Ramsey County Workforce Solutions MFIP Employment Services Performance Outcomes for 2014



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What we will cover

- Goals and philosophy for MFIP-ES
- Overview of current and new performance measures on new Report Card
- Added racial disparities measures and countywide indicators

Goals of MFIP

- To encourage and enable all families to find employment;
- To help families increase their income and move out of poverty;
- To prevent long-term use of welfare as a primary source of family income.



Workforce Solutions Philosophy

- Employment is the primary means to exit MFIP or DWP successfully or to become more self-sufficient, including FSS and those extended.
- All MFIP and DWP participants benefit from some employment.
- Sustained employment leads to improved self sufficiency.
- Ultimate goal is to leave MFIP and DWP with income.
- The more quickly participants are engaged in activities, the more quickly they begin to move on the path to employment.

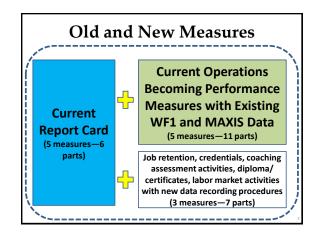
Workforce Solutions Philosophy cont'd

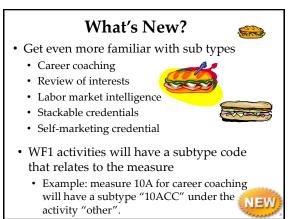
- Achieving a goal requires defining of a goal, development and implementation of a plan. The development of an Employment Plan gives direction, a road map to participant and always must be client focused and client driven.
- Career planning and coaching support participants in making job and career choices.
- Credentials and certificates are important milestones on a participant's career pathway.
- Education is a fundamental prerequisite for self sufficient income.

Blending with New Outcomes

- New Report Card keeps all the previous measures
- Most new measures cover primary counseling activities and data already in place
- A few require new procedures to account for job retention, career planning, and skill attainment
- Early 2014 is a major transition for all agencies





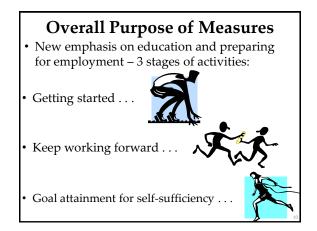




Caseload Trends—not individual audits

- As agency level measures, they represent the proportions of the caseload
- Not every participant must attain the targets
- There always are particular circumstances
- The Report Card is for the collective big picture achievement
- Targets vary from 0.5% 90.0% based mostly on past trends.





Getting Started . . .



- New participants start activities within 30 and 60 days: #7A and #7B
- Start an employment plan within 90 and 120 days after enrollment: #8A and #8B
- Cases with no income in previous quarter start earning income: #4B

Keep working forward...

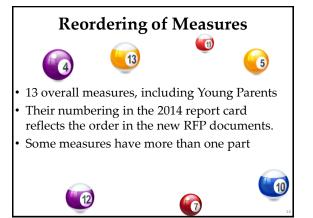
- Employed 1-19 hours, 20 or more, 87 or more: #1A-C
- Work Participation Rate and engaged in activities: #5, #8C
- Increase income and activities (FSS): #4A, #9
- Career planning, coaching, labor market intelligence: #10A-C
- Obtaining credentials, certificates, and education diplomas: #11A-B, 12, and 13

Goal attainment for selfsufficiency...



- Job retention after 3 months: #2
- Off MFIP for 3 Months with Income: #6
- Self-Support Index: #3

