		
16C	Old Highway 8 (CSAH 77)	2.0 miles	New Brighton	RR Crossing to 8th Ave	0.7	60' (but narrows under RR bridge)	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside 10 bus routes.	s stops and 2 bus 5.	10500	Under capacity	784	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	Utility pole company on corridor - large timber trucks. Ped crossing difficulty at DQ at trailer park. High access density. 1 signal. Segment currently has detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of 14,500)	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations.	Likely Feasible	Majority of Segment Likely Feasible	Restripe+Sig Mods
16D				8th Ave to 5th Ave	0.3	47'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of curbside uses on one side of street		5800	Under capacity	433		Traffic entering on north/east side is 4-lane with turn lanes. Queueing on bridge. Bridge needs replacement. High access density. 1 signal. Segment currently has detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of 7,800)	Good candidate	Likely Feasible		
17A				Mississippi Street to CR H	0.5	44'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of 8 bus st curbside uses on one side of street routes.		12300	Under capacity	815	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	Traffic entering on south side is 5 lane. 2 signals. RR and trail crossing on corridor. Some blocks have low access density, others have high density.	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations and it would have impacts to transit.	Further Study Needed		
17B	Silver Lake Road (CSAH 44)	1.7 miles	New Brighton Mounds View	CR H to CR H2	0.5	44'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of curbside uses on one side of street		8800	Under capacity	590	Under capacity	1 signal. Generally low access density. Transit turns off corridor and runs parallel for this segment.	Good candidate	Likely Feasible	Further Study Needed	Restripe+Sig Mods
17C				CR H2 to Mounds View Boulevard	0.7	44'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of 6 bus st curbside uses on one side of street routes.	stops and 2 bus s.	7900	Under capacity	520	Under capacity	Traffic entering on north side is 2 lane. 1 signal. Some blocks have high access density, others have medium density on west side.	3-lane would have impacts to transit.	Further Study Needed		



AADT/Peak Hour Volume Screen Legend
Under capacity
Low impact/High probability will operate acceptably per published ranges with little need for detailed analysis prior to implementation.
Near/At/Above 3 lane capacity
High impact/Moderate probability will operate acceptably per published ranges and should have detailed analysis prior to implementation.
Likely over capacity
High impact/Low probability will operate acceptably per published ranges and detailed analysis prior to implementation is strongly recommended.



		Road Segment	Study Segment Approximate Length (mi)		Extents Appro	Segment roximate gth (mi)	Approximate Road Width	3 Lane Screen Result	Curbside Uses	AADT	Scroon Pocult	Max Directional Peak Hour Volume	Screen Result	Other Considerations	Feasibility	Summary		Potential 3-Lane Scope
1	A				Suburban Ave to Maryland Ave	2.0		3 lane feasible but would result in loss of curbside uses on one side of street	27 bus stops and 2 bus routes (but the routes don't run on the same blocks). ~5 blocks on east side on	18,400-25,700	Likely over capacity	864-1104	Likely above peak hour capacity	2 lane roadway entering southern end of segment. 8 signals. High access density.	Segment has inadequate capacity.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity		
1	B	e Bear Avenue (CSAH 65)	4.0 miles	St. Paul	Maryland Ave to Idaho Ave (0.9	48'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	16 bus stops and 3 bus routes.	16,800-19,300	At or slightly above 3 lane capacity.	963	Likely above peak hour capacity		Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations.	Further Study Needed	Majority of Segment Further Study	Destrine (Cig Made
1	c	- 2001 / 1001 de (60711 00)		Maplewood	ldaho Ave to Frost Ave (0.6	ldaho to Larpenter 60', Larpenter to Frost 66'-51',	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	7 bus stops and 2-3 bus routes.	25,600	Likely over capacity	1043	hour capacity	4 closely spaced signals Some access control. Low transit ridership on north end. Segment is 5-lane.	Inadequate capacity for 3-lane.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Needed, Likely Above Capacity	e neuroperiorginicus
1	D				Frost Ave to CR B	0.5	51'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	3 bus stops and 2 bus routes.	28,200	Likely over capacity		Likely above peak hour capacity	2 signals.	Inadequate capacity for 3-lane.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity		
:	9 Whit	e Bear Avenue (CSAH 65)	0.9 mile	Maplewood	Gervais Avenue to Beam Avenue	0.9	48' to 60'	3 Iane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	11 bus stops and 3 bus routes.	26,400	Likely over capacity	1089	Likely above peak hour capacity	Basically existing 5-lane. Entering traffic on north is 6-lane, on south is 4-lane with turn lanes. 3 signals. Access density is variable - high in some spots.	Inadequate capacity for 3-lane.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	e Reconstruct
2	A				Buerkle Rd to CR E	0.8	55'-70'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	4 bus stops and 1 bus route.	16,100 - 20,600	Likely over capacity	872		Entering traffic on south side is 4-lane divided. High access density. Center raised median on entire segment. 3 signals.	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations.	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity		
2	^B Whit	e Bear Avenue (CSAH 65)	2.8 miles	White Bear Lake	CR E to CR F	1.0	55'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	6 bus stops and 1 bus route.	7,800 - 11,300	Under capacity	517	Under capacity	High access density. Center raised median on entire segment. 3 signals.	Consider 2 lane segment. Good candidate.	Likely Feasible	More than half of Segment Likely	Reconstruct
2	IC				CR F to TH 61	1.0	55'	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	3 bus stops and 1 bus route.	6,400 - 10,500	Under capacity	430	Under capacity		Consider 2 Iane segment. Good candidate.	Likely Feasible	r costbie	

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study Feasibility Screen

AADT/Peak Hour Volume Screer	Legend
Under capacity	Low impact/H
Near/At/Above 3 lane capacity	Moderate im
Likely over capacity	High impact/l

Low impact/High probability will operate acceptably per published ranges with little need for detailed analysis prior to implementation. acity High impact/Low probability will operate acceptably per published ranges and should have detailed analysis prior to implementation. High impact/Low probability will operate acceptably per published ranges and detailed analysis prior to implementation is strongly recommended.



-				-		/											
		Road Segment	Study Segment Municipality (s) Approximate Length (mi) (Italicized if on border)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Approximate Road Width	3 Lane Screen Result	Curbside Uses	AADT	Screen Result	Max Directional Peak Hour Volume	Screen Result	Other Considerations	Feasibility S	ummary		Potential 3-Lane Scope
	S	it. Paul Segments															
21/				Grand Avenue to Marshall Avenue	0.6	43' (52' at Grand and Marshall)	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of	6 bus stops and 3 bus routes. Off-peak parking allowed on most blocks.	18700	Likely over capacity	1220	and the second second	Traffic entering on southern end is 4-lane with left turn lanes. 3 signals.	Segment likely above capacity, would also affect transit and parking	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Majority of Segment	
211		Cretin Avenue	1.5 miles St. Paul	Marshall Avenue to I-94	0.5	43'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of curbside uses on one side of street	6 bus stops and 2 bus routes. Off-peak parking allowed on one side.	23100	Likely over capacity	1392		2 signals. No sidewalk along golf course, all ped crossings are bus-related. Motorists come across Marshall from Minneapolis and use this corridor to get to 94.	Segment likely above capacity, would also affect transit and parking	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Restripe+Sig Mods
21				I-94 to University Ave	0.4	59'+	3 lane feasible with no loss of curbside uses	2 bus stops and 1 bus route.	17200	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	770	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	Traffic entering on northern end is 4-lane with left turn lanes. 3 signals.	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations.	Further Study Needed		
22/				Grand Avenue to Ayd Mill Rd	0.3	43' (Except on bridges: 51')	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of curbside uses on one side of street	Off-peak parking allowed on 2 blocks near Summit.	8,500	Under capacity	629		Entering traffic on both sides is 2-lane. Potential parking issues (off-peak parking permitted). 3 closely spaced signals	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations. Would also impact transit and parking.	Further Study Needed		
221		Hamline Avenue	1.1 miles St. Paul	Ayd Mill Rd to I-94	0.5	43' (Except on bridges: 51')	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of curbside uses on one side of street	4 bus stops and 1 bus route.	19,600	Likely over capacity	1092		3 closely spaced signals. Large bridge over Ayd Mill	Segment likely above capacity, would also affect transit	Further Study Needed, Likely Above Capacity	Further Study Needed for Subsegments on Either End of Corridor	
220				I-94 to University Ave	0.3	43' (Except on bridges: 51')	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of curbside uses on one side of street	4 bus stops and 1 bus route.	17,900	Slightly above 3 lane capacity.	704		Entering traffic on north side is 2-lane. North end would be expected to have operations issues, capacity analysis may be needed. 4 closely spaced signals.	Further study needed to determine 3 lane operations. Would also impact transit.	Further Study Needed		
23	м	linnehaha Avenue	0.5 mile St. Paul	Payne Avenue to East Seventh Street	0.5	40'	3 lane feasible but would result in loss of curbside uses on both sides of street	Off-peak parking allowed on about 2 blocks, unrestricted parking on about two blocks.	7,300	Under capacity	368	Under capacity	Entering traffic on both sides is 2-lane. 3 signals.	Consider 2-lane segment. 3-lane would have impacts to parking.	Further Study Needed	Further Study Needed	I M&O+Sig Mods

ADT/Peak Hour Volume Screen	Legend
Jnder capacity	Low impact/H
Near/At/Above 3 lane capacity	Moderate im
ikely over capacity	High impact/l

Low impact/High probability will operate acceptably per published ranges with little need for detailed analysis prior to implementation. City Moderate impact/Moderate probability will operate acceptably per published ranges and should have detailed analysis prior to implementation. High impact/Low probability will operate acceptably per published ranges and detailed analysis prior to implementation is strongly recommended.



Appendix D: Benefit Screening Results



Ramsey	County 4	to 3 Con	version S	tudy Ben	efit Analy	/sis

	Road Segment Ramsey County Segments	Study Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Municipality (s) (Italicized if on border)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Number of Access	Access Density (# of Access Points Per Mile)		Posted Speed	85th Percentile Speed (Daily)	85th Percentile Speed (% of Posted)	Speed Benefit Score	Crashes in 5 Years	Crashes/Mile	Crash Benefit Score	Crossing Ped Volume (Streetlight Score)	Crossing Ped Benefit Score	Bicyclist Volume (Streetlight Score)		Sub-Segment Benefit Score	Segment Benefit Score
10	County Road B2 (CSAH 24 and 78)		Roseville	Long Lake Road to Cleveland Avenue	0.3	2	6.7	1	30				118	147.5	3	34.5	2	28.8	2	2.00	2.25
1B				Cleveland Avenue to Fairview Avenue	0.5	28	56.0	4	35	34	97%	1								2.40	
2A				Lexington Ave to Victoria St	0.4	3	7.5	1	40	37	93%	1								1.20	
2B				Victoria St to Rice St	1.6	59	36.9	3												1.60	
2C	County Road C (CSAH 23)	2.8 miles	Roseville Little Canada	Rice St to RR Bridge	0.4	21	52.5	4	35	39	111%	3	183	65.4	2	13	1	6.4	1	2.20	1.69
2D			-	RR Bridge to I-35E	0.4	17	42.5	3	30	35	117%	3						-		2.00	
3	County Road D (CSAH 19)	1.0 mile	St. Anthony (Hennepin Co) Roseville New Brighton	Silver Lake Road to Old Highway 8	1.0	40	40.0	3	35	39	111%	3	130	130.0	3	9.6	1	15.5	1	2.20	2.20
4A 4B	County Road E (CSAH 15)	0.7 mile	Vadnais Heights	Labore Rd to International Dr	0.5	19	38.0	3	45	45	100%	1	131	187.1	4	7.8	1	10	1	2.00 1.80	1.94
	County Road F/10th Street NW		Gem Lake	International Dr to TH 61	0.2	6	30.0	2													
5	(CSAH 12/45)	0.4 mile	New Brighton	I-694 to Old Highway 8	0.4	16	40.0	3	30	48	160%	5	46	115.0	3	6.7	1	20.3	2	2.80	2.80
6	Dale Street (CSAH 53)	0.7 mile	St. Paul	Grand Avenue to Iglehart Avenue	0.7	32	45.7	4	30	32	107%	2	172	245.7	5	64.4	4	19.4	1	3.20	3.20
7A				Como Ave to Larpenteur Ave	1.5	63	42.0	3	30	34	113%	3								2.20	_
7B	Dale Street (CSAH 53)	2.7 miles	St. Paul Roseville	Larpenteur Ave to CR B	1.0	37	37.0	3	40	44	110%	2	308	114.1	3	12.4	1	7.6	1	2.00	2.19
7C				CR B to TH 36	0.2	13	65.0	5	30	42	140%	5								3.00	
8A 8B				CR B2 to Oakcrest Ave Oakcrest Ave to CR C	0.2	13 20	65.0 66.7	5	35	35	100%	1								2.80	
õD				Udkurest AVE LO UK U	0.3	20	.00./	5		<u> </u>										2.80	
8C	Fairview Avenue (CSAH 48)	0.9 mile	Roseville	CR C to CR C2	0.4	22	55.0	4	40			-	160	177.8	4	39.7	2	30.3	2	3.00	2.89
9A		2.0	Shoreview	Hwy 96 to CR I	2.0	47	23.5	2	45	51	113%	2								1.40	
9B	Lexington Avenue (CSAH 51)	3.8	Arden Hills	CR I to CR J	1.8	30	16.7	2	45	69	153%	5	180	47.4	1	0	1	11.5	1	2.00	1.68

	Legend
1	Low Benefit
2	
3	Moderate Benefit
4	
5	High Benefit

	Road Segment	Study Segment Approximate Lengt (mi)	Municipality (s) h (Italicized if on border)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)		I# of Access Points	Access Density Score	Posted Speed	85th Percentile Speed (Daily)	Speed (% of	Speed Benefit Score	Crashes in 5 Years	Crashes/Mile	Crash Benefit Score	Crossing Ped Volume (Streetlight Score)	Crossing Ped Benefit Score	Bicyclist Volume (Streetlight Score)	Bicycle Benefit Score	Sub-Segment Benefit Score	Segment Benefit Score
10	Lydia Avenue (CSAH 19)	0.2 mile	Maplewood	White Bear Avenue to Ariel Street	0.2	7	35.0	3	30	33	110%	2	39	195.0	4	78.3	4	0	1	2.80	2.80
11A 11B 11C	Marshall Avenue (CSAH 35)	0.5 mile	St. Paul	Mississippi River Blvd to Otis Ave Otis Ave to Montrose Pl Montrose Pl to Cretin Ave	0.1 0.1 0.2	3 3 4	30.0 30.0 20.0	2 2 2	30	33	110%	2	76	190.0	4	24.2	2	100	5	3.00 3.00 3.00	3.00
12	Maryland Avenue (CSAH 31)) 0.3 mile	St. Paul	Rice Street to Abell Street	0.3	14	46.7	4	30	34	113%	3	190	633.3	5	82.3	5	20.9	2	3.80	3.80
13A 13B	Maryland Avenue (CSAH 31)	0.9 mile	St. Paul	Clarence St to Phalen Blvd Phalen Blvd to White Bear Ave	0.2 0.8	6 57	30.0 71.3	2 5	- 30	34	113%	3	253	281.1	5	43.7	3	43	3	3.20 3.80	3.68
14	McKnight Road (CSAH 68)	0.3 mile	North St. Paul	13th Avenue to Mohawk Road	0.3	20	66.7	5	30	33	110%	2	8	26.7	1	21.1	2	1.8	1	2.20	2.20
	North St. Paul Road (CSAH 25	9) 0.2 mile	Maplewood	White Bear Avenue to Ripley Avenue																	
16A 16B 16C 16D 17A 17B 17C	Old Highway 8 (CSAH 77)	2.0 miles	New Brighton	CR D to 5th St 5th St to RR Crossing RR Crossing to 8th Ave 8th Ave to 5th Ave	0.4 0.6 0.7 0.3	19 17 41	47.5 28.3 58.6 16.7	4 2 4 2	40	41	103%	2	153	76.5	2	9.3	1	17.9	1	2.00 1.60 2.00 2.00	1.88
17A 17A 17B 17C	Silver Lake Road (CSAH 44)	1.7 miles	New Brighton Mounds View	Mississippi Street to CR H CR H to CR H2 CR H2 to Mounds View Boulevard	0.5 0.5 0.7	22 21 32	44.0 42.0 45.7	3 3 4	40	33	93%	1	141	82.9	2	7.3	1	12.1	1	1.60 1.60 1.80	1.68

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study Benefit Analysis

Legend						
1	Low Benefit					
2						
3	Moderate Benefit					
4						
5	High Benefit					

	Road Segment	Study Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Municipality (s) (Italicized if on border)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Number of Access	Access Density (# of Access Points Per Mile)	Access Density Score	Posted Speed	85th Percentile Speed (Daily)	85th Percentile Speed (% of Posted)	Speed Benefit Score	Crashes in 5 Years	Crashes/Mile	Crash Benefit Score	Crossing Ped Volume (Streetlight Score)	Crossing Ped Benefit Score	Bicyclist Volume (Streetlight Score)	Bicycle Benefit Score	Sub-Segment Benefit Score	Segment Benefit Score
18A				Suburban Ave to Maryland Ave	2.0	108	54.0	4	30	37	123%	4								3.80	
188			St. Paul	Maryland Ave to Idaho Ave	0.9	55	61.1	5	30	35	117%	3	017	220.0	5			70.5		3.80	2.75
180		4.0 miles	Maplewood	idaho Ave to Frost Ave	0.6	38	63.3	5	35	40	114%	3	917	229.3	5	21.4	2	78.5	4	3.80	3.75
180				Frost Ave to CR B	0.5	18	36.0	3	35	42	120%	3								3.40	
19	White Bear Avenue (CSAH 65)	0.9 mile	Maplewood	Gervais Avenue to Beam Avenue	0.9	31	34.4	3	40	41	103%	2	269	298.9	5	17.8	1	30.3	2	2.60	2.60
20A 20B				Buerkle Rd to CR E CR E to CR F	0.8	40 79	50.0 79.0	4	40	42	105%	2								2.20 2.40	-
200	White Bear Avenue (CSAH 65)	2.8 miles	White Bear Lake	CR F to TH 61	1.0	32	32.0	3	30	40	133%	5	303	108.2	3	7.7	1	18.5	1	2.60	2.41

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study Benefit Analysis

Legend							
1	Low Benefit						
2							
3	Moderate Benefit						
4							
5	High Benefit						

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study Benefit Analysis

	Road Segment	Approximate Length	Municipality (s) (Italicized if on border)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Number of Access	(# of Access Points	Access Density Score	Posted Speed	85th Percentile Speed (Daily)	85th Percentile Speed (% of Posted)	Speed Benefit Score	Crashes in 5 Years	Crashes/Mile	Crash Benefit Score	Crossing Ped Volume (Streetlight Score)	-	Bicyclist Volume (Streetlight Score)	Bicycle Benefit Score	Sub-Segment Benefit Score	Segment Benefit Score
	St. Paul Segments																				
21A				Grand Avenue to Marshall Avenue	0.6	30	50.0	4												3.40	
21B	Cretin Avenue	1.5 miles	St. Paul	Marshall Avenue to I-94	0.5	19	38.0	3	30	37	123%	4	271	180.7	4	34.8	2	42.1	3	3.20	3.23
21C				I-94 to University Ave	0.4	9	22.5	2												3.00	
22A				Grand Avenue to Ayd Mill Rd	0.3	11	36.7	3												3.80	
22B	Hamline Avenue	1.1 miles	St. Paul	Ayd Mill Rd to I-94	0.5	16	32.0	3	30	31	103%	2	337	306.4	5	100	5	74.5	4	3.80	3.75
22C				I-94 to University Ave	0.3	6	20.0	2												3.60	
23	Minnehaha Avenue	0.5 mile	St. Paul	Payne Avenue to East Seventh Street	0.5	19	38.0	3	30	29	97%	1	95	190.0	4	66.9	4	33.3	2	2.80	2.80

	Legend							
1	Low Benefit							
2								
3	Moderate Benefit							
4								
5	High Benefit							

Appendix E: Segment 2 Detailed Analysis Results





Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 27% EB/73% WB
	PM: 67% EB/33% WB
Truck Route:	No
Ped Activity Level	
Bike Activity Level	¹ : Low
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 183
Crashes/Mile ² :	65.4

Corridor 2 Transit Routes

Route 71 Route 223

Source: StreetLight Data

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 2A

Segment 2A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	10,300
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume4:	820

Segment 2B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	8,700 - 10,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	691 - 833





Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2018) ⁴Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Segment 2 County Road C (Lexington Avenue to 1-35E)

Sheet 2 of 4



AM: 27% EB/73% WB
PM: 67% EB/33% WB
No
Low
¹ : Low
² : 183
65.4

Corridor 2 Transit Routes

Route	71	
Route	223	

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 2B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	37 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	8,700 - 10,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	691 - 833

Segment 2C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	39 mph
Speed Limit:	35 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	7,300
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	492





Source: StreetLight Data Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2018) *Calculated based on Spack Consulting (2018) data and StreetLight directionality LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops Spack Consulting ADT (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) X,XXX) Marked Crosswalk

(At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 2B)

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only; widths vary by locations

Existing Typical Section (Segment 2C)

Segment 2 County Road C (Lexington Avenue to I-35E)

Sheet 3 of 4



ALLIANT

County Road C (Lexington Avenue to I-35E)

Sheet 4 of 4



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Segment 2 County Road C (Lexington Avenue to I-35E)

Existing Turning Movement Counts
Segment 2

Evaluation Summary - page 1 of 2

	Segment 2A - County Road C between Lexington Avenue and Victoria Street			Segment 2B - County Road C between Victoria Street and Rice Street			Segment 2C - County Road C between Rice Street and Railroad Bridge		
Key Factors	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion
Crash Patterns	 Two locations on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: Lexington Avenue and Victoria Street. Lexington Avenue (signalized) had 14 crashes, 9 of which were rear end collisions; and had a CR=0.45 per MEV. Victoria Street (4-way stop) had 9 crashes, 8 of which were angled collisons; and had a CR=0.41 per MEV. 	 The lane reduction is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist 100% of crashes studied along this segment of County Road C. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found crash reductions of 9% (CMF=0.91) on average. 	Benefit Expected	 Two locations on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: Dale Street and Rice Street. Dale Street (2-way stop) had 7 crashes, 5 of which were angled collisions; and had a CR=0.39 per MEV. Rice Street (signalized) had 25 crashes, which included 1 with a pedestrian, 1 resulting in serious injury. There were 7 rear end and 11 angled collisions; and had a CR=0.76 per MEV. The serious injury at/near the intersection of Rice St & County Rd C was due to vehicle attempting to turn left just after passing through the traffic signal. 	 The 3-lane conversion is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist 91% of crashes studied along this segment of County Road C. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found crash reductions of 23% (CMF=0.77) in residential areas and 9% (CMF = 0.91) in high crash areas (CR > 0.71). 	Benefit Expected	1. There were no locations found on thi	s segment with 5 or more crashes within the study per	riod.
Curbside Uses	 Curbside uses can be accommodated within the existing roadway width with the 2-lane conversion. There is no transit on this segment. There are currently no bike lanes but are planned for the future. 	 On-street parking could be accommodated within the existing roadway width with the 2-lane conversion (on both sides). Some alternatives provide trade offs between on- street parking and bike lanes, there is not enough roadway width to accommodate both. 	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	 On-street parking can be accommodated within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion, but only on one side of the street. Buses in one direction would stop in through lane with 3-lane conversion. There are currently no bike lanes but are planned for the future. 	accommodate both.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion, but only on one side of the street. 2 There is no transit on this segment	 On-street parking could be accommodated within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion (on one side only). Some alternatives provide trade offs between on- street parking and bike lanes, there is not enough roadway width to accommodate both. 	n Feasible (Minimal Impact)
Roadway Function / Mobility	 The signalized intersections at County Road C/Lexington is expected to operate at LOS D or better. The all-way stop-controlled intersection at Victoria Street is expected to have an increase in delay if remaining stop controlled. A roundabout alternative at this intersection was analyzed and is expected to operate at LOS A during the AM and PM Peaks. Average queue lengths along County Road C are expected to moderately increase. 	traffic mobility impact from 2-lane conversion.2. The slight travel time and side-street delay increase	Moderate Impact Expected	 The signalized intersection at County Road C/Rice is expected to operate at LOS C or better. Average queue lengths along County Road C are expected to minimally increase. 	 Roadway function is maintained with minimal traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion. The slight travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Minimal impact expected	There are no signalized intersections on this segment.	Roadway function has minimal mobility impact from 3 lane conversion.	3- Minimal impact expected
Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	The AADT along County Road C is 10,300.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible	The AADT along County Road C ranges from 8,700 to 10,700.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible	The AADT along County Road C is 7300.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible
Peak Hour Traffic Volumes	The maximium directional peak hour traffic volume is 830.	Peak hour volumes are low and 2 lane roadway will be below capacity during peak hours.	Minimal impact expected	The maximium directional peak hour traffic volume ranges from 691-833.	Peak hour volumes are low and 3 lane roadway will be below capacity during peak hours.	Minimal impact expected		Peak hour volumes are low and 3 lane roadway will be below capacity during peak hours.	e Minimal impact expected
Traffic Volume Directional Distribution	The traffic volume directional distribution is 27% EB/73% WB in morning hours and 67% EB/33% WB in evening hours.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible	The traffic volume directional distribution is 27% EB/73% WB in morning hours and 67% EB/33% WB in evening hours.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible	The traffic volume directional distribution is 27% EB/73% WB in morning hours and 67% EB/33% WB in evening hours.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible
Motor Vehicle Speeds	1. The posted speed limit is 40mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 37 mph.	Although vehicle speeds are very close to the posted speed, an overall speed reduction is expected.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	1. The posted speed limit is 40mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 37 mph.	Although vehicle speeds are very close to the posted speed, an overall speed reduction is expected.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	1. The posted speed limit is 35mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 39 mph.	 An overall speed reduction is expected. Local and national 3-lane conversions have resulted in vehicle speed reductions up to 5 mph or more. 	Benefit Expected
Access Points and Turning Traffic Patterns	There is 1 access point along County Road C Ave (0.4 mi).	Low access density supports a 2-lane roadway.	Benefit Expected	1. There are 59 access points along County Road C Ave (1.6 mi).	Extremely high benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected		 Extremely high benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density. Side-streets with high left turn volumes may become more efficient from the 3-lane conversion due to addition of the exclusive left-turn lane. 	Benefit Expected
Roadway Width	The existing roadway width is 52 feet.	2-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width.	Feasible	The existing roadway width is 44 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width, but would result in the loss of curbside uses on one side of the street.	Feasible	The existing roadway width is 48 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width.	Feasible



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study County Road C (Lexington Avenue to I-35E)

Segment 2 Evaluation Summary - page 2 of 2

Segment 2D: County Road C between Railroad Bridge and I-35E

	Segment 2D: County Road C between Railroad Bridge and I-35E		
Key Factors	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion
Crash Patterns	 Two locations on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: Country Drive/I-35E SB Off Ramp and I-35E NB Off Ramp. Country Drive/I-35 E SB Off Ramp (signalized) had 30 crashes, 14 of which were rear end collisions; and had a CR=1.02 per MEV. I-35E NB Ramp (signalized) had 14 crashes, 5 of which were angled collisions; and had a CR=1.05 per MEV. 	 The 3-lane conversion is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist 91% of crashes studied along this segment of County Road C. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found crash reductions of 9% (CMF=0.91) in high crash areas (CR >0.71). 	Benefit Expected
Curbside Uses	 On-street parking can be accommodated within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion, but only on one side of the street. Buses in one direction would stop in through lane with 3-lane conversion. There are currently no bike lanes but are planned for the future. 	 Currently there is no on-street parking provided, but parking could be accommodated on one side of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion if desired. Some alternatives provide trade offs between on-street parking and bike lanes, there is not enough roadway width to accommodate both. Some alternatives allow for buses to stop out of travel lanes while others require buses to stop in a travel lane. Delays created by buses stopping in a travel lane will be minimal due to large headways. 	Feasible
Roadway Function / Mobility	 The signalized intersection at County Road C and Country Dr/I-35E Ramp Is expected to operate at LOS E during the AM and PM peaks with a 3-lane conversion. The County Road C/I-35E WB ramp signalized intersection is expected to operate at LOS D or better. Average queue lengths along County Road C are expected to moderately increase with a 3-lane conversion. 	 Roadway function has significant traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion. The travel time and side-street delay increase are expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Significant Impact Expected
Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	The AADT along County Road C is around 14,400.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible
Peak Hour Traffic Volumes	The maximum directional heak hour trattic volume is 857	Peak hour volumes are moderate and 3 lane roadway will be pushed to capacity during peak hours.	Moderate Impact Expected
raffic Volume Directional Distribution	The traffic volume directional distribution is 27% EB/73% WB in morning hours and 67% EB/33% WB in evening hours.	Low to moderate peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Moderate Impact Expected
Motor Vehicle Speeds		An overall speed reduction is expected. Local and national 3-lane conversions have resulted in vehicle speed reductions up to 5 mph or more.	Benefit Expected
Access Points and Turning Traffic Patterns	1 Unere are 17 access points along County Road C (0.4 mi)	Moderate benefit of existing Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected
Roadway Width		3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width, but would result in the loss of curbside uses on one side of the street from railroad bridge to Little Canada Rd.	Feasible



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study County Road C (Lexington Avenue to I-35E)









Single Lane Roundabout Option

Note: 1. Currently the NB and SB approaches widen to 2 lanes at this intersection. This will not be necessary if the intersection becomes a single-lane roundabout. 2. Railroad gate arms may be necessary for northbound departure lanes.





Right Turn Lane Option

Segment A 3-LANE ALTERNATIVE 1 (See Above)



Segments B-D 3-LANE ALTERNATIVE 1 (See Above)



 $\ensuremath{^*}$ Typical Sections are not drawn to scale - for illustration purpose only









Segment 2 County Road C (Lexington Avenue to I-35E)

Detailed Analysis and Concept Design



Note: Right-of-way costs not included in estimate. Survey needed in pre-design phase to confirm necessary right-of-way acquisition. Removal of contaminated materials is not included in this estimate. Single lane roundabout cost is for a single lane roundabout with an inscribed diameter of 130' and does not include ROW acquisition, utility relocation, or Railroad crossing gate arms for the north leg.

Alliant Engineering's (Alliant) Opinions of Probable Cost provided for herein are to be made on the basis of Alliant's experience and qualifications and represent Alliant's best judgment. However, since Alliant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or services furnished by others, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices, or over competitive bidding or market conditions, Alliant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction cost will not vary from Opinions of Probable Cost prepared by Alliant.

Prepared By: XXX

Checked By: SP

Appendix F: Segment 7 Detailed Analysis Results





AM: 41% NB/59% SB
PM: 66% NB/34% SB
Yes
: Low
¹ : Low
² : 308
114.1

Corridor 7 Transit Routes

Route 65

Source: StreetLight Data

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 7A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	26 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	13,600 - 15,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,138



²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2016 & 2018) LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection **Public Transit Stops** (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk

(At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 7A)

Sheet 1 of 4



Corridor 7 Transit Routes

Route 65

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 41% NB/59% SB
Truck Route:	PM: 66% NB/34% SB Yes
Ped Activity Level	
Bike Activity Level ¹	
Crashes in 5 Years	
Crashes/Mile ² :	114.1

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 7A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	26 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	13,600 - 15,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,138



Source: StreetLight Data ³Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2016 & 2018)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 41% NB/59% SB
Directional Split .	PM: 66% NB/34% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹	: Low
Bike Activity Level	¹ : Low
Crashes in 5 Years	² : 308
Crashes/Mile ² :	114.1

Corridor 7 Transit Routes

Route 65

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 7B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	44 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	13,500
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	938

Boulevard & Sidewalk Varies

Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2018) LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection **Public Transit Stops** (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk $\langle \mathbf{D} \rangle$ (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 7B)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 41% NB/59% SB PM: 66% NB/34% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Low
Bike Activity Level ¹	
Crashes in 5 Years ²	
Crashes/Mile ² :	114.1

Corridor 7 Transit Routes

Route 65

Source: StreetLight Data

LEGEND

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise. 2. Transit boardings and
- alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Marked Crosswalk (At unsignalized intersection)

Segment 7B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	34 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	44 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	13,500
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	938

Segment 7C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	30 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	42 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	14,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	783







Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



(If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour)

Existing Typical Section (Segments 7B)

Existing Typical Section (7C)

Segment 7 Dale Street (Como Avenue to TH 36)

Sheet 4 of 4



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Segment 7 Dale Street (Como Avenue to TH 36)

Existing Turning Movement Counts

Segment 7 Parking Study Summary







East Side of Dale Street



Observed Demand
 Estimated Supply

Note: Evening observations were made on 1/29/2020. Morning and mid-day observations were made on 1/30/2020. Late night observations were mde on 2/27/2020.

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study Dale Street (Como Avenue to TH 36)

Segment 7 **Evaluation Summary**

	Segment 7A: Dale Street between Como Avenue and Larpenteur Avenue		Segment 7B: Dale Street between Larpenteur Avenue and County Road B			Segment 7C: Dale Street between County Road B and TH 36			
Key Factors	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion
Crash Patterns	 CR= 0.70 per MEV. 3. Maryland Ave (signalized) had 33 crashes which included 8 with pedestrians or bicycles with 2 of those resulting in serious injuries. CR=1.07 per MEV. 4. Arlington Ave (signalized) had 12 crashes which included 1 with a pedestrian. CR=0.57 per MEV. 5. Nebraska Ave (thru/stop offset T-intersection) had 5 crashes and a CR=0.26 per MEV. 	Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes	Benefit Expected	 One location on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: County Road B. County Road B (signalized) had 14 crashes, 7 of which were rear end collisions; and had a CR=0.50 per MEV. 	 The 3-lane conversion is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist of all crashes studied along this segment of Dale Street. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found a crash reduction of 19% (CMF=0.81) in areas with high driveway density (>45 driveways/mile). 		 Two locations on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: Sandhurst Drive and TH 36 Service Road/TH 36 EB Off Ramp. Sandhurst Dr (T-intersection) had 5 crashes and a CR=0.24 per MEV. TH 36 Service Rd/TH 36 Off Ramp (signalized) had 8 crashes and a CR=0.39 per MEV. 	 The 3-lane conversion is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist 92% of all crashes studied along this segment of Dale Street. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found a crash reduction of 19% (CMF=0.81) in areas with high driveway densities (>45 driveways/mile) and 9% (CMF=0.91) on average for 4 to 3 conversions. 	Benefit Expected
Curbside Uses	 On-street parking is currently minimally used (2 vehicles parked on corridor observed at maximum). There is one transit route with 20-minute headways during peak hours. There are currently no bike lanes but bike lanes are planned for the future. 	 On-street parking could be accommodated on one side of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion. Some alternatives provide trade offs between on- street parking and bike lanes, there is not enough roadway width to accommodate both. The 3-lane conversion will maintain curb-side bus stops. Some alternatives allow for buses to stop out of travel lanes while others require buses to stop in a travel lane. Delays created by buses stopping in a travel lane will be minimal due to large headways. 	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	 Currently there is no on-street parking provided. There is one transit route with 20-minute headways during peak hours. The 3-lane conversion will maintain curb-side bus stops. There are currently no bike lanes but a bike facility is planned for the future. 	 On-street parking could be accommodated on one side of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion. Some alternatives provide trade offs between on- street parking and bike lanes, there is not enough roadway width to accommodate both. The 3-lane conversion will maintain curb-side bus stops. Some alternatives allow for buses to stop out of travel lanes while others require buses to stop in a travel lane. Delays created by buses stopping in a travel lane will be minimal due to large headways. 	Feasible	 Currently there is no on-street parking provided, no transit routes, and no bike lanes. There are no plans to accommodate curbside uses in the future. 	 Curbside uses could be accommodated on one side of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion. 	
Roadway Function / Mobility	and is expected to remain at LOS F with an increase in overall intersection delay. 3. Average queue lengths along Dale Street are expected	impact from 3-lane conversion at the Dale/Como/Front intersection, and minimal impact north of Dale/Como/Front. 2. The slight travel time and side-street delay increase	Significant Impact Expected at southern terminus	 A reduction in overall intersection delay is expected at Dale/County Road B with removal of split phasing. The Dale/Larpenteur intersection is expected to operate at an overall intersection LOS C/D (AM/PM). Average queue lengths along Dale street are expected to moderately increase. 	 Roadway function is maintained with minimal traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion. The slight travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Minimal Impact Expected	expected to operate at LOS B or better, with minimal increase in overall intersection delay.	 Roadway function is maintained with minimal traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion. The slight travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Minimal Impact
Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	1. The AADT along Dale Street is between 13,600-15,700. 2. Dale Street is a designated truck route.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible	The AADT along Dale St is 13,500.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible	The AADT along Dale St is 14,700.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible
Peak Hour Traffic Volumes	1 The maximum directional peak hour traffic volume is 1138. 2. Dale Street is a designated truck route.	Peak hour volumes are high and 3 lane roadway will be pushed to capacity during peak hours.	Moderate Impact Expected	 The maximum directional peak hour traffic volume is 938. Dale Street is a designated truck route. 	Peak hour volumes are high and 3 lane roadway will be pushed to capacity during peak hours.	Moderate Impact Expected	 The maximum directional peak hour traffic volume is 783. Dale Street is a designated truck route. 	Peak hour volumes are low and 3 lane roadway will be below capacity during peak hours.	Minimal Impact Expected
Traffic Volume Directional Distribution	The traffic volume directional distribution is approximately 41% NB/59% SB in the morning and 66% NB/34% SB in the evening.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible	The traffic volume directional distribution is approximately 41% NB/59% SB in the morning and 66% NB/34% SB in the evening.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible	The traffic volume directional distribution is approximately 41% NB/59% SB in the morning and 66% NB/34% SB in the evening.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible
Motor Vehicle Speeds	1. The posted speed limit is 30mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 34mph.	An overall speed reduction is expected. Local and national 3-lane conversions have resulted in vehicle speed reductions up to 5 mph or more.	Benefit Expected	1. The posted speed limit is 40mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 44mph.	An overall speed reduction is expected. Local and national 3-lane conversions have resulted in vehicle speed reductions up to 5 mph or more.	Benefit Expected	 The posted speed limit is 30mph. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 42mph. 	An overall speed reduction is expected. Local and national 3-lane conversions have resulted in vehicle speed reductions up to 5 mph or more.	Benefit Expected
Access Points and Turning Traffic Patterns	There are 63 access points along Dale St (1.5 mi).	Moderate benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected	There are 37 access points along Dale St (1.0 mi).	Moderate benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected		 High benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density. Side-streets with high left turn volumes may become more efficient from the 3-lane conversion due to addition of the exclusive left-turn lane. 	Benefit Expected
Roadway Width	The existing roadway width is 44 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width, but would result in the loss of curbside uses on at least one side of the street.	Feasible	The existing roadway width is 44 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width, but would result in the loss of curbside uses on at least one side of the street.	Feasible	The existing roadway width is 44 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width, but would result in the loss of curbside uses on at least one side of the street.	Feasible