NEW BONUS FROM DHS

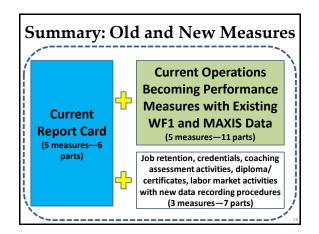


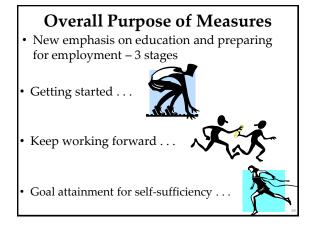
Program Outcomes	Purpose:	Outcome Targets
1: Employment	exit MFIP successfully or to become more self-sufficient, including FSS and	A: 2% employed up to 19 hours a month B. 33% employed 20+ hours a month C: 22% employed 87+ hours a month
2: Job retention at 3 months	Sustained employment leads to improved self-sufficiency	A: 90% of participants who were working and left MFIP for 3 months are still employed at any level (no data till 2014) B: 90% of participants working and still on MFIP 3 Months later are employed at any level.
3: Three year self-support index (delayed)	Long-term exits off MFIP or working full-time for sufficiency.	77% are off MFIP and DWP or working full-time 3 years since on MFIP.
4: Increase family earned income, maintain minimum full-time wages, or start earning income	Increasing income is a key step towards self-sufficiency	 A. 47% of cases increase income or maintain full-time minimum wages of \$941 per month. B. 25% of cases with no income in previous quarter earning \$10 or more per month in new quarter.
5: Work participation rate target	requirements.	50% will meet TANF work participation rate
6: Participants exiting MFIP	Ultimate goal of MFIP is leaving with income.	10% of cases are off MFIP with minimum wage.
7: New participants quickly start activities		A: 65% of new participants are in new activity within 30 days of enrollment B: 90% of new participants are in new activity within 60 days of enrollment
8: Participants with open employment plan and engaged in activities	The development of EPs give direction/road map to participants	A: 80% of all participants with EP within 90 days of enrollment. B: 85% of all participants with EP within 120 days of enrollment. C: 90% of cases with 3 or more hours of activities

Sample Intro (cont'd) 🛛 😈					
FSS cases increase participation	Although FSS participants do not count in the WPR, those individuals benefit from being actively engaged in activities.	Percentage of FSS cases increase engagement hours over previous quarter by 2 percentage points			
0: Career Planning and Coaching (no data till 0014)		A: 50% of all participants have career coaching hours recorded per quarter			
	Career planning and coaching supports participants in making job and career choices	B: 50% of all participants have assessment activity hours recorded per quarter reflecting update and review of participant progress			
		C: 50% of all participants have labor market intelligence related hours recorded per quarter			
1: Credentials and Certificates (no data till 014)	Credentials and certificates are important milestones on a	A: 0.5% of all participants acquire a minimum of I stackable credential per quarter			
	participant's career pathway leading to employment outcomes and self- sufficiency	B: 10% of participants with job search activities also have acquired at least 1 self-marketing credential (i.e. MN Ready certificate, Essential Skills certificate, etc.) per quarter			
2. Education for adults without a diploma	Education is a fundamental prerequisite for self-sufficient income.	30% of adult participants without a HS diploma or GED are engaged in at least 20 hours of education activities (GED or adult diploma completion) per month			
3. Education is pursued for young adults	Education is a fundamental prerequisite for self-sufficient	A: 80% of participants under age 20 without a HS diploma/GED are engaged in at least 20 hours of high school or GED activities per month.			
	income.	B: 30% of participants without a HS diploma/GED are engaged in at least 20 hours of high school or GED activities per month.			



• Policy and procedure documents help interpret and instruct how to manage and record the new measures.





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Racial Disparity Measures

- Four measures that are part of each agency's contract
- Reduce any gaps with whites each year compared to the previous year
- Three measures compare results between whites, African Americans and American Indians within each agency (if more than 10 participants).
- Longevity on MFIP is only measured county-wide
 and includes extension caseload
- Each agency is expected to help reduce length of time on MFIP county-wide



Racial Disparity Measures

- Blending current measures for American Indians and African Americans within each agency
- Continue with WPR
- 1-year Self-Support Index (S-SI)
 Off cash grant for 3 months now, not sanctioned or timed off, or
 - ≻ Working 130+ hours per month for 3 months now
- Add percent employed and longevity (countable months) on MFIP
- As with all other DHS and county reports, immigrants are separated within Black/African Americans from U.S. born.

Racial Disparity by Agency

- African American, American Indian and whites are measured within each agency for employment, WPR, and Self-Support Index.
- The average for the previous year is compared county-wide (pre-extension) with whites.
- If African American or American Indian results within an agency are less than county-wide outcome for whites, the agency is expected to reduce the disparity by half the following year.
- The disparities and progress will be updated each quarter for the current year.

Racial Disparity by Agency – Employment Example

- The previous year is the baseline setting the goal for the following year to reduce disparity
- In 2012, all assisted services (pre-extension) agencies combined:

Average Per Month 2012							
				Annual			
Avg			Difference	Goal to			
Working	Avg Total	Avg	with County-	Reduce			
Per	Assigned	Percent	wide White	50% of			
Month	per Month	Working	Total	Gap			
534	1,667	32.1%	4.6				
27	122	22.2%	-5.3	-2.6			
277	1,007	27.5%	0.0				
	Working Per Month 534 27	Avg Working Avg Total Per Assigned Month per Month 534 1,667 27 122	Avg Working Avg Total Avg Per Assigned Percent Month per Month Working 534 1,667 32.1% 27 122 22.2%	Avg Working Per Avg Total Assigned Difference with County- Percent Month per Month Percent wide White 534 1,667 32.1% 4.6 27 122 22.2% -5.3			

Racial Disparity Targets by Agency–Employment Example

In 2013, reduce disparity at least by half: Difference with

Target Level Avg Percent Jan-Sep White Total 2012 County-wide White Total in 27.5% of Disparity Working 201 2012 in 2013 2013 Disparity THE DIFFERENCE WITH HITES COUNIS—NOT THE ACTUAL RATE White African American 32.19 Agency 1 n/ Agency 2 REDUCE BY HA If fewer than 10 participants within an agency, results are not compared to whites.