$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	B AM LOS A B B 15.5 C 31.6 A A A D PM Delay 9.1 10.0 52.5 D D	$\frac{\overline{k}, Alt 1 Alt 2}{AM LOS C D C}$ $\frac{\overline{k}, Alt 1 Alt 2}{AM LOS C D C}$ $\frac{\overline{k}, Proj.}{PM LOS E F F}$ $PM Delay 62.2 B.1 145.0$ $\frac{\overline{k}, Proj.}{Rear-end: 3 CMF}$	DALE COURT
D Proj. PM queue length = 1310 ft. 2	G A HERE AND A HERE AN		RYAN AVENUE REALIN RYAN AVENUE Segment 7B
ALTERNATIVE 1			
Advantages: Lane reduction all the way to Como/Front, provides bike lanes along Dale St Disadvantages: Significant increase in traffic delay and queueing during peak hours Advantages: Provides same level of delay and queueing as existing comditions at Como/Fron Disadvantages: Designated bike lane does no connect with existing Como Ave bike facility, significant increase in traffic delay at other signals along Dale St	nt t	NOTES A Maternity of Mary-St. Andrew Catholic School B Parkview Center School C Niem Phat Buddhist Temple	LEGEND X.XX Traffic Analysis Crash Analysis Crashes from 201 X.XX (X.XX) Crash Rate (Cr
Southbound Creater Ture way Northbound	3-LANE ALTERNATIVE 2 Roadway Width ~44' Southbound Contex Ture user Northbound	 City of Reconciliation Church Overcomer's Victory Church 	X.XX (X.XX) Crash Rate (Cr Crashes per Millio X.XX Severity Index
Boulevard & Sidewalk Bike Lane Travel Lane Northbound Varies 6' 11' 10' 11' 6'	Boulevard & Sidewalk Curbside Use Travel Lane Northbound Varies 10' 11' 10' 11'	F Bethel Lutheran Church Maternity of Mary Church	 Alternative 1: Adjust de Alternative 1: Adjust sig Adjust detection for nev Recommend mast arms
	Alternative could provide curbside uses on either side of the street.	(On-street parking along Dale St)	Adjust detection for new
* Typical Sections are not drawn to scale - for illustration purpose only		Temple of Aaron Cemetery	4 Adjust detection for new Recommend mast arms
Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study			

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





	ENGINEER'S OPINION OF PROBABLE COST Ramsey County - 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study Segment 7 - Dale Street (Como Avenue to TH 36) Alliant Project No. 119-0166									ed:	ALLIANT
No.	Description	Unit	Unit	t Price	Notes	Alternative 1		Alter	native 2		
						Quantity	Total	Quantity	Total		
Count	metter Costs										
	ruction Costs										
1.		SQ FT	\$	0.64		653770	\$ 417,686.13	653770	\$ 417,686.13		
2.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM A (COMO AVE/FRONT AVE)	SYSTEM		0,000.00		1	\$ 300,000.00				
3.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM B (MARYLAND AVE)	SYSTEM		0,000.00		1	\$ 200,000.00	1	\$ 200,000.00		
4.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM C (WHEELOCK PKWY)	SYSTEM		5,000.00		1	\$ 5,000.00	1	\$ 5,000.00		
5.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM D (ARLINGTON AVE)	SYSTEM		0,000.00		1	\$ 200,000.00	1	\$ 200,000.00		
6.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM E (LARPENTEUR AVE)	SYSTEM		7,000.00		1	\$ 17,000.00	1	\$ 17,000.00		
7.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM F (COUNTY RD B)	SYSTEM		5,000.00		1	\$ 65,000.00	1	\$ 65,000.00		
8.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM G (TH36 EB OFF RAMP)	SYSTEM		5,000.00		1	\$ 5,000.00	1	\$ 5,000.00		
9.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM H (TH 36 WB OFF RAMP)	SYSTEM		5,000.00		1	\$ 5,000.00	1	\$ 5,000.00		
10.	TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE STRIPING	250 LIN FT		2,529.50		47	\$ 118,886.50	44	\$ 111,298.00		
11.	6" DOUBLE SOLID LINE PAINT (WR)	LIN FT	\$	4.00		875	\$ 3,500.00	1625	\$ 6,500.00		
12.	6" SOLID LINE MULTI-COMPONENT (WR)	LIN FT	\$	2.00		15500	\$ 31,000.00	16800	\$ 33,600.00		
13.	PAVEMENT MESSAGE PREFORM THERMOPLASTIC GROUND IN	SQ FT	\$	5.00		519	\$ 2,595.00	534	\$ 2,670.00		
14.	PAVEMENT MARKING SPECIAL	SQ FT	\$	5.00		672	\$ 3,360.00	672	\$ 3,360.00		
	Construct	ion Subtotal					\$ 1,374,028		\$ 1,072,114		
		Mobilization		4%			\$ 54,961		\$ 42,885		
	Tr	affic Control	16	6%			\$ 82,442		\$ 64,327		
		Contingency	· 1	.0%			\$ 137,403		\$ 107,211		
	Total Opinion of Construction Cost Plus	Contingency	,				\$ 1,648,833		\$ 1,286,537		
Profess	sional Services										
15.	Design Services (Engineering, Survey, A	Architecture)	1	.0%			\$ 164,883		\$ 128,654		
16.	Overhead (Lega	, Fiscal, Etc.)	7	7%			\$ 115,418		\$ 90,058		
	Subtotal Profession	onal Services					\$ 280,302		\$ 218,711		
	Total Opinion of Project Cost						\$ 1,929,135		\$ 1,505,248		

Note: Right-of-way costs not included in estimate. Survey needed in pre-design phase to confirm necessary right-of-way acquisition. Removal of contaminated materials is not included in this estimate

Alliant Engineering's (Alliant) Opinions of Probable Cost provided for herein are to be made on the basis of Alliant's experience and qualifications and represent Alliant's best judgment. However, since Alliant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or services furnished by others, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices, or over competitive bidding or market conditions, Alliant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction cost will not vary from Opinions of Probable Cost prepared by Alliant.

Prepared By: JDC

Checked By: SP

Appendix G: Segment 16 Detailed Analysis Results





Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 27% NB/73% SB PM: 75% NB/25% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Low
Bike Activity Level1:	
Crashes in 5 Years ²	: 153
Crashes/Mile ² :	76.5

Corridor 16 Transit Routes

R	ou	te	4	
R	ou	te	14	I

General Notes

unless noted otherwise. 2. Transit boardings and

1. Parking not permitted

alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 16A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	10,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	799

Segment 16B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume⁵:	15,700
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁶ :	1,176





Source: StreetLight Data

Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

³Source: MnDOT (2017) *Calculated based on MnDOT (2017) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality

⁵Source: MnDOT (2014) ⁶Calculated based on MnDOT (2014) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



X,XXX

Old Highway 8 (County Road D to 5th Avenue NW)

Sheet 2 of 3

Existing Typical Section (Segment 16C)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Existing Typical Section (Segment 16D)



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Corridor 16 Characteristics

Corridor 16 Charac	teristics		General Notes		
Directional Split ¹ : Truck Route: Ped Activity Level ¹ : Bike Activity Level ¹ Crashes in 5 Years ² Crashes/Mile ² :	: Mec		 Parking not p unless noted Transit board alightings are weekday ave 	otherwise. lings and 2018	Seg We Spo Seg Seg
Corridor 16 Transit Route 4 Route 141					
LEGEND XX MnDOT AADT	•	Signalize	d Intersection	Pa	rking allowed (se
xx St. Paul Compass	AADT O	All-way s	top Intersection	🕡 Pu	blic Transit Stops
Spack Consulting (If there is an asterisk (* collected during a MnP/	ADT) the data was ASS detour)		Crosswalk ized intersection)		10 - L

Boardings Alightings Boardings Alightings Boardings Alightings 2 SHEET 2 0 2 0 2 0 OLD HIGHWAY 8 **MATCHLINE - SEE** Boardings Alightings Boardings Alightings Boardings Alightings 0 2 0 1 0 2 Segment 16C

Segment 16C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily)1:	41 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	11,500 - 14,500
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume⁴:	924

egment 16D Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	39 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	7,900
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	473



²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: MnDOT (2016) ⁴Calculated based on MnDOT (2016) data, 10% PM Peak assumption, and StreetLight directionality

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study







Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Segment 16 Old Highway 8 (County Road D to 5th Avenue NW)

Existing Turning Movement Counts

Segment 16

Evaluation Summary - page 1 of 2

	Segment 16A - Old Highway 8 between	County Road D and 5th Street		Segment 16B - Old Highway 8 between !	5th Street and Railroad Crossing	Segment 16C - Old Highway 8 between Railroad Crossing and 8th Avenue			
Key Factors	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion
Crash Patterns	were rear-end collisions and another 6 were angle crashes; CR=0.40 per MEV. 3. Long Lake Rd (Thru/stop) had 11 crashes which included 4 sideswipe and 4 angle collisions; CR = 0.65 per MEV. 4. Campus Dr (Thru/stop) had 6 crashes all of which were	that consist 88% of crashes studied along this segment of Old Highway 8. 2. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. 3. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds.	Benefit Expected	 Three locations on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: Foss Road, 3rd Street SW, and 9th Avenue/1st Street SW. Foss Rd (Offset Thru/stop) had 9 crashes, 6 of which were rear-end collisions; CR = 0.50 per MEV. 3rd St SW (Thru/stop T-intersection) had 6 crashes, 3 were rear-end and another 2 were angle collisions; 1 of which resulted in a fatality. CR = 0.37 per MEV. 4. 9th Ave/1st St SW (Thru/stop) had 6 crashes, 1 of which was with a bicyclist. CR = 0.33 per MEV. 	 The 3-lane conversion is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist 86% of crashes studied along this segment of Old Highway 8. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found crash reductions of 23% (CMF=0.77) in residential areas, 19% (CMF=0.81) in high driveway density areas, and 9% (CMF=0.91) in general. 	Benefit Expected	 Two locations on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: 1st Street NW and 5th Avenue NW. 1st St NW (signalized) had 12 crashes, including 4 that were angle collisions, and 3 rear-end. There was 1 serious injury that resulted from a crash with a tree. CR = 0.54 per MEV. Sth Ave NW (signalized) had 5 crashes, including 1 angle and 1 rear end collsion. There was also 1 crash with a pedestrian. CR = 0.33 per MEV. 	crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. 3. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds.	Benefit Expected
Curbside Uses	 Curbside uses can be accommodated on both sides of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3- lane conversion. There is no transit, parking, or bike lanes on this segment and they are not planned for the future. 	Curbside uses could be accommodated within the existing roadway with the 3-lane conversion.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	 Curbside uses can be accommodated on both sides of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3- lane conversion. The 3-lane conversion will maintain curb-side bus stops. There are 2 transit routes along the corridor. There is currently no parking or bike lanes and they are not planned for the future. 	Curbside uses could be accommodated within the existing roadway with the 3-lane conversion.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	 Curbside uses can be accommodated on both sides of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3- lane conversion. The 3-lane conversion will maintain curb-side bus stops. There are 2 transit routes along the corridor. There is currently no parking or bike lanes and they are not planned for the future. 	Curbside uses could be accommodated within the existing roadway with the 3-lane conversion.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)
Roadway Function / Mobility	 The signalized intersection at Old Highway 8/County Road D is expected to operate at LOS C or better. Average queue lengths along Old Highway 8 are expected to slightly increase. 	 Roadway function is maintained with minimal traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion. The slight travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Minimal impact expected	There are no signalized intersections on this segment.	 Roadway function has minimal traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion. The travel time and side-street delay increase are expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Minimal impact expected	 The intersection at Old Highway 8/1st Street is an all- way stop-controllect intersection that would be expected to operate at LOS E during the PM Peak with moderate queueing. If a permanent traffic signal is installed, the intersection would be expected to operate at LOS B or better during the PM Peak, with minimal increase in average queue lengths along Old Highway 8. 	 Roadway function is maintained with minimal traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion. The slight travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Moderate Impact Expected
Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	The AADT along Old Highway 8 is 10,700.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible	The AADT along Old Highway 8 is 11,100.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible	The AADT along Old Highway 8 is 10,500.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible
Peak Hour Traffic Volumes	The maximium directional peak hour traffic volume is 799.	Peak hour volumes are low and 3 lane roadway will be below capacity during peak hours.	Minimal impact expected	The maximium directional peak hour traffic volume is 892.	Peak hour volumes are moderate and 3 lane roadway will have low to moderate capacity constraints during peak hours.	Moderate Impact Expected	The maximium directional peak hour traffic volume is 784.	Peak hour volumes are low and 3 lane roadway will be below capacity during peak hours.	Minimal impact expected
raffic Volume Directional Distribution	The traffic volume directional distribution is 27% NB/73% SB in morning hours and 75% NB/25% SB in evening hours.	Although peak hour volumes are unbalanced, there is no concern about directional distribution with low peak hour volumes.	Feasible	The traffic volume directional distribution is 27% NB/73% SB in morning hours and 75% NB/25% SB in evening hours.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible	The traffic volume directional distribution is 27% NB/73% SB in morning hours and 75% NB/25% SB in evening hours.	Although peak hour volumes are unbalanced, there is no concern about directional distribution with low peak hour volumes.	Feasible
Motor Vehicle Speeds	1. The posted speed limit is 40mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 41 mph.	Although vehicle speeds are very close to the posted speed, an overall speed reduction is expected.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	1. The posted speed limit is 40mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 41 mph.	Although vehicle speeds are very close to the posted speed, an overall speed reduction is expected.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	1. The posted speed limit is 40mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 41 mph.	Although vehicle speeds are very close to the posted speed, an overall speed reduction is expected.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)
ccess Points and Turning Traffic Patterns	There are 19 access points along Old Highway 8 (0.4 mi).	High benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected	There are 17 access points along Old Highway 8 (0.6 mi).	Moderate benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected	There are 41 access points along Old Highway 8 (0.7 mi).	High benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected
Roadway Width	The existing roadway width is 50-70 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width.	Feasible	The existing roadway width is 50 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width.	Feasible	The existing roadway width is 60 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width.	Feasible



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study Old Highway 8 (County Road D to 5th Avenue)

Segment 16 Evaluation Summary - page 2 of 2

	Segment 16D: Old Highway 8 between 8th Avenue and 5th Avenue		
Key Factors	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion
Crash Patterns	No locations with 5+ cra	shes for detailed analysis	
Curbside Uses	 Curbside uses can be accommodated on both sides of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion. There is no transit, parking, or bike lanes on this segment and they are not planned for the future. 	Curbside uses could be accommodated within the existing roadway with the 3- lane conversion.	Feasible
Roadway Function / Mobility	 The signalized intersection at Old Highway 8/County Road D is expected to operate at LOS B or better. Average queue lengths along Old Hgihway 8 are expected to minimally increase. 	 Roadway function is maintained with moderate traffic mobility impact from 3- lane conversion. The travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Minimal impact expected
Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	The AADT along Old Highway 8 is 10,500.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible
Peak Hour Traffic Volumes	The maximum directional peak hour traffic volume is 433.	Peak hour volumes are low and 3 lane roadway will be below capacity during peak hours.	Minimal impact expected
raffic Volume Directional Distribution	The traffic volume directional distribution is 27% NB/73% SB in morning hours and 75% NB/25% SB in evening hours.	Although peak hour volumes are unbalanced, there is no concern about directional distribution with low peak hour volumes.	Feasible
Motor Vehicle Speeds	 The posted speed limit is 30mph. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 39mph. 	An overall speed reduction is expected. Local and national 3-lane conversions have resulted in vehicle speed reductions up to 5 mph or more.	Benefit Expected
ccess Points and Turning Traffic Patterns	There are 5 access points along Old Highway 8 (0.3 mi).	Moderate benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected
Roadway Width	The existing roadway width is 47 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width, but would result in the loss of curbside uses on one side of the street.	Feasible



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study Old Highway 8 (County Road D to 5th Avenue)







3-LANE ALTERNATIVE (See Above)





* Typical Sections are not drawn to scale - for illustration purpose only

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





Detailed Analysis and Concept Design

	ENGINEER'S OPINION OF PROBABLE COST Ramsey County - 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study Segment 16 - Old Highway 8 (County Road D to 5th Avenue NW) Alliant Project No. 119-0166									Date Prepared: April 7, 2020	
No.	Description	Unit	ι	Jnit Price	Notes	Altern	ative 1	Alter	native 2		
						Quantity	Total	Quantity	Total		
	ruction Costs	60 FT	ć	0.64		442055	¢ 264 474 25	112055	¢ 264 474 25		
1.	MICRO MILL AND OVERLAY PAVEMENT	SQ FT	\$	0.64		413955	\$ 264,471.25	413955	\$ 264,471.25		
2.		SQ FT	\$	1.20		247914	\$ 297,496.80	247914	\$ 297,496.80		
3.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM A (COUNTY ROAD D)	SYSTEM SYSTEM	-	200,000.00		1	\$ 200,000.00	1	\$ 200,000.00		
4.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM B (1ST STREET NW)	SYSTEM	\$	10,000.00				1	\$ 10,000.00		
4. 5.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM C (5TH AVENUE NW) TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE STRIPING	250 LIN FT	\$ \$	2,529.50		24	\$ 59,696.20	36	\$ 91,062.00		
5. 6.	6" DOUBLE SOLID LINE PAINT (WR)	LIN FT	\$ \$	2,529.50		930	\$ 3,720.00	930	\$ 3,720.00		
7.	6" SOLID LINE MULTI-COMPONENT (WR)	LIN FT	ې \$	2.00		25540	\$ 51,080.00	25540	\$ 51,080.00		
8.	PAVEMENT MESSAGE PREFORM THERMOPLASTIC GROUND IN	SQ FT	ې \$	5.00		155	\$ 775.00	155	\$ 775.00		
0.		tion Subtotal	Ŧ	5.00		155	\$ 775.00 \$ 877,239	155	\$ 918,605		
		Mobilization		4%			\$ 35,090		\$ 36,744		
		affic Control		6%			\$ 52,634		\$ 55,116		
-		Contingency		10%			\$ 87,724		\$ 91,861		
	Total Opinion of Construction Cost Plus	<u> </u>		2070			\$ 1,052,687		\$ 1,102,326		
	·····						+ _,,,,		÷ _,,220		
Profess	sional Services										
9.	Design Services (Engineering, Survey, A	Architecture)		10%			\$ 105,269		\$ 110,233		
10.	Overhead (Lega			7%			\$ 73,688		\$ 77,163		
	Subtotal Professio	onal Services					\$ 178,957		\$ 187,395		
					•						•
	Total Opinion of Project Cost						\$ 1,231,644		\$ 1,289,721		

Note: Right-of-way costs not included in estimate. Survey needed in pre-design phase to confirm necessary right-of-way acquisition. Removal of contaminated materials is not included in this estimate

Alliant Engineering's (Alliant) Opinions of Probable Cost provided for herein are to be made on the basis of Alliant's experience and qualifications and represent Alliant's best judgment. However, since Alliant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or services furnished by others, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices, or over competitive bidding or market conditions, Alliant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction cost will not vary from Opinions of Probable Cost prepared by Alliant.