Racial Disparity Targets by Agency: WPR and S-SI

- Repeat disparity goals for percentages in WPR and Self-Support Index.
 - Results by race within agency compared to county results for whites (pre-extension)
 - ≻If results less than whites county-wide in 2012, the target for 2013 is half the disparity of 2012
 - >If a group is higher than whites in 2012, maintain the lack of disparity in 2013
- Recalculate targets for 2014 based on 2013 disparities for employment, WPR, and S-SI

Racial Disparity Targets by Agency: WPR and S-SI

- The data and procedures for participants are exactly the same as the corresponding Report Card measure for the whole agency.
- > S-SI: Work hours, cash grant, MFIP eligibility on MAXIS > 1-year Index for racial disparities; 3-year Index for entire
- agency (#3)
- > WPR: Work hours and WF1 activities counted us usual
- No new codes or procedures



- > Pay stubs to financial worker for work hours > Cash grant and eligibility monthly review by financial worker based on income, household size, etc.
- Same WPR countable hours

Racial Disparity Measure – Longevity on MFIP

- County-wide comparison of all groups
- Based on proportions of county's total caseload who have less than 60 months and 60+ months by race/ethnicity
- Take the ratio of group's percentage of the county total with 60+ months divided by percentage with under 60.
- Compare that ratio with whites.
- Goal is to reduce the difference above whites to 0.05 or keep within 0.05 in following year.

Racial Disparity Measure—						
Longevity: Illustration with 2012						
Average Per Month, 2012	A	в	c	D	Е	F
Total Parents on Ramsey County MFIP	Avg on 60+ Months	0 to 59	60 or	Percent of	Ratio of percentages	Difference with White
Total	1,262					
African American American Indian	<u>659</u> 45			35.0%		0.484
Asian American	7	21	0.6%	4.2%	0.138	-0.873
Hmong Latino/Hispanic	128			5.8%	0.875	
Multi-racial	23		1.8%		0.774	-0.237
Other Asian Immigrant	14			13.2%		
Other Black Immigrant Somali	12			3.9% 5.5%		-0.524
White	271	1,099	21.5%	21.3%	1.010	0.000

Racial Disparity Measure— Longevity, Results 2013							
Average Per Month, January Through September 2013							
	Avg on					<=0.050 Difference	
Total Parents on	60+		Percent of	Percent of			
Ramsey County MFIP	Months	59 Months	60 or More	0 to 59	percentages	White	
Total	1,245	4,818	🔪 100.0%	100.0%	1.000	-0.122	
African American	659	1,750	53.0%	36.3%	1.458	0.337	
American Indian	43	122	3.5%	2.5%	1.380	0.258	
Asian American	8		0.7%	4.2%	0.162	-0.959	
Hmong	106	258	8.5%	5.4%	1.597	0.475	
Latino/Hispanic	66	272	5%	E.070	0.944	-0.178	
Multi-racial	25	115	2.0%	2.4%	0.855	-0.267	
Other Asian Immigrant	16	661	1.3%	13.7%	0.092	-1.030	
Other Black Immigrant	11	190	0.9%	4.0%	0.226	-0.896	
Somali	32	293	2.6%	6.1%	0.421	-0.700	
White	277	956	22.2%	19.8%	1.122	0.000	
						30	

General County-Wide Indicators

- Blending of past indicators
- Not performance measures
- Not calculated per agency
- Overall trends in caseload
 - Cases leaving MFIP for 3 months by length on MFIP
 - \succ Sanction rates by FSS and not FSS
 - ≻FSS caseload by race/ethnicity
 - \succ WF1 enrollments and exits past 18 months
 - Educational attainment by race/ethnicity



Reports – Overview/Timing

- Report Card (13 Measures)
- ➢ Finished 4 months after end of measurement period
- ▶ For example, Jul-Sep 2013 finished in Jan 2014
- > Released first month of each quarter (Jan, Apr, etc.)
- Racial Disparities (4 Measures)
- > Finished one month after Report Card (Feb, May, etc.)
- General indicators distributed along with racial disparity results
- Updated on WFS Provider Reports Page



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