Prepared By: JDC

Checked By: SP

Appendix H: Segment 18D Detailed Analysis Results





Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 45% NB/55% SB
Directional split.	PM: 58% NB/42% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹	: Medium
Bike Activity Level	
Crashes in 5 Years	
Crashes/Mile ² :	229.3

Corridor 18 Transit Routes

Route 54	
Route 63	
Route 64	
Route 80	

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 18D Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	32 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	42 mph
Speed Limit:	35-40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	28,200
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,172



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2019)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study

ALLIANT

Existing Typical Section (Segment 18D)

		n ~66'-82.5' ——— Width ~48' ———		4
Sou	thbound	North	bound	
Travel Lane	Travel Lane	Travel Lane	Travel Lane	Boulevard & Sidewalk
12'	12'	12'	12'	9'

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 18 White Bear Avenue (Suburban Avenue to County Road B)

Sheet 6 of 6



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Segment 18D White Bear Avenue (Frost Avenue to County Road B)

Existing Turning Movement Counts

Segment 18D Evaluation Summary

Segment 18D: White Bear Avenue between Frost Avenue and County Road B

Key Factors	Segment 18D: White Bear Avenue between Frost Avenue and County Road E Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion
Crash Patterns	 Five locations on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: Frost Avenue, driveway with American Fastening Systems, Van Dyke Street, Burke Avenue, and County Road B. Frost Ave (signalized) had 15 crashes which included 9 rear end collisions and 3 angle crashes in which 1 resulted in a serious injury. There was also 1 pedestrian crash that resulted in a fatality. CR= 0.36 per MEV. Driveway with American Fastening Systems (thru/stop T-intersection) had 6 crashes which included 3 rear end collisions. All crashes resulted in property damage only. CR=0.19 per MEV. Van Dyke Street (thru/stop T-intersection) had 5 crashes which included 1 with a bicycle. CR=0.16 per MEV. Burke Ave (Thru/Stop) had 8 crashes, 6 of which were rear end collisions, and a CR=0.26 per MEV. County Road B (signalized) had 13 crashes which included 6 rear end collisions and 1 with a pedestrian that resulted in a serious injury. CR=0.29 per MEV. 	 The 3-lane conversion is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist 87% of crashes studied along this segment of White Bear Avenue. A conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found crash reductions of 2% (CMF=0.98) in low crash areas and 23% (CMF=0.77) in residential areas. 	Benefit Expected
Curbside Uses	 Curbside uses can be accommodated on both sides of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion. Currently there is no on-street parking provided. There is one transit route with 20-minute headways during peak hours. The 3-lane conversion will maintain curb-side bus stops. There are currently no bike lanes and are not planned for the future. 	Curbside uses could be accommodated within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion, however, if two northbound lanes are maintained buses may need to stop in travel lane.	Feasible
Roadway Function / Mobility	 The signalized intersections at White Bear/County Road B and White Bear/Frost are expected to operate at LOS D or better, with minimal increases in overall intersection delay. Average queue lengths along White Bear are expected to significantly increase. If two northbound lanes are maintained, the signalized intersections at White Bear/County Road B and White Bear/Frost are expected to operate at LOS C or better- closer to existing conditions than a true three- lane. 	 Roadway function is maintained with moderate traffic mobility impact from 3- lane conversion. The travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Moderate Impact Expected
Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	The AADT along White Bear Ave is 28,200.	The AADT is above 3 lane capacity.	Significant Impact Expected
Peak Hour Traffic Volumes	The maximum directional peak hour traffic volume is 1172.	Peak hour volumes are high and 3 lane roadway will be pushed towards capacity during peak hours.	Moderate Impact Expected
raffic Volume Directional Distribution	The traffic volume directional distribution is approximately 45% NB/55% SB in the morning and 58% NB/42% SB in the evening.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible
Motor Vehicle Speeds	 The posted speed limit is 35mph. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 42mph. 	An overall speed reduction is expected. Local and national 3-lane conversions have resulted in vehicle speed reductions up to 5 mph or more.	Benefit Expected
Access Points and Turning Traffic Patterns	1. There are 18 access points along White Bear Ave (0.5 mi).	 Minimal benefit of existing Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density. 	Benefit Expected
Roadway Width	The existing roadway width is 48 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width and would not impact any curbside uses, however, if two northbound lanes are maintained buses may need to stop in travel lane.	Feasible









Note: Opportunity to move bus stop on East side of White Bear Ave/Co Rd B intersection to near side

OR

3-LANE ALTERNATIVE 1 (See Above)



Advantages: Maintains curbside use on both sides of White Bear Ave Disadvantages: Increase in PM peak delay at White Bear Ave/County Road B

* Typical Sections are not drawn to scale - for illustration purpose only



3-LANE ALTERNATIVE 2 (See Above)



Advantages: Maintains current LOS, more efficient traffic flow Disadvantages: Does not offer curbside use on SB side of White Bear Ave



Segment 18D White Bear Avenue (Frost Avenue to County Road B)

Detailed Analysis and Concept Design

ENGINEER'S OPINION OF PROBABLE COST Ramsey County - 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study Segment 18D - White Bear Avenue (Frost Avenue to County Road B) Alliant Project No. 119-0166 April 7						•							
No.	Description	Unit Unit Price Notes		Alternative 2									
-						Quantity		Total	Quantity		Total		
Const	uction Costs												
1.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM A (FROST AVE)	SYSTEM	¢	200,000.00		1	Ś	200,000.00	1	¢	200,000.00		
2.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM B (COUNTY RD B)	SYSTEM	\$	12,000.00		1		12,000.00	-	Ŷ	200,000.00		
3.	TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE STRIPING	250 LIN FT	\$	1,529.50		8	\$	12,236.00	8	\$	12,236.00		
4.	6" DOUBLE SOLID LINE PAINT (WR)	LIN FT	\$	4.00		1000	\$	4,000.00	1000	\$	4,000.00		
5.	6" SOLID LINE MULTI-COMPONENT (WR)	LIN FT	\$	2.00		5800	\$	11,600.00	2300	\$	4,600.00		
6.	PAVEMENT MESSAGE PREFORM THERMOPLASTIC GROUND IN	SQ FT	\$	5.00		153	\$	765.00	153	\$	765.00		
	Construct	tion Subtotal					\$	240,601		\$	221,601		
		Mobilization		4%			\$	9,624		\$	8,864		
Traffic Control 6%					\$	14,436		\$	13,296				
		Contingency		10%			\$	24,060		\$	22,160		
	Total Opinion of Construction Cost Plus	Contingency					\$	288,721		\$	265,921		
rofes	sional Services												
7.	Design Services (Engineering, Survey, A	Architecture)		10%			\$	28,872		\$	26,592		
8.	Overhead (Lega			7%			\$	20,210		\$	18,614		
	Subtotal Professio	onal Services					\$	49,083		\$	45,207		
	Total Opinion of Project Cost						Ś	337,804		Ś	311,128		

Trote: Night-or-way costs not included in estimate. Survey needed in pre-design phase to commit necessary right-or-way acquisition. Kentoval or contaminated materials is not included in this estimate.

Mibite Rear Avenue is programmed for reconstruction. Costs shown in the estimate above are for traffic related components only

Alliant Engineering's (Alliant) Opinions of Probable Cost provided for herein are to be made on the basis of Alliant's experience and qualifications and represent Alliant's best judgment. However, since Alliant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or services furnished by others, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices, or over competitive bidding or market conditions, Alliant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction cost will not vary from Opinions of Probable Cost prepared by Alliant.

Prepared By: JDC

Checked By: SP

Appendix I: Segment 19 Detailed Analysis Results





X

Billion I a Ind	AM: 52% NB/48% SB
Directional Split ¹ :	PM: 54% NB/46% SB
Truck Route:	Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	Medium
Bike Activity Level ¹ :	: Medium
Crashes in 5 Years ²	: 269
Crashes/Mile ² :	298.9

Corridor 19 Transit Routes

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 19 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	26,400
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,089



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2019)



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section

Segment 19 White Bear Avenue (Gervais Avenue to Beam Avenue)

Sheet 1 of 2





AM: 52% NB/48% SB
PM: 54% NB/46% SB
Yes
Medium
: Medium
: 269
298.9

Corridor 19 Transit Routes

Route 54	
Route 80	
Route 64	

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 19 Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	28 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	41 mph
Speed Limit:	40 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	26,400
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	1,089



¹Source: StreetLight Data ²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: Spack Consulting (2019) LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops 0 (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk $\langle \rangle$ (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section

* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 19 White Bear Avenue (Gervais Avenue to Beam Avenue)

Sheet 2 of 2



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Segment 19 White Bear Avenue (Gervais Avenue to Beam Avenue)

Existing Turning Movement Counts

Segment 19 Evaluation Summary

Segment 19: White Bear Avenue between Gervais Avenue and Beam Avenue

Key Factors	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion
Crash Patterns	 Six locations on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: Gervais Avenue/11th Avenue, both entrances to a strip mall, County Road C, Radatz Avenue, and Beam Avenue. Gervais Ave/11th Ave (signalized) had 38 crashes which included 14 rear end collisions and 8 angle crashes in which 1 resulted in a serious injury. There was also 1 crash with a pedestrian and another with a bicycle. CR= 0.84 per MEV. Southern strip mall entrance (thru/stop T-intersection) had 5 crashes which included 2 rear end collisions. All crashes resulted in property damage only. CR=0.15 per MEV. Northern strip mall entrance/mall entrance (thru/stop) had 5 crashes which included 1 with a bicycle. There was also a crash with a pedestrian which resulted in a serious injury. CR=0.15 per MEV. County Road C (signalized) had 29 crashes, 10 of which were rear end collisions and another 10 that were angle collisions. CR=0.77 per MEV. Radatz Ave (thru/stop) had 6 crashes which included 3 rear end collisions; CR=0.17 per MEV. Beam Ave (signalized) had 28 crashes, 18 of which were rear-end collisions. Another 5 were angle collisions with one resulting in serious injury. CR=0.67. 	Head on crashes that consist 82% of crashes studied along this segment of White Bear Avenue. 2. A conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added.	Benefit Expected
Curbside Uses	 Curbside uses can be accommodated on both sides of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion. Currently there is no on-street parking provided. There are three transit routes. During peak hours, Route 54 has 20-minute headways, Route 80 has 30- minute headways, and Route 64 has headwas ranging between 5 and 25 minutes. The 3-lane conversion will maintain curb-side bus stops. There are currently no bike lanes and are not planned for the future. 	Curbside uses could be accommodated within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion.	Feasible
Roadway Function / Mobility	 The signalized intersections at White Bear/Beam and White Bear/County Road C are expected to operate at LOS C or better, with minimal increases in overall intersection delay. The signalized intersection at White Bear/11th-Gervais is expected to operate at LOS B during the AM Peak with minimal increases in overall intersection delay. That intersection is expected to operate at LOS D during the PM Peak with a mooderate increase in overall intersection delay. Average queue lengths along White Bear are expected to significantly increase, especially during the PM Peak. 	 Roadway function is maintained with moderate traffic mobility impact from 3- lane conversion. The travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Moderate Impact Expected
Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	The AADT along White Bear Ave is 26,400.	The AADT is above 17,000.	Significant Impact Expected
Peak Hour Traffic Volumes	The maximum directional peak hour traffic volume is 1089.	Peak hour volumes are high and 3 lane roadway will be pushed towards capacity during peak hours.	Moderate Impact Expected
ffic Volume Directional Distribution	The traffic volume directional distribution is approximately 52% NB/48% SB in the morning and 54% NB/46% SB in the evening.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible
lotor Vehicle Speeds	1. The posted speed limit is 40mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 41mph.	Although vehicle speeds are very close to the posted speed, an overall speed reduction is expected.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)
ess Points and Turning Traffic Patterns	1. There are 31 access points along White Bear Ave (0.9 mi).	Moderate benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected
Roadway Width	The existing roadway width is 48-60 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width and would not impact any curbside uses.	Feasible











3-LANE ALTERNATIVE

Roadway Width ~60'-68'										
	Southbound		Center Two-way Left-turn Lane	North						
Boulevard & Sidewalk	Curbside Use	Travel Lane	or Median	Travel Lane	Curbside Use	Boulevard & Sidewalk				
Varies	12'	12'	12'-20'	12'	12'	Varies				

* Typical Sections are not drawn to scale - for illustration purpose only

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



 NOTES
 A

 A
 Harmony Learning Center

 B
 Redeeming Love Church

 C
 Obedience Alliance Church



Detailed Analysis and Concept Design

	ENGINEER'S OPINION OF PROBABLE COST Ramsey County - 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study Segment 19 - White Bear Avenue (Gervais Avenue to Beam Avenue) Date Prepared: Alliant Project No. 119-0166 April 8, 2020								
No.	Description	Unit		Unit Price	Notes	Alternative 1			
NO.			Unit Price	Notes	Quantity	Total			
		•							
Consti	ruction Costs	n							
1.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM A (GERVAIS AVE/11TH AVE)	SYSTEM	_	200,000.00		1	\$ 200,000.00		
2.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM B (COUNTY RD C)	SYSTEM		200,000.00		1	\$ 200,000.00		
3.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM C (BEAM AVE)	SYSTEM	\$			1	\$ 12,000.00		
4.	TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE STRIPING	250 LIN FT	\$	1		6	\$ 15,177.00		
5.	6" DOUBLE SOLID LINE PAINT (WR)	LIN FT	\$			600	\$ 2,400.00		
6.	6" SOLID LINE MULTI-COMPONENT (WR)	LIN FT	\$			11025	\$ 22,050.00		
7.	PAVEMENT MESSAGE PREFORM THERMOPLASTIC GROUND IN	SQ FT	\$	5.00		259	\$ 1,295.00		
Construction Subtotal							\$ 452,922		
Mobilization 4%							\$ 18,117		
Traffic Control 6%						\$ 27,175		 	
Contingency 10%						\$ 45,292			
	Total Opinion of Construction Cost Plus	Contingency					\$ 543,506		
Profes	sional Services								
8.						\$ 54,351			
9.	Overhead (Legal		_	7%			\$ 38,045		
э.	Subtotal Professional Services						\$ 92,396		
							÷ 52,550		
	Total Opinion of Project Cost						\$ 635,902		

TYOLE. RIGHT-OF-WAY COSTS NOT INCLUDED IN ESTIMATE. SURVEY NEEDED IN pre-design phase to commin necessary right-of-way acquisition. Removal of contaminated materials is not included in this estimate.

Mibite Boar Avenue is programmed for reconstruction. Costs shown in the estimate above are for traffic related components only

Alliant Engineering's (Alliant) Opinions of Probable Cost provided for herein are to be made on the basis of Alliant's experience and qualifications and represent Alliant's best judgment. However, since Alliant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or services furnished by others, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices, or over competitive bidding or market conditions, Alliant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction cost will not vary from Opinions of Probable Cost prepared by Alliant.

Prepared By: JDC

Checked By: SP
Appendix J: Segment 21 Detailed Analysis Results







ALLIANT

Segment 21 Cretin Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)

Sheet 1 of 2





Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Segment 21 Cretin Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)

Existing Turning Movement Counts

Segment 21 Parking Study Summary





Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study

Cretin Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)

Segment 21 Evaluation Summary

Segment 21A: Cretin Avenue between Grand Avenue and Marshall Avenue Segment 21B: Cretin Avenue between Marshall Avenue and I-94 **Key Factors Key Findings** Favorability Conclusion **Key Findings** Favorability Conclusion 1. The 3-lane conversion is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist 81% of crashes studied along this segment 1. One location on this segment saw more than 5 crashes of Cretin Avenue. over the study period: Marshall Avenue. 2. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian 1 One location on th 2. Marshall Ave (signalized) had 21 crashes which crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety Benefit Expected over the study period **Crash Patterns** included 1 with a pedestrian and 9 rear end collisions. No locations with 5+ crashes for detailed analysis if bike lanes are added. 2. University Ave (sigr There was also an angle collision which resulted in 3. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity were with pedestrian serious injury, CR= 0.36 per MEV. due to reduced vehicle speeds. 4. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found crash reductions of 23% (CMF=0.77) in residential areas. 1. On-street parking can be accommodated on one side 1 On-street parking can be accommodated on east side of the street within the existing roadway width with the 1. On-street parking could be accommodated on one of the street within the existing roadway width with the 1. There is currently r 3-lane conversion. side of the street within the existing roadway width 3-lane conversion. 2 Buses in southbou 2. Buses in one direction would stop in through lane with 1. On-street parking could be accommodated on east with the 3-lane conversion. 2. Buses in southbound direction would stop in through lane with 3-lane conv 3-lane conversion. There are three routes along the side of the street within the existing roadway width Feasible lane with 3-lane conversion. There are two routes along 2. Transit stops would be accessed with buses opportunity for in-lan Curbside Uses corridor. Route 134 has 20-minute hedways during with the 3-lane conversion. Feasible stopping in a travel lane on one side of the street and the corridor. Route 134 has 20-minute hedways during There is one route ald peaks. Route 63 has 15- to 20-minute headways during (Minimal Impact) 2. Delays created by buses stopping in a travel lane peaks. Route 21 diverts down Cretin once or twice during buses stopping in a travel lane will be minimal due to out of the travel lane on the other. Delays created by peaks. Route 63 has 15- to 20-minute headways during 20-minute headways will be minimal due to large headways. 3. There are currently 3. There are currently no bike lanes and bike lanes are not planned for the fu large headways. 3. There are currently no bike lanes and bike lanes are not planned for the future. not planned for the future. 1. The intersections at Cretin/Grand and Cretin/Summit are expected to have a sharp increase in delay during the 1. The intersections a 1. The intersection at Cretin/I-94 N ramp is currently 1. Roadway function has significant traffic mobility AM peak (LOS A to F, and LOS B to D respectively), due to 1. Roadway function has significant traffic mobility Cretin/University are operating at LOS C during the AM peak and PM peaks, impact from 3-lane conversion at the Cretin/Marshall poor expected operations at Cretin/Marshall. impact from 3-lane conversion at the Cretin/Marshall, better. They are expe Significant Impact Roadway Function Significant Impact and is expected to remain at LOS C during the AM peak intersection, causing significant impact at adjacent 2. The intersection at Cretin/Marshall is expected to causing significant impacts at adjacent intersections. AM peak, but have a s Mobility and operated at LOS F during the PM peak. intersections Expected Expected operate at LOS F, with significant delay and queues 2. The travel time and delay increase are expected to PM peak. 2. Average queue lengths along Cretin Avenue are 2. The travel time and delay increase are expected to during both the AM and PM peaks. negatively impact roadway mobility or access. Average queue len negatively impact roadway mobility or access. expected to moderately increase. 3. Average queue lengths along Cretin Avenue are expected to significan expected to significantly increase at Cretin/Marshall. Average Daily Traffi Moderate Impact The AADT along Cretin Ave is around 18,700. The AADT is above 17.000. The AADT along Cretin Ave is 23,100. The AADT is above 17.000. **Over capacity** The AADT along Creti (ADT) Expected **Peak Hour Traffic** The maximum directional peak hour traffic volume is Peak hour volumes are high and 3 lane roadway will be Moderate Impact The maximum directional peak hour traffic volume is Peak hour volumes are high and 3 lane roadway will be Moderate Impact The maximum directi Volumes 1220. pushed to capacity during peak hours. Expected 1092. pushed to capacity during peak hours. Expected The traffic volume directional distribution is The traffic volume directional distribution is The traffic volume di ic Volume Dire approximately 64% NB/36% SB in the morning and 41% Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern. Feasible approximately 64% NB/36% SB in the morning and 41% Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern. Feasible approximately 64% N Distribution NB/59% SB in the evening. NB/59% SB in the evening. NB/59% SB in the eve An overall speed reduction is expected. Local and An overall speed reduction is expected. Local and 1. The posted speed limit is 30mph. 1. The posted speed limit is 30mph. 1. The posted speed Motor Vehicle Speeds national 3-lane conversions have resulted in vehicle Benefit Expected national 3-lane conversions have resulted in vehicle Benefit Expected 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 37mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 37mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed reductions up to 5 mph or more. speed reductions up to 5 mph or more. cess Points and Turni High benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with Moderate benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane There are 30 access points along Cretin Ave (0.6 mi). Benefit Expected There are 19 access points along Cretin Ave (0.5 mi). **Benefit Expected** There are 9 access po Traffic Patterns existing access density. with existing access density. 3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing 3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing **Roadway Width** The existing roadway width is 43 feet. roadway width, but would result in the loss of Feasible The existing roadway width is 43 feet. roadway width, but would result in the loss of Feasible The existing roadway curbside uses on at least one side of the street. curbside uses on at least one side of the street.



Segment 21C: Cretin Avenue between I-94 and University Avenue

Cretin Avenue between I-		
Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion
iis segment saw more than 5 crashes d: University Avenue. nalized) had 9 crashes, 2 of which is. CR=0.20 per MEV.	 The 3-lane conversion is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist 33% of all crashes studied along this segment of Dale Street. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found a crash reduction of 2% (CMF=0.98) in low crash areas. 	Benefit Expected
no on-street parking. Ind direction would stop in through version. Conversion would provide ne bus stop to move to out-of-lane. ong the corridor. Route 63 has 15- to a during peaks. y no bike lanes and bike lanes are uture.	Lane reduction allows NB buses to stop out of travel lane and opportunity for SB buses to stop out of travel lane with stop relocation. Delays created by buses stopping in a travel lane will be minimal due to large headways.	Feasible
at Cretin/I-94 S ramp and currently operating at LOS C or ected to remain at LOS C during the sharp increase in delay during the ogths along Cretin Avenue are ntly increase.	 Roadway function has significant traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion at the Cretin/Marshall intersection, causing significant impact at adjacent intersections. The travel time and side-street delay increase are expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Significant Impact Expected
in Ave is 17,200.	Th AADT is slightly above 17,000	Likely Feasible
ional peak hour traffic volume is 770.	Peak hour volumes are low and 3 lane roadway will be near capacity during peak hours.	Minimal Impact Expected
rectional distribution is IB/36% SB in the morning and 41% ening.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible
limit is 30mph. e speed is approximately 37mph.	An overall speed reduction is expected. Local and national 3-lane conversions have resulted in vehicle speed reductions up to 5 mph or more.	Benefit Expected
pints along Cretin Ave (0.4 mi).	Low benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected
/ width is 59 feet.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width and would not impact any curbside uses.	Feasible

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study Cretin Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)





	ENGINEER'S Ramsey Count Segment 21 - Cretin Ave Alliar	y - 4 to 3 Lan	ne Conversio Avenue to U	on Study	Venue)					Prepared: er 16, 2020	,		
No. Description		Unit	nit Unit Pri	Unit Price Notes	Alternative 1 Price Notes		native 1-A	Alternative 2		Alternative 1		M&O Add-On Option	
	Description				Quantity	Total	Quantity	Total	Quantity	Total	Quantity	Total	
Constr	uction Costs	1						_					
1.	PAVEMENT MARKING REMOVAL	LIN FT		1.00	12650	\$ 12,650.0	10525	\$ 10,525.00	12650	\$ 12,650.00	-12650	\$ (12,650.00)	
2.	MILL AND OVERLAY PAVEMENT	SQ FT	\$	1.20							322000	\$ 386,400.00	
3.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM A (GRAND AVE)	SYSTEM	\$	-									
4.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM B (SUMMIT AVE)	SYSTEM	\$ 5,00		1	\$ 5,000.00		\$ 5,000.00	1	\$ 5,000.00			
5.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM C (MARSHALL AVE)	SYSTEM	\$ 8,00		1	\$ 8,000.00	_	\$ 5,000.00	1	\$ 5,000.00			
6.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM D (I-94 EB OFF RAMP)	SYSTEM	\$ 11,00		1	\$ 11,000.00							
7.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM E (I-94 WB OFF RAMP)	SYSTEM	\$ 11,00	0.00	1	\$ 11,000.00	⁾						
8.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM F (UNIVERSITY AVE)	SYSTEM	Ş	-									
9.	TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE STRIPING	250 LIN FT	\$ 2,02		25	\$ 50,737.50		\$ 26,383.50	27	\$ 54,796.50			
10.	6" DOUBLE SOLID LINE PAINT (WR)	LIN FT		4.00	2000	\$ 8,000.00		\$ 10,700.00	1600	\$ 6,400.00			
11.	6" SOLID LINE MULTI-COMPONENT (WR)	LIN FT		2.00	3500	\$ 7,000.00		\$ 7,000.00	3900	\$ 7,800.00			
12.	PAVEMENT MESSAGE PREFORM THERMOPLASTIC GROUND IN	SQ FT		5.00	503	\$ 2,515.0		\$ 1,985.00	503	\$ 2,515.00			
13.	ADA-COMPLIANT PEDESTRIAN RAMPS	CORNER	\$ 20,00	0.00 (1) 21	\$ 420,000.0		\$ 420,000.00	21	\$ 420,000.00			
		tion Subtotal				\$ 535,90	-	\$ 486,594		\$ 514,162		\$ 373,750	
		Mobilization				\$ 21,43	-	\$ 19,464					
		raffic Control				\$ 32,15		\$ 29,196					
		Contingency				\$ 53,59	_	\$ 48,659		\$ 51,416		\$ 37,375	
	Total Opinion of Construction Cost Plus Contingency					\$ 643,08		\$ 583,912		\$ 565,578		\$ 411,125	
Profess	ional Services												
14.	Design Services (Engineering, Survey, A	Architecture	10%			\$ 64,30		\$ 58,391		\$ 56,558		\$ 41,113	
15.	Overhead (Lega					\$ 45,01	-	\$ 40,874		\$ 39,590		\$ 28,779	
Subtotal Professional Services						\$ 109,32	_	\$ 99,265		\$ 96,148		\$ -	
										4		4	
	Total Opinion of Project Cost					\$ 752,40		\$ 683,177		\$ 661,726		\$ 411,125	

Note: Right-of-way costs not included in estimate. Survey needed in pre-design phase to confirm necessary right-of-way acquisition. Removal of contaminated materials is not included in this estimate. Alternative 1-B does not require a mill & overlay between Marshall Ave and Wabash Ave. (1) Pedestrian ramp cost does not include any utility work.

Alliant Engineering's (Alliant) Opinions of Probable Cost provided for herein are to be made on the basis of Alliant's experience and qualifications and represent Alliant's best judgment. However, since Alliant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or services furnished by others, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices, or over competitive bidding or market conditions, Alliant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction cost will not vary from Opinions of Probable Cost prepared by Alliant.

Prepared By: JDC

Checked By: SP

Appendix K: Segment 22 Detailed Analysis Results



Parking Notes: 1 30 Minute Limit During Day (8am-4pm Every Day) 2 No Parking During AM Peak (7am-9am Mon-Fri) 3 No Parking During PM Peak (4pm-6pm Mon-Fri)	NR.
	¥ 17,700
CENTRE OF CENTRE	ale AVENUE

Corridor 22 Characteristics

Directional Split ¹ :	AM: 72% NB/28% SB PM: 42% NB/58% SB
Truck Route:	PIVI: 42% INB/ 58% 5B Yes
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	High
Bike Activity Level1:	High
Crashes in 5 Years ²	337
Crashes/Mile ² :	306.4

Corridor 22 Transit Routes

Route 21

Source: StreetLight Data

General Notes
1. Parking not permitted

- unless noted otherwise. 2. Transit boardings and
- alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 22A Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	21 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	31 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	8,500
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	629

Segment 22B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	21 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	31 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ⁴ :	19,600
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume4:	1,092



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT ³Source: St. Paul Compass (2018) ⁴Source: St. Paul Compass (2019) LEGEND (X,XXX) MnDOT AADT Signalized Intersection Parking allowed (see parking notes for details) (X,XXX) St. Paul Compass AADT All-way stop Intersection Public Transit Stops (If there is an asterisk (*) the data was collected during a MnPASS detour) Marked Crosswalk (At unsignalized intersection)

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





ent 22B

Existing Typical Section (Segment 22A)

Existing Typical Section (Segment 22B)

Segment 22 Hamline Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)

Sheet 1 of 2



Corridor 22 Characteristics

AM: 72% NB/28% SB PM: 42% NB/58% SB
Yes
: High
: High
337
306.4

Corridor 22 Transit Routes

Ro	ute	21	

General Notes

- 1. Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
- 2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 22B Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	21 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	31 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	19,600
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³	1,092

Segment 22C Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	21 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	31 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	17,900
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ³ :	704



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



Existing Typical Section (Segment 22B)

Existing Typical Section (Segment 22C)

Segment 22 Hamline Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)

Sheet 2 of 2



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study

Hamline Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue) ALLIANT

Existing Turning Movement Counts

Segment 22

Segment 22 Parking Study Summary





Between Summit Ave & Portland Ave

Between Grand Ave & Summit Ave

Observed Demand

Estimated Supply

Note: Evening observations were made on 1/29/2020. Morning and mid-day observations were made on 1/30/2020. Late night observations were mde on 2/27/2020.

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study Hamline Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)

Segment 22 **Evaluation Summary**

	Segment 22A - Hamline Avenue betweer	n Grand Avenue and Ayd Mill Road	Segment 22B - Hamline Avenue between Ayd Mill Road and I-94				Segment 22C - Hamline Avenue between I-94 and University Avenue			
Key Factors	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion	
Crash Patterns	No locations wi	th 5+ crashes for detailed analysis		 One location on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: Marshall Avenue. Marshall Avenue (signalized) had 18 crashes, 2 of which were with pedestrians and another with a bicycle; and had a CR=0.46 per MEV. 	 The 3-lane conversion is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist 78% of crashes studied along this segment of Hamline Avenue. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found crash reductions of 23% (CMF=0.77) in residential areas. 		 One location on this segment saw more than 5 crashes over the study period: University Avenue. University Avenue (signalized) had 52 crashes, of which 16 were rear-end collisions. There was 1 crash with a bicycle and another 4 that were with pedestrians, 1 of which resulted in serious injury. This intersection had a CR=1.13 per MEV. 	 The 3-lane conversion is expected to reduce Sideswipe, Rear-end, Left-turn and Head on crashes that consist 69% of crashes studied along this segment of Hamline Avenue. The conversion is expected to improve pedestrian crossing safety, and potentially improve cycling safety if bike lanes are added. The conversion is expected to reduce crash severity due to reduced vehicle speeds. A comprehensive study on 4 to 3 lane conversions found crash reductions of 9% (0.91) in high crash areas (CR >0.71). 	Benefit Expected	
Curbside Uses	 Throughout most of the day parking is under-utilized, but it demand reaches near capacity after the PM peak. There is no transit on this segment. There are currently no bike lanes but are planned for the future. 	 On-street parking could be accommodated within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion, but only one side of the street from Grand Ave to Portland Ave. Some alternatives provide trade offs between on- street parking and bike lanes, there is not enough roadway width to accommodate both. 	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	 There is one transit route with 15-minute headways during peak hours. The 3-lane conversion will maintain curb-side bus stops. There are currently no bike lanes but are planned for the future. 	 Currently there is no on-street parking provided, but parking could be accommodated on one side of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3- lane conversion if desired. Some alternatives provide trade offs between on- street parking and bike lanes, there is not enough roadway width to accommodate both. Some alternatives allow for buses to stop out of travel lanes while others require buses to stop in a travel lane. Delays created by buses stopping in a travel lane will be minimal due to large headways. 	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	 There is one transit route with 15-minute headways during peak hours. The 3-lane conversion will maintain curb-side bus stops. There are currently no bike lanes but are planned for the future. 	 Some alternatives provide trade offs between on- street parking and bike lanes, there is not enough roadway width to accommodate both. Some alternatives allow for buses to stop out of travel lanes while others require buses to stop in a travel lane. Delays created by buses stopping in a travel lane will be minimal due to large headways. 	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	
Roadway Function / Mobility	Hamline/Summit, and Hamline/Ashland are expected to operate at LOS B or better. 2. Average queue lengths along Hamline Avenue are	 Roadway function is maintained with minimal traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion. The slight travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Minimal impact expected	 The signalized intersection at Hamline/Selby is expected to operate at LOS B or better. The signalized intersections at Hamline/Marshall, Hamline Concordia, and Hamline/St. Anthony are expected to operate at LOS E or F during the PM Peak. Average queue lengths along Hamline are expected to significantly increase. 	 Roadway function has significant traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion. The travel time and side-street delay increase are expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Significant Impact Expected	 The signalized intersections at Hamline/Midway Market and Hamline/University ise expected to operate at LOS C or better. Average queue lengths along Hamline Avenue are expected to moderately increase. 	 Roadway function is maintained with minimal traffic mobility impact from 3-lane conversion. The slight travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Minimal impact	
Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	The AADT along Hamline Ave is 8,500.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible	The AADT along Hamline Ave is 19,600.	The AADT is above 17,000.	Likely over capacity	The AADT along Hamline Ave is 17,900.	The AADT is slightly above 17,000.	Feasible	
Peak Hour Traffic Volumes		Peak hour volumes are low and 3 lane roadway will be below capacity during peak hours.	Minimal impact expected	The maximium directional peak hour traffic volume is 1092.	Peak hour volumes are high and 3 lane roadway will be pushed to capacity during peak hours.	Moderate Impact Expected	The maximium directional peak hour traffic volume is 704.	Peak hour volumes are low and 3 lane roadway will be below capacity during peak hours.	Minimal impact expected	
affic Volume Directional Distribution	The traffic volume directional distribution is 72% NB/28% SB in morning hours and 42% NB/58% SB in evening hours.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible	The traffic volume directional distribution is 72% NB/28% SB in morning hours and 42% NB/58% SB in evening hours.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible	The traffic volume directional distribution is 72% NB/28% SB in morning hours and 42% NB/58% SB in evening hours.	Marginal peak direction single lane capacity concern.	Feasible	
Motor Vehicle Speeds		Although vehicle speeds are very close to the posted speed, an overall speed reduction is expected.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	1. The posted speed limit is 30mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 31 mph.	Although vehicle speeds are very close to the posted speed, an overall speed reduction is expected.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	1. The posted speed limit is 30mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 31 mph.	Although vehicle speeds are very close to the posted speed, an overall speed reduction is expected.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)	
ccess Points and Turning Traffic Patterns	1. There are 11 access points along Hamline Ave (0.3 mi).	Moderate benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected	1. There are 16 access points along Hamline Ave (0.5 mi).	Moderate benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected	1. There are 6 access points along Hamline Ave (0.3 mi).	Minimal benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected	
Roadway Width	Portland Ave and 51 feet from Portland to Ayd Mill Rd.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width, but would result in the loss of curbside uses on one side of the street between Grand Ave and Portland Ave.	Feasible	The existing roadway width is 51 feet from Ayd Mill Rd to Selby Ave and 43 feet from Selby to Concordia Ave.		Feasible	The existing roadway width is 43 feet from St. Anthony Boulevard to mall entrance and 55 feet from mall entrance to University Avenue.	3-lane cross-section could occur within the existing roadway width, but would result in the loss of curbside uses on one side of the street.	Feasible	





Segment 22A













3-LANE ALTERNATIVE 2

Alternative could provide curbside use on either side of the street.



' Typical Sections are not drawn to scale - for illustration purpose only

(1)

A

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





Segment 22 Hamline Avenue (Grand Avenue to University Avenue)

Detailed Analysis and Concept Design

	Ramsey Count Segment 22 - Hamline Av Alliar	•	Ave	nue to Unive	-	nue)			Date Pre September	
No.	Description	Unit		Unit Price	Notes	Alterr	native 1	M&O Add	d-On Option	
	•					Quantity	Total	Quantity	Total	
Constr	uction Costs									
.onstr 1.	PAVEMENT MARKING REMOVAL	LIN FT	\$	1.00		9175	\$ 9,175.00	-9175	\$ (9,175.00)	
2.	MILL AND PATCH BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT	SQ FT	\$	1.20		5175	\$ 9,175.00	202100	\$ 242,520.00	
3.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM A (GRAND AVE)	SYSTEM	'	200,000.00		1	\$ 200,000.00	202100	\$ 242,520.00	
3. 4.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM B (SUMMIT AVE)	SYSTEM	\$	5,000.00		1	\$ 5,000.00		+	
. 5.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM C (ASHLAND AVE)	SYSTEM	\$	17,000.00		1	\$ 17,000.00		+	
6.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM D (SELBY AVE)	SYSTEM	\$	17,000.00		1	\$ 17,000.00		+	
7.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM E (MARSHALL AVE)	SYSTEM	\$	5,000.00		1	\$ 5,000.00		+	
8.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM F (CONCORDIA AVE)	SYSTEM	\$	5,000.00		1	\$ 5,000.00			
9.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM G (ST. ANTHONY BLVD)	SYSTEM	Ś	5,000.00		1	\$ 5,000.00			
10.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM H (MALL ENTRANCE)	SYSTEM	\$	17,000.00		1	\$ 17,000.00			
11.	REVISE SIGNAL SYSTEM I (UNIVERSITY AVE)	SYSTEM	\$	5,000.00		1	\$ 5,000.00			
12.	TWO-WAY LEFT TURN LANE STRIPING	250 LIN FT	\$	2,529.50		10	\$ 25,295.00			
13.	6" DOUBLE SOLID LINE PAINT (WR)	LIN FT	\$	4.00		875	\$ 3,500.00			
14.	6" SOLID LINE MULTI-COMPONENT (WR)	LIN FT	\$	2.00		1400	\$ 2,800.00			
15.	PAVEMENT MESSAGE PREFORM THERMOPLASTIC GROUND IN	SQ FT	\$	5.00		671	\$ 3,355.00			
16.	PAVEMENT MARKING SPECIAL	SQ FT	\$	5.00		147	\$ 735.00			
17.	ADA-COMPLIANT PEDESTRIAN RAMPS	CORNER	\$	20,000.00	(1)	5	\$ 100,000.00			
	Construc	tion Subtotal					\$ 420,860		\$ 233,345	
		Mobilization		4%			\$ 16,834			
	Ті	raffic Control		6%			\$ 25,252			
		Contingency	,	10%			\$ 42,086		\$ 23,335	
	Contaminated Material	Contingency	,				\$-		\$ -	
	Total Opinion of Construction Cost Plus			\$ 505,032		\$ 256,680				
					-					
rofess	ional Services									
18.	Design Services (Engineering, Survey,	Architecture)		10%			\$ 50,503		\$ 25,668	
19.	Overhead (Lega	l, Fiscal, Etc.)		7%			\$ 35,352		\$ 17,968	
	Subtotal Professi	onal Services					\$ 85,855		\$ 43,636	
	Total Opinion of Project Cost						\$ 590,887		\$ 300,315	

Note: Right-of-way costs not included in estimate. Survey needed in pre-design phase to confirm necessary right-of-way acquisition. Removal of contaminated materials is not included in this estimate. (1) Pedestrian ramp cost does not include any utility work.

Alliant Engineering's (Alliant) Opinions of Probable Cost provided for herein are to be made on the basis of Alliant's experience and qualifications and represent Alliant's best judgment. However, since Alliant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or services furnished by others, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices, or over competitive bidding or market conditions, Alliant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction cost will not vary from Opinions of Probable Cost prepared by Alliant.

Prepared By: JDC

Checked By: SP

Appendix L: Segment 23 Detailed Analysis Results





Corridor 23 Characteristics

	26% EB/74% WB 34% EB/66% WB	
Truck Route:	No	
Ped Activity Level ¹ :	High	
Bike Activity Level ¹ :	Low	
Crashes in 5 Years ² :	95	
Crashes/Mile ² :	190	

Corridor 23 Transit Routes

No transit routes on this corridor.

¹Source: StreetLight Data

²Five years crash data from 2013 to 2017 via MnCMAT

⁴Calculated based on Compass (2018)

General Notes

 Parking not permitted unless noted otherwise.
2. Transit boardings and alightings are 2018 weekday averages.

Segment 23	Characteristics

Weekday (Tu-Th) Average Speed (Daily) ¹ :	21 mph
Weekday (Tu-Th) 85th %tile Speed (Daily) ¹ :	29 mph
Speed Limit:	30 mph
Segment Average Annual Daily Volume ³ :	7,300
Segment Maximum Peak Hour Volume ⁴ :	368



Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study





* Not to scale - for illustration purpose only

Segment 23 Minnehaha Avenue (Payne Avenue to East 7th Street)





Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study

Segment 23 Minnehaha Avenue (Payne Avenue to East 7th Street)

Existing Turning Movement Counts



Segment 23 Parking Study Summary

ALLIANT

Between Bridge & 7th Street





Observed Demand

Estimated Supply

Note: Morning, mid-day, and evening observations were made on 2/26/2020. Late night observations were mde on 2/27/2020.

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study Minnehaha Avenue (Payne Avenue to 7th Street)

Segment 23 Evaluation Summary

Segment 23: Minnehaha Avenue between Payne Avenue and 7th Street/Mendota Street

	Segment 23: Minnehaha Avenue between Payne Avenue and 7th Street/Me	ndota Street	
Key Factors	Key Findings	Favorability	Conclusion
Crash Patterns	No locations with 5+ cra	shes for detailed analysis	
Curbside Uses	 Curbside uses can be accommodated on one side of the street within the existing roadway width with the 3- lane conversion. Currently there is on-street parking provided on both sides (some blocks are off-peak only). There is currently no transit or bike lanes and they are not planned for the future. 	 Curbside uses could be accommodated on one side within the existing roadway width with the 3-lane conversion. If the 2-lane option is implemented, curbside uses could be accomodated on both sides. 	Feasible
Roadway Function / Mobility	 The signalized intersections at Minnehaha/Payne, Minnehaha/Arcade, and Minnehaha/7th/Mendota are expected to operate at LOS C or better, with minimal increases in overall intersection delay. Average queue lengths along Minnehaha are expected to be comparable to existing queues for either the 3- lane option (Alternative 1) or the 2-lane option (Alternative 2). 	 Roadway function is maintained with moderate traffic mobility impact from 2- lane or 3-lane conversion. The travel time and side-street delay increase are not expected to negatively impact roadway mobility or access. 	Minimal impact expected
Average Daily Traffic (ADT)	The AADT along Minnehaha Ave is 7,300.	The AADT is below 17,000.	Feasible
Peak Hour Traffic Volumes	The maximum directional peak hour traffic volume is 368.	Peak hour volumes are low and both 2 or 3 lane roadways will be below capacity during peak hours.	Minimal impact expected
raffic Volume Directional Distribution	The traffic volume directional distribution is approximately 25% EB/75% WB in the morning and 50% EB/50% WB in the evening.	Although peak hour volumes are unbalanced during the morning peak hour, there is no concern about directional distribution with low peak hour volumes.	Feasible
Motor Vehicle Speeds	1. The posted speed limit is 30mph. 2. The 85th percentile speed is approximately 29mph.	Although actual vehicle speeds are very close to the posted speed, an overall speed reduction is expected.	Feasible (Minimal Impact)
ccess Points and Turning Traffic Patterns	There are 19 access points along Minnehaha Ave (0.5 mi).	Moderate benefit of Two-way Center Left Turn Lane with existing access density.	Benefit Expected
Roadway Width	The existing roadway width is 40 feet.	 3-lane cross-section (Alternative 1) could occur within the existing roadway width, but would result in the loss of curbside uses on one side of the street. 2-lane cross-section (Alternative 2) could occur within the existing roadway width and would not result in the loss of any curbside uses. 	Feasible







2-LANE ALTERNATIVE 1 (See Above)



Alternative Includes left turn lanes at intersections

Advantages: At intersections, a left turn lane could be provided. Maintains curbside use on both sides of Minnehaha Ave, similar or reduced average queue lengths compared to existing.

Disadvantages: Curbside uses on only one side of the street at intersections.

* Typical Sections are not drawn to scale - for illustration purpose only

Ramsey County 4 to 3 Lane Conversion Study



2-LANE ALTERNATIVE 2 (See Above)



Advantages: Maintains curbside use on both sides of Minnehaha Ave, similar or reduced average queue lengths compared to existing and Alternative 1 Disadvantages: At intersections, left turn lanes could be provided instead of curbside uses

NOTES
A Hope Community Academy





Note: Right-of-way costs not included in estimate. Survey needed in pre-design phase to confirm necessary right-of-way acquisition. Removal of contaminated materials is not included in this estimate. (1) Pedestrian ramp cost does not include any utility work.

Alliant Engineering's (Alliant) Opinions of Probable Cost provided for herein are to be made on the basis of Alliant's experience and qualifications and represent Alliant's best judgment. However, since Alliant has no control over the cost of labor, materials, equipment, or services furnished by others, or over the Contractor's methods of determining prices, or over competitive bidding or market conditions, Alliant cannot and does not guarantee that proposals, bids, or actual construction cost will not vary from Opinions of Probable Cost prepared by Alliant.

Prepared By: JDC

Checked By: SP

Appendix M: Crash Modification Factors



4 to 3 Conversion

- a. Residential Areas (Subjective-best judgment)
 - Lyles, R.W., M.A. Siddiqui, W.C. Taylor, B.Z. Malik, G. Siviy, and T. Haan. "Safety and Operational Analysis of 4-lane to 3-lane Conversions (Road Diets) in Michigan". Michigan Department of Transportation Report Num RC-1555, (2012) (0.77)
- b. General (where intersection did not meet any of the other criteria)
 - Gates, T. J., Noyce, D. A., Talada, V., and Hill, L., "The Safety and Operational Effects of "Road Diet" Conversion in Minnesota." 2007 TRB 86th Annual Meeting: Compendium of Papers CD-ROM, Vol. TRB#07-1918, Washington, D.C., (2007) (0.63)
 - ii. Lyles, R.W., M.A. Siddiqui, W.C. Taylor, B.Z. Malik, G. Siviy, and T. Haan. "Safety and Operational Analysis of 4-lane to 3-lane Conversions (Road Diets) in Michigan". Michigan Department of Transportation Report Num RC-1555, (2012) (0.91)
- c. High crash areas (Crash Rate >0.71)
 - Lyles, R.W., M.A. Siddiqui, W.C. Taylor, B.Z. Malik, G. Siviy, and T. Haan. "Safety and Operational Analysis of 4-lane to 3-lane Conversions (Road Diets) in Michigan". Michigan Department of Transportation Report Num RC-1555, (2012) (0.91)
- d. Low crash areas (Crash Rate < 0.35 EXCLUDING intersections where CR>Statewide Avg)
 - Lyles, R.W., M.A. Siddiqui, W.C. Taylor, B.Z. Malik, G. Siviy, and T. Haan. "Safety and Operational Analysis of 4-lane to 3-lane Conversions (Road Diets) in Michigan". Michigan Department of Transportation Report Num RC-1555, (2012) (0.98)
- e. High Driveway Density (Access Density Score >=4 (>=45 driveways/mile))
 - Lyles, R.W., M.A. Siddiqui, W.C. Taylor, B.Z. Malik, G. Siviy, and T. Haan. "Safety and Operational Analysis of 4-lane to 3-lane Conversions (Road Diets) in Michigan". Michigan Department of Transportation Report Num RC-1555, (2012) (0.81)

Appendix N: Prioritization Ranking Analysis



	Road Segment	Study Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Condition	Pavement Condition Notes	Approximate Road Width	Curbside Use Impact	Traffic Operations Impact	Other Considerations		Segment Benefit Score	Concept Design/Potential Lane Reduction Scope	Preliminary Cost	Implementation Priority Ranking
1A			Long Lake Road to Cleveland Avenue	0.3			48'	Moderate	Likely Low	3 lane roadway entering at western end of segment. No access on this end, consider 2 lane segment. 1 signal.	2.0				
1B	County Road B2 (CSAH 24 and 78)	0.8 mile	Cleveland Avenue to Fairview Avenue	0.5	54 to 64	Terminal Road - 2.45, B2 - 2.9	48'	Moderate	Likely High	4 lane roadway entering on eastern end of segment. High access density. Was initially considered easy but peak hour directional volumes indicate otherwise. 2 signals.	2.4	2.25	Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	10
2A			Lexington Ave to Victoria St	0.4			52'	Low	Low	Capacity analysis needed at Victoria (split phasing, long queues). No Curbside Uses. Entering traffic on western end is 4 lane divided. 1 signal.	1.2		2-Lane Restripe+Sig Mods		
2B	County Road C (CSAH		Victoria St to Rice St	1.6	50 . 72	Lex to Victoria - 3.25, Vic to Dale -2.25,	44'	Moderate	Low	Capacity analysis needed at Victoria and Rice (split phasing, long queues). High access density. 2 signals.	1.6	4.60	3-Lane Restripe+Sig Mods	<u> </u>	
2C	23)	2.8 miles	Rice St to RR Bridge	0.4	50 to 72	Dale to Rice 2.4, Rice to LCR -3.05	48'	Low	Low	High access density with offset streets. 1 signal. Low volumes.	2.2	1.69	3-Lane Restripe+Sig Replace	\$1,500,000	14
2D			RR Bridge to I-35E	0.4			RR bridge to Little Canada 48' Little Canada to I-35E 48'-70'	Moderate	High	Entering traffic on eastern end is 2 lane with shoulders. High access density. 2 signals - very closely spaced.	2.0		3-Lane Restripe+Sig Mods		
3	County Road D (CSAH 19)	1.0 mile	Silver Lake Road to Old Highway 8	1.0	67 to 71	Silver Lake to Chandler-3.2 , Chandler to old 8 3.00	Silver Lake to Penrod 57' Penrod to McCullum 52' McCullum to Old 8 60'	Low		3 lane roadway entering at western end of segment. Volumes near capacity 3 signals.	2.2	2.20	Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	9
4A	County Road E (CSAH	0.7 mile	Labore Rd to International Dr	0.5	100	4.5 - overlayed	 @ Labore 72', Labore to Big Fox 62' 1371' (W?) of 61- 51' 	Low	Likely Moderate	4-lane divided roadway with turn lanes entering from west. 2 signals. High access density on south side.	2.0	1.04	Postrino i Sia Mada	n/a	12
4B	15) 0.7 mile in 2018		67'	Low	Likely Moderate	Roadway is currently 5-lane. 4-lane roadway entering to the east, but 3-lane very close nearby. High access density 2 signals.	1.8	1.94	Restripe+Sig Mods	iya	12				

	-	Study Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Pavement Condition	Pavement Condition Notes	Approximate Road Width		Traffic Operations Impact	Other Considerations	Sub-Segment Benefit Score	Segment Benefit Score	Concept Design/Potential Lane Reduction Scope	Preliminary Cost	Implementation Priority Ranking
5	County Road F/10th Street NW (CSAH 12/45)	0.4 mile	I-694 to Old Highway 8	0.4	58	694 to 8th - 2.6, 8th to old 8 - no data	1-694 to tower drive -52', @ old 8-70'	Low	Likely Low	2-lane roadways on either end of corridor. Was planned for conversion but waiting until after MnPASS. 3 signals, 1 at-grade RR crossing. High access density.	2.8	2.80	Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	5
6	Dale Street (CSAH 53)	0.7 mile	Grand Avenue to Iglehart Avenue	0.7	46	2.05	40'	High	Likely High	2 lane roadway entering at southern end of segment. Capacity analysis needed on north end: Dale/Marshall, Dale/Selby. Not many signals and spread out.	3.2	3.20	M&O+Sig Mods	n/a	16
7A			Como Ave to Larpenteur Ave	1.5		Front to Hatch - 1.95, Hatch to Arlignton -2.0,	48'	High	High	4-lane divided on southern end. 5 signals. Low-medium access density on most blocks, some blocks high density.	2.2		3-Lane M&O+Sig Replace+Sig Mods		
7B	Dale Street (CSAH 53)	2.7 miles	Larpenteur Ave to CR B	1.0	43 to 69	Arlignto to Larpenteur -	44'	Moderate	Moderate	2 signals. Medium access density, offset streets.	2.0	2.19	3-Lane M&O+Sig Replace+Sig Mods	\$1,505,000-\$1,929,000	17
7C			CR B to TH 36	0.2		3.1, Larpenteur to 36 -2.75	44'	Low	Low	2-lane with shoulders on northern end. 3 signals (if you count both TH 36 signals). High access density.	3.0		3-Lane M&O+Sig Mods		
8A			CR B2 to Oakcrest Ave	0.2		B2 to Concrete -	62'	Moderate	Likely Moderate	Need capacity analysis at B2. 1 signal. High access density.	2.8				
8B	Fairview Avenue (CSAH 48)	0.9 mile	Oakcrest Ave to CR C	0.3	59 to 63	2.85, Concrete 2.75 (rehabed 2019, 2.75 is an old score), Concrete to C2 -	Oakcrest to RR tracks -53 to 67' RR tracks to C - 74'	Moderate	Likely Moderate	Need capacity analysis at C. 1 signal. High access density.	2.8	2.89	Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	6
8C			CR C to CR C2	0.4		2.65	51-64'	Low	Likely Low	Entering traffic on northern end is 2 lane w shoulders. 2 signals. High access density.	3.0				
9A	Lexington Avenue (CSAH 51)	3.8	Hwy 96 to CR I	2.0	58 to 80	96 to Tanglewood - 3.35, Tanglewood to I -3.6, I to royal	96' to Tanglewood 68'-52' Tanglewood to I -48'	Moderate	Likely High	Highly directional. High-speed. High-Access (majority on east side, just a few on west side). 3 signals. Segment currently has detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of 21,400).	1.4	1.68	Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	15
9B			CR I to CR J	1.8		Oaks -3.3, Royal Oaks to J - 2.6	48'	Low	Likely Low	Highly directional. Even though AADT is low, peak hour directional data is very high. High-speed, High access density, 2 signals. Segment currently may have detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of 11,100).	2.0				
10	Lydia Avenue (CSAH 19)	0.2 mile	White Bear Avenue to Ariel Street	0.2	71	3.2	50'	Moderate	Likely Low	Entering traffic on east end is 2-lane w/ shoulders. 2 closely-spaced signals (eastern one is a ped signal). Could probably function as a 2-lane, might be able to squeeze a 3rd lane in.	2.8	2.80	Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	1

	Road Segment	Study Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Pavement Condition	Pavement Condition Notes	Approximate		Traffic Operations Impact		Sub-Segment Benefit Score	Segment Benefit Score	Concept Design/Potential Lane Reduction Scope	Preliminary Cost	Implementation Priority Ranking
11A			Mississippi River Blvd to Otis Ave	e 0.1			64'-70'	High	Likely High	Entering traffic on west side is 4-lane. Westbound buses stop in right lane, westbound bicyclists ride in right lane. B Line corridor. 1 signal. Currently transition point to one lane EB.	3.0				
11B	Marshall Avenue (CSAH 35)	0.5 mile	Otis Ave to Montrose Pl	0.1	71	3.2	57'-62'	High	Likely High	Westbound buses stop in right lane, westbound bicyclists ride in right lane. B Line corridor. 1 signal. Has only one lane eastbound already.	3.0	3.00	Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	7
11C			Montrose Pl to Cretin Ave	0.2			57'	High	Likely High	Entering traffic on east stide is 2-lane with left turn lanes and bike lanes. Westbound buses stop in right lane, westbound bicyclists ride in right lane. B Line corridor. 1 signal. Has only one lane eastbound already.	3.0				
12	Maryland Avenue (CSAH 31)	0.3 mile	Rice Street to Abell Street	0.3	61	2.75	42' (at Rice St 57')	Low	Likely High	Entering traffic on west side is 2-lane, on east side is 4 lane divided. Could work well on this corridor if current Maryland project goes well. 2 signals.	3.8	3.80	Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	3
13A	Maryland Avenue	0.9 mile	Clarence St to Phalen Blvd	0.2	62	2.8	72'	Moderate	Likely Low	Entering traffic on west side is 4-lane divided, then 3-lane soon after. Could work well on this corridor if current Maryland project goes well. 2 signals.	3.2	3.68	Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	2
13B	(CSAH 31)	(CSAH 31) Phalen Blvd to White Bear Ave 0.8				40'	Moderate	Likely Low	entering traffic on east side is 2 lane with parking Could work well on this corridor if current Maryland project goes well. 3 signals.	3.8					
14	McKnight Road (CSAH 68)	0.3 mile	13th Avenue to Mohawk Road	0.3	60	2.7	48'	Low	Likely Low	Entering traffic on the south is 4-lane divided but planned to be 3- lane. Entering traffic on the north is 2-lane. No signals.	2.2	2.20	Restripe	n/a	8
15	North St. Paul Road (CSAH 29)	0.2 mile	White Bear Avenue to Ripley Avenue		10 to 61	2.75, concrete sections are .45	50'								
16A			CR D to 5th St	0.4			50'-70'	Low	Low	Traffic entering on south side is 3-lane. High access density. 1 signal. Segment currently may have detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of unknown)	2.0		3-Lane Restripe+Sig Mods		
16B			5th St to RR Crossing	0.6			50' (but narrows under RR bridge)	Moderate	Low	High access density. No signals. Segment currently has detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of 15,700)	1.6		3-Lane Restripe		
16C	Old Highway 8 (CSAH 77)	2.0 miles	RR Crossing to 8th Ave	0.7	70	3.15	60' (but narrows under RR bridge)	Moderate	Low	Utility pole company on corridor - large timber trucks. Ped crossing difficulty at DQ at trailer park. High access density. 1 signal. Segment currently has detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of 14,500)	2.0	1.88	3-Lane Restripe+Sig Mods	\$1,232,000-\$1,290,000	11
16D			8th Ave to 5th Ave	0.3			47'	Low	Low	Traffic entering on north/east side is 4-lane with turn lanes. Queueing on bridge. Bridge needs replacement. High access density. 1 signal. Segment currently has detour traffic from MnPASS (ADT of 7,800)	2.0		3-Lane Restripe		

	Road Segment	Study Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Extents	Sub-Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Pavement Condition	Pavement Condition Notes	Approximate Road Width	Curbside Use Impact	Traffic Operations Impact	Other Considerations	Sub-Segment Benefit Score	Segment Benefit Score	Concept Design/Potential Lane Reduction Scope	Preliminary Cost	Implementation Priority Ranking
17A			Mississippi Street to CR H	0.5			44'	Moderate		Traffic entering on south side is 5 Iane. 2 signals. RR and trail crossing on corridor. Some blocks have low access density, others have high density.	1.6				
17B	Silver Lake Road (CSAH 44)	1.7 miles	CR H to CR H2	0.5	52 to 67	Mississippi to H - 2.55, H to Mounds -2.35	44'	Low	Likely Low	1 signal. Generally low access density. Transit turns off corridor and runs parallel for this segment.	1.6	1.68	Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	13
170			CR H2 to Mounds View Boulevard	0.7			44'	Moderate	Likely Low	Traffic entering on north side is 2 lane. 1 signal. Some blocks have high access density, others have medium density on west side.	1.8				
18A			Suburban Ave to Maryland Ave	2.0		94 to Conway - 3.35, Conway to Minnehaha - 2.7, Minnehaha to	94 to Minnehaha 48' to 52', Minnehaha to Maryland 48'	High		2 lane roadway entering southern end of segment. 8 signals. High access density.	3.8		Restripe+Sig Mods	n/a	
18B	White Bear Avenue (CSAH 65)	4.0 miles	Maryland Ave to Idaho Ave	0.9	59 to 74	rr bridge -2.65, RR bridge to	48'	Moderate	Likely High	4 signals. High access density.	3.8	3.75	Restripe+sig wous	li/a	4
180			Idaho Ave to Frost Ave	0.6		Larpenteur - 2.9, Larpentuer to Frost -2.85, Frost to B -	Idaho to Larpenter 60', Larpenter to Frost 66'-51',	Moderate	Likely High	4 closely spaced signals Some access control. Low transit ridership on north end. Segment is 5-lane.	3.8				
18D			Frost Ave to CR B	0.5		3.05	51'	Moderate	High	2 signals.	3.4		3-Lane Restripe+Sig Replace+Sig Mod	\$311,000-\$338,000	
19	White Bear Avenue (CSAH 65)	0.9 mile	Gervais Avenue to Beam Avenue	0.9	68	3.05 (concrete w/ ultra thin overlay)	48' to 60'	Moderate		Basically existing 5-lane. Entering traffic on north is 6-lane, on south is 4-lane with turn lanes. 3 signals. Access density is variable - high in some spots.	2.6	2.60	3-Lane Reconstruct+Sig Replace+Sig Mod	\$636,000	18
20A			Buerkle Rd to CR E	0.8		Buerkle to F -	55'-70'	Moderate	Likely High	Entering traffic on south side is 4-lane divided. High access density. Center raised median on entire segment. 3 signals.	2.2			n/a	
20B	White Bear Avenue (CSAH 65) 2.8 miles CR E to CR F 1.0 74 to 82 3.35, F to 61 - 3.7 (all concrete)		55'	Moderate		High access density. Center raised median on entire segment. 3 signals.	2.4	2.41	Reconstruct	n/a	19				
200			CR F to TH 61	1.0			55'	Moderate	Likely Low	Corridor ends at TH 61. Center raised median on entire segment. 2 signals.	2.6			n/a	

	Road Segment	Study Segment Approximate Length (mi)	Extents	Sub- Segment Approxim ate Length (mi)	Pavement Condition Index (PCI)	Pavement Condition Notes		Curbside Use Impact	Traffic Operations Impact	Other Considerations	Segment Benefit	score	Concept Design/Potential Lane Reduction Scope	Preliminary Cost(1)	Implementation Priority Ranking
21	x l		Grand Avenue to Marshall Avenue	0.6			43' (52' at Grand and Marshall)	High	Moderate	Traffic entering on southern end is 4-lane with left turn lanes. 3 signals.	3.4		3 Lane Restripe+Sig Mods		
21	3 Cretin Avenue	1.5 miles	Marshall Avenue to I-94	0.5	62	n/a	43'	High	Extremely High	2 signals. No sidewalk along golf course, all ped crossings are bus-related. Motorists come across Marshall from Minneapolis and use this corridor to get to 94.	3.2	3.2	3 Lane Restripe+Sig Mods	\$661,700-\$752,407	3
21			I-94 to University Ave	0.4			59'+	Moderate	Low	Traffic entering on northern end is 4-lane with left turn lanes. 3 signals.	3.0		3 Lane Restripe+Sig Mods		
22	X .		Grand Avenue to Ayd Mill Rd	0.3			43' (Except on bridges: 51')	Moderate	Low	Entering traffic on both sides is 2-lane. Potential parking issues (off-peak parking permitted). 3 closely spaced signals	3.8		3 Lane Restripe+Sig Mods		
22	B Hamline Avenue	1.1 miles	Ayd Mill Rd to I-94	0.5	71	n/a	43' (Except on bridges: 51')	Moderate	High	3 closely spaced signals. Large bridge over Ayd Mill	3.8	3.8	3 Lane Restripe+Sig Mods	\$590,887	2
22			I-94 to University Ave	0.3			43' (Except on bridges: 51')	Moderate	Low	Entering traffic on north side is 2-lane. North end would be expected to have operations issues, capacity analysis may be needed. 4 closely spaced signals.	3.6		3 Lane Restripe+Sig Mods		
2	Minnehaha Avenue	0.5 mile	Payne Avenue to East Seventh Street	0.5	49	n/a	40'	Moderate		Entering traffic on both sides is 2-lane. 3 signals. Low access density.	2.8	2.8	2 Lane M&O+Sig Mods	\$189,900-\$192,300	1

Note: (1) Does not include roadway M&O. Appendix O: Technical Advisory Committee Meeting Minutes





MEETING MINUTES

DATE/TIME:	October 16, 2019 / 1:30 PM
LOCATION:	Ramsey County Public Works 1425 Paul Kirkwold Drive Arden Hills, MN 55112
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study
PURPOSE:	Technical Advisory Committee Meeting (TAC 1)
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska, Alliant Project Manager sposka@alliant-inc.com / 612-767-9369

The following is a summary of the meeting based on the Agenda, which is attached to this record:

1) Introductions

The meeting was attended by the following:

- Joe Lux, Ramsey County
- Brad Estochen, Ramsey County
- Scott Poska, Alliant Engineering
- Mike Anderson, Alliant Engineering

- Hannah Johnson, Alliant Engineering
- Marc Culver, City of Roseville
- Mike Klobocar, City of St. Paul
- Steve Love, City of Maplewood
- 2) Project Background and Scope (Goals / Objectives / Key Issues)
 - Scott and Joe provided an overview of the study goals and explained the purpose and goals of the screening phase that the study is currently in.
 - The County would like the screening to be broken down into 3 categories: 1) restripe only, 2) mill and overlay, and 3) full reconstruct and move curblines. They would like this level of screening broken down as soon as possible.
 - Joe will be the County's project manager. Brad will provide oversight and make final decisions.
 - The County is open to any roadway cross section, not just 3 lane sections.

- 3) Review Project Schedule
 - Scott went over the study schedule, which was attached to the agenda.
 - The next TAC meeting will be December 18 and will cover the results of the screening analysis and identify segments to further study.
- 4) Literature Review
 - Scott presented the draft Literature Review memo, which was attached to the agenda.
 - The TAC requested examples and findings on 4 to 3 conversions that were completed in Ramsey County in the last 10 years including Maryland Avenue, Larpenteur Avenue, and Dale Street. The TAC also suggested contacting Hennepin County for the same information.
- 5) Screening Criteria
 - Scott explained the conversion criteria developed to date and how it was going to be used to evaluate a segment for difficulty and benefit.
 - The TAC suggested several criteria additions/clarifications:
 - o Number of mainline controlled intersections/crossings
 - o Adjust the controversial criteria to include why controversial
 - o Use the Pavement Condition Index (PCI)
 - Prevailing speed
 - Number of marked crosswalks
 - High pedestrian traffic areas/crossings (municipalities to help identify)
 - o Metro Transit boarding and alighting data for stops
 - Planned bike route (Ramsey County map 2015.10.18A)
- 6) Segment Summary Matrix
 - Scott brought up the screening matrix on screen and described how it was going to be used to assist in the screening phase of the study.
 - The TAC requested access to the screening matrix.
 - StreetLight data will be used to collect segment speeds and volume directionality.
- 7) Corridor Screening Example
 - Scott briefly discussed the Minnehaha Avenue segment map example which was attached to the agenda and was part of Alliants proposal.
 - The TAC understood the level of detail that would be included in the 23 segment maps.
- 8) Next Steps
 - Scott explained that the next several weeks will be spent doing data collection to support the screening analysis.

9) Next Meeting

- The next TAC Meeting will be December 18, 2019.
- The TAC requested meeting appointments for TAC meetings 2 and 3.

10) Follow up items/action items:

Task	Responsibility	Resolution
Send TAC 2 and 3 Meeting appointments	Scott	Complete
Conversion before/after data for Maryland Avenue,	Joe/Brad	
Larpenteur Avenue, and Dale Street		
Provide TAC access to screening matrix	Scott	Complete
Provide MT contact for boarding/alighting data	Joe	



MEETING SIGN-IN SHEET

- **DATE/TIME:** October 16, 2019 / 1:30pm 3:30pm
- LOCATION: Ramsey County Public Works

PROJECT: Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study

PURPOSE: Project Kick-Off

Present	Name	Agency	Phone	Email
\checkmark	Joseph Lux	Ramsey County		Joseph.Lux@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
1	Brad Estochen	Ramsey County	266 7120	Bradley.Estochen@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
V	Mike Klobucar	St. Paul	451764 4254	mike.klobucar@ci.stpaul.mn.us
		New Brighton		
~	Steve Love	Maplewood	651-249 2404	steve.love@maplewoodmn.gov
	Jesse Freihammer	Roseville		Jesse.Freihammer@cityofroseville.com
L	Marc Culver	Roseville	65-292- 7041	Marc.Culver@cityofroseville.com
~	Mike Anderson	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9345	manderson@alliant-inc.com
\checkmark	Scott Poska	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9369	sposka@alliant-inc.com
\checkmark	Hannah Johnson	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9329	hjohnson@alliant-inc.com




MEETING MINUTES

DATE/TIME:	December 18, 2019 / 1:30 PM		
LOCATION:	Ramsey County Public Works 1425 Paul Kirkwold Drive Arden Hills, MN 55112		
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study		
PURPOSE:	Technical Advisory Committee Meeting (TAC 2)		
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska, Alliant Project Manager sposka@alliant-inc.com / 612-767-9369		

The following is a summary of the meeting based on the Agenda, which is attached to this record:

1) Introductions

The meeting was attended by the following:

- Joe Lux, Ramsey County
- Craig Schlichting, City of New Brighton
- Scott Poska, Alliant Engineering
- Mike Anderson, Alliant Engineering

- Hannah Johnson, Alliant Engineering
- Marc Culver, City of Roseville
- Steve Love, City of Maplewood
- Mike Klobocar, City of St. Paul
- Claire Connelly, City of Roseville
- 2) Segment Feasibility Screening Draft Results
 - Scott provided an overview of the draft screening results and explained the 4 page color coded segment matrix.
 - Several members of the TAC expressed some concern about the "infeasible" screen result and suggested a change to something along the lines of "above capacity". It was also noted that the starting point capacity thresholds (17,000 AADT and 750vph) were indicators of additional analysis needed. The higher the numbers, the greater amount of detailed analysis would be needed. It was noted that the City of St. Paul

may be more tolerant of capacity delays than other segments in the study. For example, the Maryland project that was implemented had a pre/post conversion AADT of 22,000.

- Mike Klobocar requested more analysis to demonstrate the relative benefits of potential conversions. Alliant will revise screening results by December 27 and distribute to TAC.
- 3) Select Further Study Segments (5 Ramsey Co and 3 St. Paul)
 - Scott discussed the initial segments he thought would make good candidates for further study. Discussion and debate ensued on selection of segments. Detailed analysis was preliminarily selected for segments 2, 6, 7, 12, 16, 20 for Ramsey County and 21-23 for St. Paul. The County would like to discuss internally after review of revised screening results.
 - For segments not selected for further study, Alliant will note key considerations and criteria to consider for future implementation on the segment maps.
- 4) Detailed Analysis
 - Joe outlined the County's lane width standards. There are few 10' lanes in the County. They typically have 13' center left turn lanes and got away with 12' center lane on the Maryland project. They would like the study to consider 11' and wider only travel lanes for the study.
 - Detailed analysis will begin after the segments have been agreed upon by the TAC.
- 5) Next Steps
 - Revise screening results with benefit scores and distribute to TAC by December 27. County to review and respond on selected segments for detailed analysis.
 - Prepare Technical Memorandum 2 to document the screening process and results.
 - Begin detailed analysis.
- 6) Next Meeting
 - The next TAC Meeting will be February 12, 2020. This meeting will be a progress update on the Detailed Analysis task with a preview of results for 3-4 segments.

7) Follow up items/action items:

Task	Responsibility	Resolution
Send TAC 3 meeting appointment to Craig S.	Scott	Complete
Revise screening results and provide benefit score	Alliant	
Review and respond with selected detailed analysis	Ramsey County	
segments		



DATE/TIME: October 16, 2019 / 1:30pm – 3:30pm

LOCATION: Ramsey County Public Works

PROJECT: Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study

PURPOSE: Project Kick-Off

Present	Name	Agency	Phone	Email
1	Joseph Lux	Ramsey County	651-266- 7114	Joseph.Lux@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
,	Brad Estochen	Ramsey County	651-266- 7120	Bradley.Estochen@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
/	Mike Klobucar	St. Paul	651-266- 6208	mike.klobucar@ci.stpaul.mn.us
V	Eraig Schrichting	New Brighton	651-638 2056	craig. schlichting. @ new bright
/	Steve Love	Maplewood	651-249- 2404	steve.love@maplewoodmn.gov
	Jesse Freihammer	Roseville		Jesse.Freihammer@cityofroseville.com
\checkmark	Marc Culver	Roseville	651-792- 7041	Marc.Culver@cityofroseville.com
~	Mike Anderson	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9345	manderson@alliant-inc.com
~	Scott Poska	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9369	<u>sposka@alliant-inc.com</u>
V	Hannah Johnson	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9329	hjohnson@alliant-inc.com
1	claire connelly	poseville		dairc.connellyOcity of poscuille.com

www.alliant-inc.com



DATE/TIME:	December 18, 2019 / 1:30pm – 3:00pm	
LOCATION:	Ramsey County Public Works, 1425 Paul Kirkwold Drive Arden Hills, MN 55112	
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study	
PURPOSE:	Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) Meeting	
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska; <u>sposka@alliant-inc.com</u> (612-767-9369)	

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Segment Feasibility Screening Draft Results
 - Maps
 - Matrix
- 3. Select Further Study Segments (5 Ramsey Co and 3 St. Paul)
- 4. Detailed Analysis
- 5. Next Steps
 - Final Screening Results
 - Screening Technical Memorandum
 - Detailed Analysis
- 6. Next Meeting: Prioritization of Corridors (TAC 3) February 12, 2020, 1:30-3:00pm.

Alliant Project No.: 119-0166

#2



MEETING MINUTES

DATE/TIME:	February 12, 2020 / 1:30 PM		
LOCATION:	Ramsey County Public Works 1425 Paul Kirkwold Drive Arden Hills, MN 55112		
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study		
PURPOSE:	Technical Advisory Committee Meeting (TAC 3)		
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska, Alliant Project Manager sposka@alliant-inc.com / 612-767-9369		

The following is a summary of the meeting based on the Agenda, which is attached to this record:

1) Introductions

The meeting was attended by the following:

- Joe Lux, Ramsey County
- Brad Estochen, Ramsey County
- Craig Schlichting, City of New Brighton
- Scott Poska, Alliant Engineering
- Mike Anderson, Alliant Engineering

- Hannah Johnson, Alliant Engineering
- Marc Culver, City of Roseville
- Steve Love, City of Maplewood
- Mike Klobocar, City of St. Paul
- 2) Screening Technical Memorandum
 - Scott informed the TAC that a technical memorandum documenting the screening process has been reviewed by the County and a revised draft will be sent to the TAC by the end of the day 2/13.

- 3) Detailed Analysis Results and Concept Designs
 - Scott walked through the major steps of the detailed analysis process: crash analysis, operations analysis, and parking analysis, and concept/cross section development.
 - To better understand statistically significant high crash locations, Alliant will provide critical crash rates on detailed analysis maps to supplement the crash analysis results.
 - Alliant will further research corridor ROW dimensions for cross sections in feasibility maps and make revisions as needed.
 - Mike Klobocar requested expanded parking demand analysis to include overnight hours.
 - Brad Estochen noted that average queues are an appropriate consideration for the detailed analysis but 95% ile queues would be used when designing turn lane lengths etc.
 - For the purpose of the detailed traffic operations analysis of each conversion, signal timing can be optimized and noted on the analysis map.

Segment 7 (Dale Street)

- Given the forecasted traffic operations, the group felt a conversion would be most appropriate to implement north of the Dale/Front/Como intersection.
- Several intersections have full lane shifts across intersection that isn't desirable. These locations should be examined for potential curb adjustments/revisions.
- Mike Klobucar noted that the St. Paul Bike Plan includes a planned bike facility through the Dale/Front/Como intersection.
- This segment is feasible for conversion north of Dale/Front/Como.

Segment 18D (White Bear Avenue)

- Operations analysis shows that intersections won't fail but queues will be longer than they are today.
- Although AADT is very high, conversion impact is modest.
- The group questioned the benefit of converting this short segment of White Bear Avenue with the roadway north and south being a five lane section.
- Alliant will evaluate a second concept to have 2 lanes northbound, 1 lane southbound, and a two way center left turn lane.

Segment 22 (Hamline Avenue)

- The Marshall/Hamline intersection operations are currently poor.
- Note cross-coordination with a lot of east/west streets Scott did not change signal timing for fear of messing with this
- Mike Klobucar noted that the Hamline/Marshall intersection is only coordinated with Griggs so signal timing can be adjusted as needed for the conversion. The I-94 ramp signals are coordinated. The University and mall entrance signal are coordinated.

4) Next Steps

• Alliant will collect intersection turning movement counts for Segments 16 and 23. Ramsey County will collect intersection turning movement counts for Segment 2. Segment 2 intersections include Co Rd C/Lexington, Co Rd C/Rice, and Co Rd C/I-35E NB Ramps.

- Send Doodle poll to TAC for next meeting for last week in March.
- Prepare high level cost estimates.
- Prepare Technical Memorandum 3 to document the detailed analysis.
- •
- 5) Next Meeting
 - The next TAC Meeting will be determined from the Doodle poll and will likely be the last week in March. This meeting will be another progress update on the Detailed Analysis task with analysis results for segments 2, 16, 19, 21, and 23.
- 6) Follow up items/action items:

Task	Responsibility	Resolution
Send draft Screening Tech Memo to TAC	Scott	complete
Send Doodle poll for TAC 4 meeting	Scott	complete
Send new St. Paul TMC counts to Mike Klobocar	Hannah	
Perform overnight parking analysis	Alliant	



DATE/TIME: February 12, 2020 / 1:30pm – 3:30pm

LOCATION: Ramsey County Public Works

PROJECT: Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study

PURPOSE: Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) Meeting #3

Present	Name	Agency	Phone	Email
V	Joseph Lux	Ramsey County	651-266- 7114	Joseph.Lux@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
~	Brad Estochen	Ramsey County	651-266- 7120	Bradley.Estochen@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
	Mike Klobucar	St. Paul	651-266- 6208	mike.klobucar@ci.stpaul.mn.us
V	Schlichti	New Brighton	651-638 2056	craig .schlichting@newbrightonm
\checkmark	Steve Love	Maplewood	651-249- 2404	steve.love@maplewoodmn.gov
	Jesse Freihammer	Roseville		Jesse.Freihammer@cityofroseville.com
1	Marc Culver	Roseville	651-792- 7041	Marc.Culver@cityofroseville.com
\checkmark	Mike Anderson	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9345	manderson@alliant-inc.com
V	Scott Poska	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9369	sposka@alliant-inc.com
L	Hannah Johnson	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9329	hjohnson@alliant-inc.com

www.alliant-inc.com



DATE/TIME:	February 12, 2020 / 1:30pm – 3:00pm	
LOCATION:	Ramsey County Public Works 1425 Paul Kirkwold Drive Arden Hills, MN 55112	
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study	
PURPOSE:	Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) Meeting	
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska; <u>sposka@alliant-inc.com</u> (612-767-9369)	

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Screening Technical Memorandum
- 3. Detailed Analysis Results and Concepts
 - Segment 7
 - Segment 18D
 - Segment 22

4. Next Steps

- Detailed Analysis for Segments 2, 16, 19, 21, 23
- High level cost estimates
- Prioritization of corridors
- MnDOT/Cities outreach
- Implementation ranking
- 5. Next Meeting: Detailed Analysis and Prioritization of Corridors (TAC 4) TBD, March 2020, 1:30-3:00pm.

Alliant Project No.: 119-0166

#3



MEETING MINUTES

DATE/TIME:	March 26, 2020 / 10:00 AM	
LOCATION:	Microsoft Teams	
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study	
PURPOSE:	Technical Advisory Committee Meeting (TAC 4)	
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska, Alliant Project Manager sposka@alliant-inc.com / 612-767-9369	

The following is a summary of the meeting based on the Agenda, which is attached to this record:

1) Introductions

The meeting was attended by the following:

- Joe Lux, Ramsey County
- Brad Estochen, Ramsey County
- Scott Poska, Alliant Engineering
- Mike Anderson, Alliant Engineering
- Hannah Johnson, Alliant Engineering
- Mike Klobocar, City of St. Paul

2) Detailed Results and Concept Design

Scott presented detailed analysis results and concept designs for the following 8 segments.

- Segment 7 (Dale Street). Good conversion candidate north of Como Avenue. Mike K requested more detail in the cost estimates for the signal revisions. Aging signals (25+ years for Ramsey Co signals) needing revision as part of a potential conversion should be assumed to be replaced rather than revise.
- Segment 18D (White Bear Avenue). Revised initial concept and analysis and operations are favorable for conversion.
- Segment 22 (Hamline Avenue). Conversion would have moderate to significant impacts between I-94 and Ashland Avenue.
- Segment 2 (County Road C). For Co Rd C/Victoria, there is just 1 train per day, 2-3 train cars maximum length. Joe L requested analysis with exclusive right turn lanes

at Rice Street. Joe L noted that the Co Rd C/Dale all way stop intersection has peak hour queuing concerns.

- Segment 16 (Old Highway 8). Good conversion candidate. Northbound Long Lake Rd merge onto Old Highway 8 area was discussed. Concept map will be revised to include an access modification option for this area.
- Segment 19 (White Bear Avenue). Conversion would have moderate impacts. Scott clarified that detailed operations analysis on all segments consisted of aggressive lane reductions at the majority of intersections to get an understanding of the potential operational impacts. The northbound thru/right turn lane at Beam Avenue was the subject of this discussion.
- Segment 21 (Cretin Avenue). Conversion would have major impacts between I-94 and Marshall Avenue. Mike K requested additional analysis of a traditional 3 lane cross section between I-94 and Marshall, understanding that Alliants brief look at this configuration showed massive operational delays in the traffic model. The shared thru/left turn lanes at I-94 should change to left turn only lanes. During off peak times several areas along this corridor operates acceptably as 2-lane roadway.
- Segment 23 (Minnehaha Avenue). Excellent conversion candidate. Mike K requested revision to concept map to show a 2-lane alternative and a 2-lane alternative with left-turn lanes provided at each of the 3 intersections.
- 3) Prioritization of Corridors

Scott briefly discussed the strategy for the prioritization of corridors. The 3 St. Paul segments will be prioritized separately from the rest of the study segments. The easier low impact segments will generally have a higher priority and the harder higher impact segments will generally have a lower priority.

4) Stakeholder Engagement Strategy

Scott discussed the upcoming study stakeholder engagement process. Mike K requested a St. Paul meeting to discuss St. Paul segments in more depth. This meeting will include Brad E and/or Joe L. Because a few study segments cross or terminate at a trunk highway or interstate, a meeting needs to take place with MnDOT to present the findings of the conversion study.

- 5) Next Steps
 - Detailed analysis tech memo. A draft will be completed and sent to the TAC in mid to late April.
 - Stakeholder engagement. This task will take place in April based on item 4 above.
 - Prioritization of corridors. This task will follow the stakeholder engagement task.
- 6) Next Meeting

• The next TAC Meeting will be in early May following the conclusion of the stakeholder engagement meetings. This meeting will be to discuss the findings of the stakeholder engagement and prioritization of segments.

· -		
Task	Responsibility	Resolution
Revise Segment 2 concept map and share with TAC	Scott	
Send Alliant Ramsey County signal age info	Brad	complete
Send Alliant contact person for Little Canada	Joe	
Revise/re-run analysis for Segments 2, 21, and 23	Alliant	

7) Follow up items/action items:



DATE/TIME: March 26, 2020 / 10:00am – 11:30am

LOCATION: Microsoft Teams

PROJECT: Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study

PURPOSE: Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) Meeting #4

Present	Name	Agency	Phone	Email
yes	Joseph Lux	Ramsey County	651-266- 7114	Joseph.Lux@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
yes	Brad Estochen	Ramsey County	651-266- 7120	Bradley.Estochen@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
yes	Mike Klobucar	St. Paul	651-266- 6208	mike.klobucar@ci.stpaul.mn.us
no	Craig Schlichting	New Brighton	651-638- 2056	Craig.schlichting@newbrightonmn.gov
no	Steve Love	Maplewood	651-249- 2404	steve.love@maplewoodmn.gov
no	Jesse Freihammer	Roseville		Jesse.Freihammer@cityofroseville.com
no	Marc Culver	Roseville	651-792- 7041	Marc.Culver@cityofroseville.com
yes	Mike Anderson	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9345	manderson@alliant-inc.com
yes	Scott Poska	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9369	sposka@alliant-inc.com
yes	Hannah Johnson	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9329	hjohnson@alliant-inc.com



DATE/TIME:	March 26, 2020 / 1:30pm – 3:00pm		
LOCATION:	Join Microsoft Teams Meeting +1 612-263-6793 United States, Minneapolis (Toll) Conference ID: 470 773 205#		
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study		
PURPOSE:	Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) Meeting #4		
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska; <u>sposka@alliant-inc.com</u> (612-767-9369)		

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Detailed Analysis Results, Concepts, and Cost Estimates
 - Revisions to segments 7, 18D, 22
 - Segments 2, 16, 19, 21, 23
- 3. Stakeholder engagement strategy
 - Meeting with MnDOT
 - Meeting with St. Paul
 - Meeting with Little Canada
 - •
- 4. Prioritization of corridors
- 5. Next Steps
 - Detailed analysis tech memo
 - Stakeholder engagement
 - Prioritization of corridors
- 6. Next Meeting: Prioritization of Corridors (TAC 5) TBD early May 2020, 1:30-3:00pm.

Alliant Project No.: 119-0166

Appendix P: Stakeholder Outreach Meeting Minutes





³ **MEETING MINUTES**

DATE/TIME:	April 13, 2020 / 1:00 PM
LOCATION:	Microsoft Teams
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study
PURPOSE:	St. Paul Stakeholder Outreach
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska, Alliant Project Manager sposka@alliant-inc.com / 612-767-9369

The following is a summary of the meeting based on the Agenda, which is attached to this record:

1) Introductions

The meeting was attended by the following:

- Joe Lux, Ramsey County
- Brad Estochen, Ramsey County
- Scott Poska, Alliant Engineering
- Ben Hawkins, City of St. Paul
- HunWen Westman, City of St. Paul
- Randy Newton, City of St. Paul
- Mike Klobocar, City of St. Paul
- Reuben Collins, City of St. Paul

2) Project Overview

Scott and Joe provided the group an overview of the project. The project began in fall 2019 with a data collection effort and transitioned to a screening effort based on impact and benefit. 8 segments were selected for detailed analysis which included operations analysis, parking analysis, crash analysis, and preliminary concept development and cost estimates. The final step of the study will be to prioritize segments for potential implementation.

3) Detailed Results and Concept Design

Scott presented detailed analysis results and concept designs for the following 4 segments.

- Segment 7 (Dale Street between Como Ave/Front Ave and TH 36). Good conversion candidate north of Como Avenue. Front intersection operates at or above capacity today and potential lane reduction compounds the situation. Joe and Brad are working on a HSIP application for implementation of this segment. Segment 6 (Dale Street between Grand Ave and Iglehart Ave) was also discussed. Reuben pointed out that there are many offset intersections which makes it difficult to define legal crosswalks. There would be many opportunities for pedestrian bump outs if conversion were to take place. Joe noted sidewalks are in poor condition. Segment was studied as part of the I-94/Dale bridge project and analysis showed gridlock during pm peak hour. Although not part of detailed analysis for the project, this task could be added as an amendment or added to the final design task of a separate project.
- Segment 21 (Cretin Avenue between University Ave and Grand Ave). Conversion would have major impacts between I-94 and Marshall Avenue. Conversion variation (Alternative 1A) provides 2 lanes northbound, 1 lane southbound, and a continuous southbound left turn lane between I-94 and Marshall and was suggested since all access along this segment is on the east side of Cretin. Reuben commented that this segment could benefit from some enhanced pedestrian crossings to access transit stops. No pedestrian accommodations are provided on west side of Cretin. During off peak times several areas along this corridor operates acceptably as 2-lane roadway.
- Segment 22 (Hamline Avenue between University Ave and Grand Ave). This segment is diverse with residential land uses at the south end, Concordia University and I-94 in the middle, and retail/commercial uses at the north end. Conversion would have moderate to significant impacts between I-94 and Ashland Avenue/Ayd Mill Road.
- Segment 23 (Minnehaha Avenue between Payne Ave and 7th St). Excellent conversion candidate. This segment could easily be implemented as a 2 lane without impacting current on street parking. A 3 lane could be implemented but would not provide significant benefit.
- 4) Next Steps

Scott briefly discussed the strategy for the prioritization of corridors, the final step of the study. The St. Paul segments will be prioritized separately from the rest of the study segments. The easier low impact segments will generally have a higher priority and the harder higher impact segments will generally have a lower priority.

5) Follow up items/action items:

Task	Responsibility	Resolution
Send meeting participants link to materials	Scott	Complete



DATE/TIME: April 13, 2020 / 1:00pm – 2:00pm

LOCATION: Microsoft Teams

PROJECT: Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study

PURPOSE: St Paul Stakeholder Outreach

Present	Name	Agency	Phone	Email
yes	Joseph Lux	Ramsey County	651-266-7114	Joseph.Lux@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
yes	Brad Estochen	Ramsey County	651-266-7120	Bradley.Estochen@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
yes	Mike Klobucar	St. Paul	651-266-6208	mike.klobucar@ci.stpaul.mn.us
no	Mike Anderson	Alliant Engineering	612-767-9345	manderson@alliant-inc.com
yes	Scott Poska	Alliant Engineering	612-767-9369	sposka@alliant-inc.com
no	Hannah Johnson	Alliant Engineering	612-767-9329	hjohnson@alliant-inc.com
yes	Randy Newton	St. Paul		
yes	Reuben Collins	St. Paul		
Yes	HunWen Westman	St. Paul		
Yes	Ben Hawkins	St. Paul		ben.hawkins@ci.stpaul.mn.us



DATE/TIME:	April 13, 2020 / 1:00pm – 2:00pm
LOCATION:	Join Microsoft Teams Meeting +1 612-263-6793 United States, Minneapolis (Toll) Conference ID: 467 430 718#
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study
PURPOSE:	St Paul Stakeholder Outreach
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska; <u>sposka@alliant-inc.com</u> (612-767-9369)

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Project overview
- 3. Detailed Analysis Results
 - Segment 7
 - Dale Street between Como Ave/Front Ave and TH 36
 - Segment 21
 - Cretin Avenue between University Avenue and Grand Avenue
 - Segment 22
 - Hamline Avenue between University Avenue and Grand Avenue
 - Segment 23
 - Minnehaha Avenue between Payne Avenue and 7th Street
- 4. Next Steps
 - Prioritization of corridors

Alliant Project No.: 119-0166



MEETING MINUTES

DATE/TIME:	April 27, 2020 / 2:00 PM
LOCATION:	Microsoft Teams
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study
PURPOSE:	MnDOT Stakeholder Outreach
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska, Alliant Project Manager <u>sposka@alliant-inc.com</u> / 612-767-9369

The following is a summary of the meeting based on the Agenda, which is attached to this record:

1) Introductions

The meeting was attended by the following:

- Joe Lux, Ramsey County
- Brad Estochen, Ramsey County
- Scott Poska, Alliant Engineering
- Mike Klobucar, City of St. Paul
- Anthony Wotzka, MnDOT
- Nick Olson, MnDOT
- Ashley Roup, MnDOT
- Fay Simer, MnDOT

2) Project Overview

Scott and Joe provided the group an overview of the project. The project began in fall 2019 with a data collection effort and transitioned to a screening effort based on impact and benefit. 8 segments were selected for detailed analysis which included operations analysis, parking analysis, crash analysis, and preliminary concept development and cost estimates. The final step of the study will be to prioritize segments for potential implementation and document in a final report.

3) Detailed Analysis Results

Scott presented detailed analysis results and concept designs for the following segments.

• Segment 2 (Co Rd C between Lexington Avenue and I-35E. Good conversion candidate west of I-35E. Lane reduction through I-35E interchange would have traffic capacity impacts and was previously discussed with MnDOT.

- Segment 7 (Dale Street between Como Ave/Front Ave and TH 36). Good conversion candidate north of Como Avenue. Ramsey County has completed a layout for this conversion and are working on a HSIP application for implementation. Funding would be in 2023 or 2024.
- Segment 16 (Old Highway 8 between 5th Avenue NW and Co Rd D). Part of this segment is currently an I-35W MnPass construction detour. Overall the segment is a good conversion candidate. Capacity issue at 1st Street NW if temporary signal is removed and all way stop is reinstalled.
- Segment 21 (Cretin Avenue between University Avenue and Grand Avenue). Conversion would have major impacts between I-94 and Marshall Avenue. Conversion variation (Alternative 1A) provides 2 lanes northbound, 1 lane southbound, and a continuous southbound left turn lane between I-94 and Marshall and was suggested since all access along this segment is on the east side of Cretin. During off peak times several areas along this corridor operates acceptably as 2-lane roadway.
- Segment 22 (Hamline Avenue between University Avenue and Grand Avenue). This segment is diverse with residential land uses at the south end, Concordia University and I-94 in the middle, and retail/commercial uses at the north end. Conversion would have moderate to significant impacts between I-94 and Ashland Avenue/Ayd Mill Road.
- 4) Next Steps

The study is nearing completion. Next step will be to prioritize segments for implementation. A report will be completed to document findings and conclusions.

5) Follow up items/action items:

Task	Responsibility	Resolution



DATE/TIME: April 27, 2020 / 2:00pm – 3:00pm

LOCATION: Microsoft Teams

PROJECT: Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study

PURPOSE: Preliminary Findings with MnDOT

Present	Name	Agency	Phone	Email
x	Joseph Lux	Ramsey County	651-266- 7114	Joseph.Lux@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
x	Brad Estochen	Ramsey County	651-266- 7120	Bradley.Estochen@CO.RAMSEY.MN.US
x	Mike Klobucar	St. Paul	651-266- 6208	mike.klobucar@ci.stpaul.mn.us
x	Scott Poska	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9369	sposka@alliant-inc.com
	Mike Anderson	Alliant Engineering	612-767- 9345	manderson@alliant-inc.com
	Melissa Barnes	MnDOT		Melissa.barnes@state.mn.us
x	Fay Simer	MnDOT		Fay.simer@state.mn.us
x	Nick Olson	MnDOT		Nicholas.olson@state.mn.us
x	Anthony Wotzka	MnDOT		Anthony.wotzka@state.mn.us
	Greg Kern	MnDOT		Gregory.kern@state.mn.us
x	Ashley Roup	MnDOT		Ashley.roup@state.mn.us



DATE/TIME:	April 27, 2020 / 2:00pm – 3:00pm
LOCATION:	Join Microsoft Teams Meeting +1 612-263-6793 United States, Minneapolis (Toll) Conference ID: 392 888 172#
PROJECT:	Ramsey County 4 to 3 Conversion Study
PURPOSE:	Preliminary Findings with MnDOT
AGENDA BY:	Scott Poska; <u>sposka@alliant-inc.com</u> (612-767-9369)

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Project overview
- 3. Detailed Analysis Segments
 - Segment 2
 - County Road 2 between Lexington Avenue and I-35E.
 - Terminates at I-35E
 - Segment 7
 - Dale Street between Como Ave/Front Ave and TH 36
 - terminates at TH 36
 - Segment 16
 - Old Highway 8 between 5th Avenue NW and County Road D
 - close proximity to I-35W
 - Segment 21
 - Cretin Avenue between University Avenue and Grand Avenue
 - crosses I-94
 - Segment 22
 - Hamline Avenue between University Avenue and Grand Avenue
 - crosses I-94
- 4. Next Steps
 - Prioritization of corridors

Alliant Project No.: 119-0166